5.0 V, 450 mA Low-Dropout Voltage Regulator with Reset

The NCV8575H is an integrated low dropout regulator designed for use in harsh automotive environments. It includes wide operating temperature and input voltage ranges. The output is regulated at 5.0 V and is rated to 450 mA of output current. It also provides a number of features, including overcurrent protection, overtemperature protection and a programmable microprocessor reset. The NCV8575H is available in D²PAK surface mount package. The output is stable over a wide output capacitance and ESR range. The NCV8575H is pin for pin compatible with NCV4275.

Features

- ±2% Output Voltage Accuracy
- 450 mA Output Current
- Very Low Current Consumption
- Active Reset Output
- Reset Low Down to $V_0 = 1.0 \text{ V}$
- 500 mV (max) Dropout Voltage
- Fault Protection
 - ♦ +45 V Peak Transient Voltage
 - → -42 V Reverse Voltage
 - Short Circuit Protection
 - Thermal Overload Protection
- AEC-Q100 Grade 1 Extended Qualification
- Pin Compatible with NCV4275
- These are Pb-Free Devices

Applications

• Auto Body Electronics

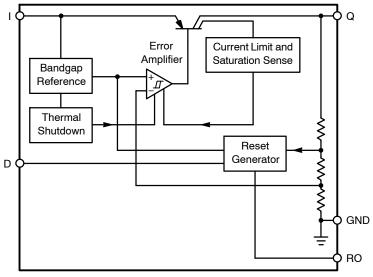


Figure 1. Block Diagram



ON Semiconductor®

http://onsemi.com

MARKING DIAGRAMS



D²PAK, 5-PIN DS SUFFIX CASE 936A



A = Assembly Location

WL, L = Wafer Lot
 Y = Year
 WW = Work Week
 G = Pb-Free Package

Pin 1. I

2. RO

Tab, 3. GND*

4. D

5. Q

* Tab is connected to Pin 3 on all packages

ORDERING INFORMATION

See detailed ordering and shipping information in the dimensions section on page 13 of this data sheet.

PIN FUNCTION DESCRIPTION

| Pin# | Symbol | Description | | | |
|--------|--------|--|--|--|--|
| 1 | 1 | Input; Battery Supply Input Voltage. Bypass to ground with a ceramic capacitor. | | | |
| 2 | RO | Reset Output; Open Collector Active Reset (accurate when I > 1.0 V). | | | |
| 3, Tab | GND | Ground; Pin 3 internally connected to tab. | | | |
| 4 | D | Reset Delay; timing capacitor to GND for Reset Delay function. | | | |
| 5 | Q | Output; $\pm 2.0\%$, 450 mA output. Bypass with 22 μ F capacitor, ESR < 4.5 Ω , to ground. | | | |

MAXIMUM RATINGS

| Rating | Symbol | Min | Max | Unit |
|--|---|--------------------|-------------|--------------|
| Input Voltage | VI | -42 | 45 | V |
| Input Peak Transient Voltage | VI | - | 45 | V |
| Output Voltage | VQ | -1.0 | 16 | V |
| Reset Output Voltage | V _{RO} | -0.3 | 25 | V |
| Reset Output Current | I _{RO} | -5.0 | 5.0 | mA |
| Reset Delay Voltage | V_D | -0.3 | 7.0 | V |
| Reset Delay Current | I _D | -2.0 | 2.0 | mA |
| ESD Susceptibility (Note 1) - Human Body Model - Machine Model - Charge Device Model | ESD _{HBM} ESD _{MM} ESD _{CDM} | 4.0 200 1000 | - - - | kV V V |
| Junction Temperature | TJ | -40 | 150 | °C |
| Storage Temperature | T _{stg} | -55 | 150 | °C |

Stresses exceeding Maximum Ratings may damage the device. Maximum Ratings are stress ratings only. Functional operation above the Recommended Operating Conditions is not implied. Extended exposure to stresses above the Recommended Operating Conditions may affect device reliability.

