EKI-7659CPI

8+2G Combo Ports Industrial PoE Managed Redundant Gigabit Ethernet Switch

User Manual

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CE

This product has passed the CE test for environmental specifications. Test conditions for passing included the equipment being operated within an industrial enclosure. In order to protect the product from being damaged by ESD (Electrostatic Discharge) and EMI leakage, we strongly recommend the use of CE-compliant industrial enclosure products.

FCC Class A

This equipment has been tested and found to comply with the limits for a Class A digital device, pursuant to Part 15 of the FCC Rules. These limits are designed to provide reasonable protection against harmful interference when the equipment is operated in a commercial environment. This equipment generates, uses and can radiate radio frequency energy and, if not installed and used in accordance with the instruction manual, may cause harmful interference to radio communications. Operation of this equipment in a residential area is likely to cause harmful interference in which case the user will be required to correct the interference at his own expense.

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- Step 2. Contact your distributor, sales representative, or Advantech's customer service center for technical support if you need additional assistance. Please have the following information ready before you call:
 - Product name and serial number
 - Description of your peripheral attachments
 - Description of your software (operating system, version, application software etc.)
 - A complete description of the problem
 - The exact wording of any error messages

Safety Instructions

- 1. Read these safety instructions carefully.
- 2. Keep this User's Manual for later reference.
- 3. Disconnect this equipment from any AC outlet before cleaning. Use a damp cloth. Do not use liquid or spray detergents for cleaning.
- 4. For plug-in equipment, the power outlet socket must be located near the equipment and must be easily accessible.
- 5. Keep this equipment away from humidity.
- 6. Put this equipment on a reliable surface during installation. Dropping it or letting it fall may cause damage.
- 7. The openings on the enclosure are for air convection. Protect the equipment from overheating. DO NOT COVER THE OPENINGS.
- 8. Make sure the voltage of the power source is correct before connecting the equipment to the power outlet.
- 9. Position the power cord so that people cannot step on it. Do not place anything over the power cord.
- 10. All cautions and warnings on the equipment should be noted.
- 11. If the equipment is not used for a long time, disconnect it from the power source to avoid damage by transient overvoltage.
- 12. Never pour any liquid into an opening. This may cause fire or electrical shock.
- 13. Never open the equipment. For safety reasons, the equipment should be opened only by qualified service personnel.
- 14. If one of the following situations arises, get the equipment checked by service personnel:
 - a. The power cord or plug is damaged.
 - b. Liquid has penetrated into the equipment.
 - c. The equipment has been exposed to moisture.
 - d. The equipment does not work well, or you cannot get it to work according to the user's manual.
 - e. The equipment has been dropped and damaged.
 - f. The equipment has obvious signs of breakage.
- 15. DO NOT LEAVE THIS EQUIPMENT IN AN ENVIRONMENT WHERE THE STORAGE TEMPERATURE MAY GO BELOW -40 $^\circ$ C (-40 $^\circ$ F) OR ABOVE 85 $^\circ$ C (185 $^\circ$ F). THIS COULD DAMAGE THE EQUIPMENT. THE EQUIPMENT SHOULD BE IN A CONTROLLED ENVIRONMENT.

Safety Precaution - Static Electricity

Follow these simple precautions to protect yourself from harm and the products from damage.

- 1. To avoid electrical shock, always disconnect the power from your equipment chassis before you work on it.
- 2. Disconnect power before making any configuration changes.

Contents

Chapter	1	Overview	2
•		Introduction	
		1.1.1 The SFP Advantage	
		1.1.2 Power-over-Ethernet (PoE)	
		1.1.3 High-Speed Transmissions	
		1.1.4 Dual Power Inputs	
		1.1.5 Flexible Mounting	
		1.1.6 Wide Operating Temperature	
		1.1.7 Easy Troubleshooting	
	12	Features	
		Specification	
		•	
		Packing List	
		Safety Precaution	
Chapter		Installation	
	2.1	LED Indicators	
		Table 2.1: EKI-7659CPI LED Definition	
	2.2	Dimensions (unit: mm)	
		Figure 2.1: Front View of EKI-7659CPI	
		Figure 2.2: Side View of EKI-7659CPI	
		Figure 2.3: Rear View of EKI-7659CPI Figure 2.4: Top View of EKI-7659CPI	
	23	Mounting	
	2.0	2.3.1 Wall mounting	
		Figure 2.5: Combine the Metal Mounting Kit	
		2.3.2 DIN-rail Mounting	
		Figure 2.6: Installation to DIN-rail Step 1	
		Figure 2.7: Installation to DIN-rail Step 2	
	2.4	Network Connection	
		Connection to a Fiber Optic Network	
	-	Figure 2.8: Transceiver to the SFP slot	
		Figure 2.9: Transceiver Inserted	
		Figure 2.10: LC connected to the transceiver	
		Figure 2.11: Remove LC connector	
	~ ~	Figure 2.12: Pull out from the transceiver	
	2.6	Power Connection	
	07	Figure 2.13: Pin Assignment of the Power Connector	
		X-Ring Application	
		Coupling Ring Application	
		Dual Homing Application	
Chapter	3	Configuration	28
	3.1	RS-232 Console	28
		Figure 3.1-1 Console Cable	
		Figure 3.1-2 Launching Hyper Terminal	

	Figure 3.1-3 COM Port Properties Setting	29
	Figure 3.1-4 Login Screen: RS-232 Configuration	29
	Figure 3.1-5 Command Line Interface	
3.2	Commands Set	31
	3.2.1 Commands Level	
	Table 3.1: Command Level	
	3.2.2 Commands