1. This device incorporates ESD protection and is tested by the following methods: ESD Human Body Model tested per AEC-Q100-002, ESD

This device incorporates ESD protection and is tested by the following methods: ESD Human Body Model tested per AEC-Q100-002, ESD
Machine Model tested per AEC-Q100-003, ESD Charged Device Model tested per AEC-Q100-011, Latch-up tested per AEC-Q100-004.

OPERATING RANGE

| Input Voltage Operating Range | VI | 5.5 | 26.5 | V |
|-------------------------------|----|-----|------|----|
| Junction Temperature | TJ | -40 | 150 | °C |

LEAD TEMPERATURE SOLDERING REFLOW AND MSL (Note 2)

| Lead Free, 60 sec-150 sec above 217°C | T _{SLD} | - | 265 Peak | °C |
|---------------------------------------|------------------|---|----------|----|
| Moisture Sensitivity Level | MSL | - | 1 | |

^{2.} PR_R IPC / JEDEC J-STD-020C

THERMAL CHARACTERISTICS

| Characteristic | Test Conditions (Typical Value) | | |
|---|-------------------------------------|-------------------------------------|------|
| | 0.4 sq. in. Spreader Board (Note 3) | 1.2 sq. in. Spreader Board (Note 4) | |
| Junction-to-Tab (R _{θJT}) | 3.8 | 4.0 | °C/W |
| Junction-to-Ambient (R _{θJA}) | 74.8 | 41.6 | °C/W |

 ¹ oz. copper, 0.373 inch² (241 mm²) copper area, 0.062" thick FR4.
 1 oz. copper, 1.222 inch² (788 mm²) copper area, 0.062" thick FR4.

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (V_I = 13.5 V; -40° C < T_J < 150° C; unless otherwise noted.)

| Characteristic | Symbol | Test Conditions | Min | Тур | Max | Unit |
|-------------------------------------|-------------------------|--|----------|------|-----|------|
| Output | • | | <u> </u> | | | |
| Output Voltage | VQ | $\begin{array}{l} 100 \ \mu A \leq \ I_Q \leq 400 \ mA \\ 6.0V \leq V_I \leq 26.5 \ V \end{array}$ | 4.9 | 5.0 | 5.1 | V |
| Output Current Limitation | IQ | $V_Q = 0.9 \times V_{Q,typ}$ | 450 | 700 | - | mA |
| Quiescent Current | Iq | I _Q = 1.0 mA | - | 140 | 200 | μΑ |
| $I_q = I_I - I_Q$ | | I _Q = 1.0 mA, T _J = 25°C | - | 140 | 150 | μА |
| | | I _Q = 250 mA | - | 10 | 15 | mA |
| | | I _Q = 400 mA | - | 23 | 35 | mA |
| Dropout Voltage | V _{dr} | I_Q = 300 mA V_{dr} = V_I – V_Q (Note 5) | - | 250 | 500 | mV |
| Load Regulation | $\Delta V_{\mathbf{Q}}$ | I _Q = 5.0 mA to 400 mA | -30 | 15 | 30 | mV |
| Line Regulation | ΔV_{Q} | $\Delta V_{I} = 8.0 \text{ V to } 26.5 \text{ V},$ $I_{Q} = 5.0 \text{ mA}$ | -15 | 5.0 | 15 | mV |
| Power Supply Ripple Rejection | PSRR | $f_r = 100 \text{ Hz}, V_r = 0.5 V_{pp}$ | - | 60 | - | dB |
| Temperature Output Voltage Drift | dV _Q /dT | | - | 0.5 | _ | mV/K |
| Reset Timing D and Output RC |) | | 1 | · | • | |
| Reset Switching Threshold | $V_{Q,rt}$ | | 4.53 | 4.65 | 4.8 | V |
| Reset Output Low Voltage | V _{ROL} | $R_{ext} \ge 5.0 \text{ k}\Omega, V_Q \ge 1.0V$ | - | 0.2 | 0.4 | V |
| Reset Output Leakage Current | I _{ROH} | V _{ROH} = 5.0V | - | 0 | 10 | μΑ |
| Reset Charging Current | I _{D,C} | V _D = 1.0V | 3.0 | 5.5 | 9.0 | μΑ |
| Upper Timing Threshold | V _{DU} | | 1.5 | 1.8 | 2.2 | V |
| Lower Timing Threshold | V_{DL} | | 0.2 | 0.4 | 0.7 | V |
| Reset Delay Time | t _{rd} | C _D = 47nF | 10 | 16 | 22 | ms |
| Reset Reaction Time | t _{rr} | C _D = 47nF | - | 1.5 | 4.0 | μs |
| Thermal Shutdown | • | | • | | • | • |
| Shutdown Temperature (Note 6) | T _{SD} | | 165 | - | 210 | °C |

Measured when output voltage V_Q falls 100 mV below the regulated voltage at V_I = 13.5 V. V_{dr} = V_I - V_Q.
 Guaranteed by design, not tested in production.

TYPICAL PERFORMANCE CHARACTERISTICS

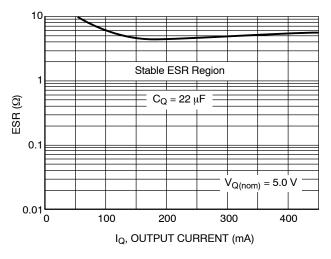
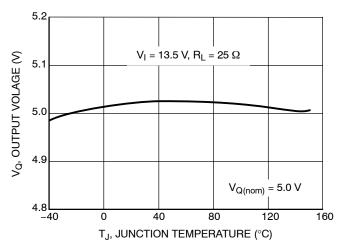


Figure 2. Output Stability with Output Capacitor ESR

Figure 3. Output Stability with Output Capacitor ESR



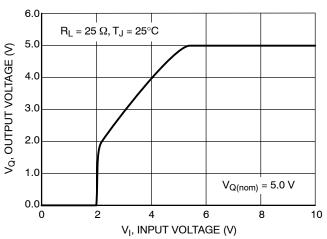
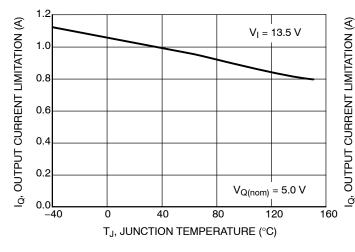


Figure 4. Output Voltage V_Q vs. Temperature T_J

Figure 5. Output Voltage V_Q vs. Input Voltage V_I



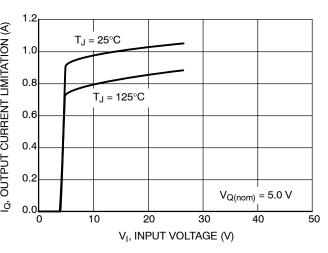
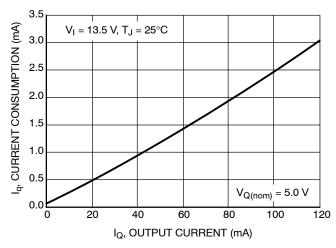


Figure 6. Output Current I_Q vs. Temperature T_J

Figure 7. Output Current I_Q vs. Input Voltage V_I

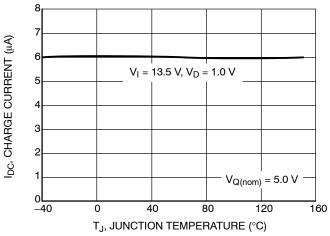
TYPICAL PERFORMANCE CHARACTERISTICS



CURRENT CONSUMPTION (mA) $V_I = 13.5 \text{ V}, T_J = 25^{\circ}\text{C}$ 70 60 50 40 30 20 10 ô $V_{Q(nom)} = 5.0 V$ 0**L** 100 200 300 400 500 600 IQ, OUTPUT CURRENT (mA)

Figure 8. Current Consumption I_q vs. Output Current I_Q

Figure 9. Current Consumption I_q vs. Output Current I_Q



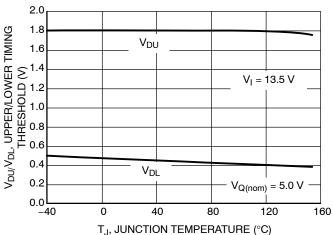


Figure 10. Charge Current I_{D.C} vs. Temperature T_J

Figure 11. Delay Switching Threshold $V_{DU},\,V_{DL}$ vs. Temperature T_J

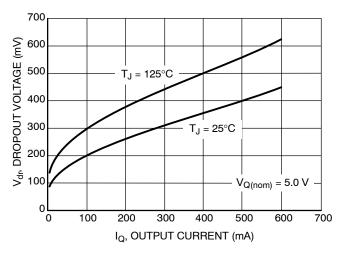


Figure 12. Drop Voltage V_{dr} vs. Output Current I_Q

APPLICATION INFORMATION

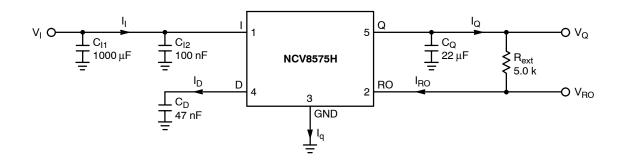


Figure 13. Test Circuit

Circuit Description

The NCV8575H is an integrated low dropout regulator that provides 5.0 V, 450 mA protected output and a signal for power on reset. The regulation is provided by a PNP pass transistor controlled by an error amplifier with a bandgap reference, which gives it the lowest possible drop out voltage and best possible temperature stability. The output current capability is 450 mA, and the base drive quiescent current is controlled to prevent over saturation when the input voltage is low or when the output is overloaded. The regulator is protected by both current limit and thermal shutdown. Thermal shutdown occurs above 165°C to protect the IC during overloads and extreme ambient temperatures. The delay time for the reset output is adjustable by selection of the timing capacitor. See Figure 13, Test Circuit, for circuit element nomenclature illustration.

Regulator

The error amplifier compares the reference voltage to a sample of the output voltage (V_Q) and drives the base of a PNP series pass transistor by a buffer. The reference is a bandgap design to give it a temperature–stable output. Saturation control of the PNP is a function of the load current and input voltage. Over saturation of the output power device is prevented, and quiescent current in the ground pin is minimized.

Regulator Stability Considerations

The input capacitors (C_{I1} and C_{I2}) are necessary to stabilize the input impedance to avoid voltage line influences. Using a resistor of approximately 1.0 Ω in series with C_{I2} can stop potential oscillations caused by stray inductance and capacitance.

The output capacitor helps determine three main characteristics of a linear regulator: startup delay, load transient response and loop stability. The capacitor value and type should be based on cost, availability, size and temperature constraints. A tantalum, aluminum or ceramic capacitors can be used. The range of stability versus

capacitance, load current and capacitive ESR is illustrated in Figures 2, 3. Minimum ESR for $C_Q = 22~\mu F$ is native ESR of ceramic capacitors. The aluminum electrolytic capacitor is the least expensive solution, but, if the circuit operates at low temperatures (-25°C to -40°C), both the capacitance and ESR of the capacitor will vary considerably. The capacitor manufacturer's data sheet usually provides this information.

The value for the output capacitor C_Q shown in Figure 13, Test Circuit, should work for most applications; however, it is not necessarily the optimized solution. Stability is guaranteed for $C_Q \ge 22 \ \mu F$ and an ESR $\le 4.5 \ \Omega$.

ESR characteristics were measured with ceramic capacitors and additional resistors to emulate ESR. Murata ceramic capacitors were used, GRM32ER71A226ME20 (22 μ F, 10 V, X7R, 1210), GRM31MR71E105KA01 (1 μ F, 25 V, X7R, 1206).

Reset Output

The reset output is used as the power on indicator to the microcontroller. This signal indicates when the output voltage is suitable for reliable operation of the controller. It pulls low when the output is not considered to be ready. RO is pulled up to V_Q by an external resistor, typically 5.0 k Ω in value. The input and output conditions that control the Reset Output and the relative timing are illustrated in Figure 14, Reset Timing.

Output voltage regulation must be maintained for the delay time before the reset output signals a valid condition. The delay for the reset output is defined as the amount of time it takes the timing capacitor on the delay pin to charge from a residual voltage of 0.0 V to the upper timing threshold voltage $V_{DU}.$ The charging current for this is $I_{D,C}.$ By using typical IC parameters with a 47 nF capacitor on the D pin, the following time delay is derived:

$$t_{RD} = C_D V_{DU} / I_{D,C}$$

$$t_{RD} = 47 \text{ nF} (1.8 \text{ V}) / 5.5 \mu A = 15.4 \text{ ms}$$

Other time delays can be obtained by changing the capacitor value.

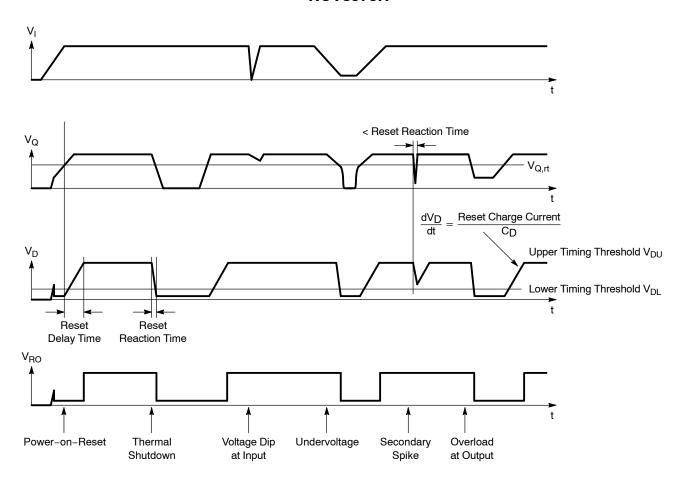


Figure 14. Reset Timing

Calculating Power Dissipation in a Single Output Linear Regulator

The maximum power dissipation for a single output regulator (Figure 15) is:

$$PD(max) = [VI(max) - VQ(min)] IQ(max) + VI(max)Iq$$
(1)

where

 $V_{I(max)}$ is the maximum input voltage, $V_{Q(min)}$ is the minimum output voltage,

 $I_{Q(max)}$ is the maximum output current for the

application,

 I_q is the quiescent current the regulator consumes at $I_{Q(max)}$.

Once the value of $P_{D(max)}$ is known, the ma

Once the value of $P_{D(max)}$ is known, the maximum permissible value of $R_{\theta JA}$ can be calculated:

$$R_{\theta JA} = \frac{150^{\circ}C - T_{A}}{P_{D}}$$
 (2)

The value of $R_{\theta JA}$ can then be compared with those in the package section of the data sheet. Those packages with $R_{\theta JA}$'s less than the calculated value in Equation 2 will keep the die temperature below 150°C.

In some cases, none of the packages will be sufficient to dissipate the heat generated by the IC, and an external heatsink will be required.

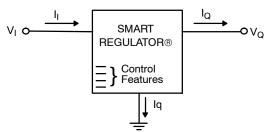


Figure 15. Single Output Regulator with Key Performance Parameters Labeled

Heatsinks

A heatsink effectively increases the surface area of the package to improve the flow of heat away from the IC and into the surrounding air.

Each material in the heat flow path between the IC and the outside environment will have a thermal resistance. Like series electrical resistances, these resistances are summed to determine the value of $R_{\theta JA}$:

$$R_{\theta}JA = R_{\theta}JC + R_{\theta}CS + R_{\theta}SA \tag{3}$$

where

 $\begin{array}{ll} R_{\theta JC} & \text{is the junction-to-case thermal resistance,} \\ R_{\theta CS} & \text{is the case-to-heatsink thermal resistance,} \\ R_{\theta SA} & \text{is the heatsink-to-ambient thermal} \end{array}$

resistance.

 $R_{\theta JC}$ appears in the package section of the data sheet. Like $R_{\theta JA}$, it too is a function of package type. $R_{\theta CS}$ and $R_{\theta SA}$ are functions of the package type, heatsink and the interface between them. These values appear in heatsink data sheets of heatsink manufacturers.

Thermal, mounting, and heatsinking considerations are discussed in the ON Semiconductor application note AN1040/D.

Thermal Model

A discussion of thermal modeling is in the ON Semiconductor web site: http://www.onsemi.com/pub/collateral/BR1487-D.PDF.

Table 1. D²PAK 5-Lead Thermal RC Network Models

| Drain Co | pper Area (1 | oz thick) | 241 mm ² | 788 mm ² | | 241 mm ² | 788 mm ² | |
|---------------------|--------------|-----------|---------------------|---------------------|-------|---------------------|---------------------|-------|
| (SPICE Deck Format) | | | Cauer I | Network | | Foster I | Network | |
| | | | 241 mm ² | 653 mm ² | Units | Tau | Tau | Units |
| C_C1 | Junction | Gnd | 1.00E-06 | 1.00E-06 | W-s/C | 1.361E-08 | 1.361E-08 | sec |
| C_C2 | node1 | Gnd | 1.00E-05 | 1.00E-05 | W-s/C | 7.411E-07 | 7.411E-07 | sec |
| C_C3 | node2 | Gnd | 6.00E-05 | 6.00E-05 | W-s/C | 1.005E-05 | 1.007E-05 | sec |
| C_C4 | node3 | Gnd | 1.00E-04 | 1.00E-04 | W-s/C | 3.460E-05 | 3.480E-05 | sec |
| C_C5 | node4 | Gnd | 2.82E-04 | 2.87E-04 | W-s/C | 7.868E-04 | 8.107E-04 | sec |
| C_C6 | node5 | Gnd | 5.58E-03 | 5.95E-03 | W-s/C | 7.431E-03 | 7.830E-03 | sec |
| C_C7 | node6 | Gnd | 4.25E-01 | 4.61E-01 | W-s/C | 2.786E+00 | 2.012E+00 | sec |
| C_C8 | node7 | Gnd | 9.22E-01 | 2.05 | W-s/C | 2.014E+01 | 2.601E+01 | sec |
| C_C9 | node8 | Gnd | 1.73 | 4.88 | W-s/C | 1.134E+02 | 1.218E+02 | sec |
| C_C10 | node9 | Gnd | 7.12 | 1.31 | W-s/C | | | sec |
| | | | 241 mm ² | 653 mm ² | | R's | R's | |
| R_R1 | Junction | node1 | 0.015 | 0.0150 | C/W | 0.0123 | 0.0123 | C/W |
| R_R2 | node1 | node2 | 0.08 | 0.0800 | C/W | 0.0585 | 0.0585 | C/W |
| R_R3 | node2 | node3 | 0.4 | 0.4000 | C/W | 0.0257 | 0.0260 | C/W |
| R_R4 | node3 | node4 | 0.2 | 0.2000 | C/W | 0.3413 | 0.3438 | C/W |
| R_R5 | node4 | node5 | 1.85638 | 1.8839 | C/W | 1.77 | 1.81 | C/W |
| R_R6 | node5 | node6 | 1.23672 | 1.2272 | C/W | 1.54 | 1.52 | C/W |
| R_R7 | node6 | node7 | 9.81541 | 5.3383 | C/W | 4.13 | 3.46 | C/W |
| R_R8 | node7 | node8 | 33.1868 | 18.9591 | C/W | 6.27 | 5.03 | C/W |
| R_R9 | node8 | node9 | 27.0263 | 13.3369 | C/W | 60.80 | 29.30 | C/W |
| R_R10 | node9 | gnd | 1.13944 | 0.1191 | C/W | | | C/W |

NOTE: Bold face items represent the package without the external thermal system.

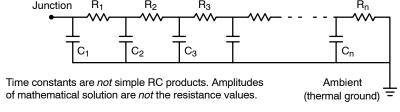


Figure 16. Grounded Capacitor Thermal Network ("Cauer" Ladder)

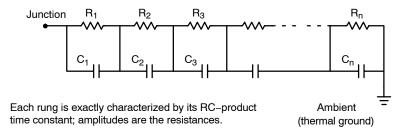


Figure 17. Non-Grounded Capacitor Thermal Ladder ("Foster" Ladder)

The Cauer networks generally have physical significance and may be divided between nodes to separate thermal behavior due to one portion of the network from another. The Foster networks, though when sorted by time constant (as above) bear a rough correlation with the Cauer networks, are really only convenient mathematical models. Cauer networks can be easily implemented using circuit simulating tools, whereas Foster networks may be more easily implemented using mathematical tools (for instance, in a spreadsheet program), according to the following formula:

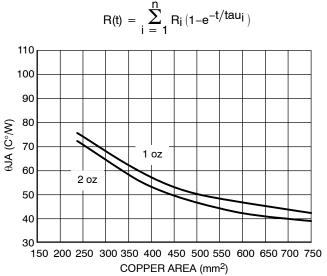


Figure 18. θJA vs. Copper Spreader Area, D²PAK 5-Lead

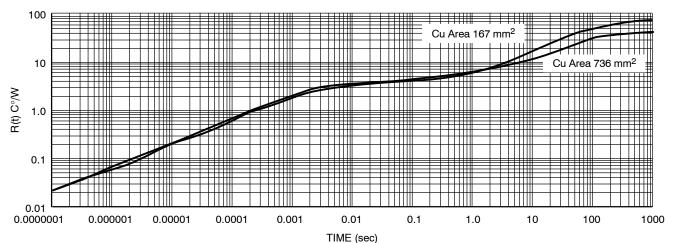


Figure 19. Single-Pulse Heating Curves, D2PAK 5-Lead

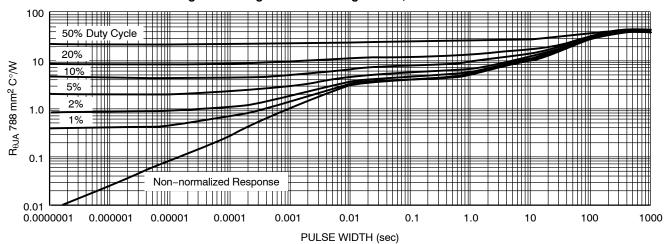


Figure 20. Duty Cycle for 1" Spreader Boards, D2PAK 5-Lead

EMC-Characteristics: Conducted Susceptibility

All EMC-Characteristics are based on limited samples and no part of production test according to 47A/658/CD IEC62132-4 (direct Power Injection).

Test Conditions

Supply Voltage $V_{in} = 12 \text{ V}$

Temperature $T_A = 23^{\circ}C \pm 5^{\circ}C$

Load $R_L = 100 \Omega$

Direct Power Injection

33 dBm (Note 1) forward power CW for global pin (Note 2) 17 dBm (Note 1) forward power CW for local pin (Note 3)

Acceptance Criteria

Amplitude Dev. max 4% of Output Voltage

- Reset outputs remain in correct state ±1 V

 1. dBm means dB mili-Watts, P(dBm) = 10 log
 (P(mW)).
 - 2. A global pin carries a signal or power which enters or leaves the application board.
 - A local pin carries a signal or power which does not leave the application board. It remains on the application board as a signal between two components.

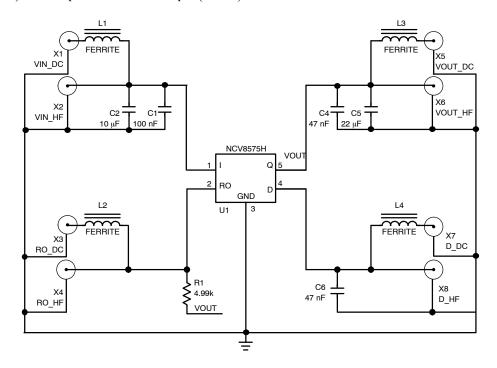


Figure 21. Test Circuit

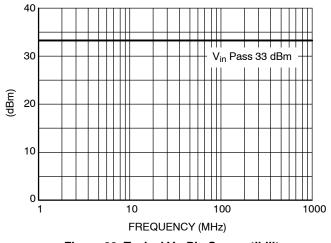


Figure 22. Typical V_{in} Pin Susceptibility

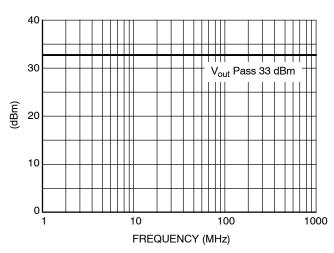


Figure 23. Typical Vout Pin Susceptibility

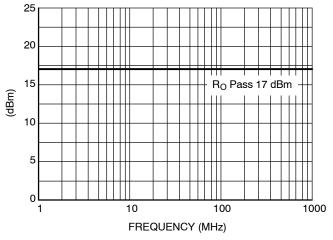


Figure 24. Typical $R_{\rm O}$ Pin Susceptibility

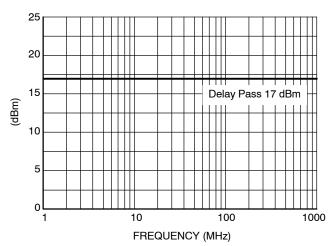


Figure 25. Typical Delay Pin Susceptibility

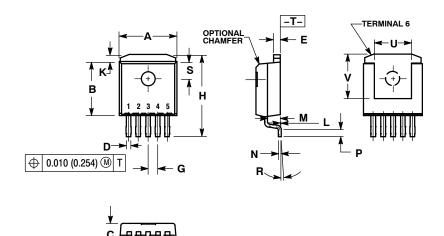
ORDERING INFORMATION

| Device | Output Voltage | Package | Shipping [†] |
|-----------------|----------------|--------------------|-----------------------|
| NCV8575HDS50G | 5.0 V | D ² PAK | 50 Units/Rail |
| NCV8575HDS50R4G | | (Pb-Free) | 800 Tape & Reel |

[†]For information on tape and reel specifications,including part orientation and tape sizes, please refer to our Tape and Reel Packaging Specifications Brochure, BRD8011/D.

PACKAGE DIMENSIONS

D²PAK, 5 LEAD **DS SUFFIX** CASE 936A-02 **ISSUE C**

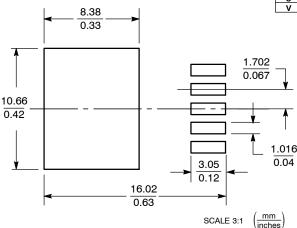


NOTES

- DIMENSIONING AND TOLERANCING PER ANSI Y14.5M, 1982. CONTROLLING DIMENSION: INCH.
- TAB CONTOUR OPTIONAL WITHIN DIMENSIONS A 3. AND K.
- DIMENSIONS U AND V ESTABLISH A MINIMUM MOUNTING SURFACE FOR TERMINAL 6.
- DIMENSIONS A AND B DO NOT INCLUDE MOLD FLASH OR GATE PROTRUSIONS. MOLD FLASH AND GATE PROTRUSIONS NOT TO EXCEED 0.025 (0.635) MAXIMUM.

| | INC | HES | MILLIN | IETERS |
|-----|-------|-----------|-----------|--------|
| DIM | MIN | MAX | MIN | MAX |
| Α | 0.386 | 0.403 | 9.804 | 10.236 |
| В | 0.356 | 0.368 | 9.042 | 9.347 |
| С | 0.170 | 0.180 | 4.318 | 4.572 |
| D | 0.026 | 0.036 | 0.660 | 0.914 |
| Е | 0.045 | 0.055 | 1.143 | 1.397 |
| G | 0.067 | BSC | 1.702 | BSC |
| Н | 0.539 | 0.579 | 13.691 | 14.707 |
| K | 0.050 | REF | 1.270 | REF |
| L | 0.000 | 0.010 | 0.000 | 0.254 |
| М | 0.088 | 0.102 | 2.235 | 2.591 |
| N | 0.018 | 0.026 | 0.457 | 0.660 |
| Р | 0.058 | 0.078 | 1.473 | 1.981 |
| R | 5°F | REF | 5° REF | |
| S | 0.116 | 0.116 REF | | REF |
| U | 0.200 | MIN | 5.080 MIN | |
| ٧ | 0.250 | MIN | 6.350 | MIN |

SOLDERING FOOTPRINT*



*For additional information on our Pb-Free strategy and soldering details, please download the ON Semiconductor Soldering and Mounting Techniques Reference Manual, SOLDERRM/D.

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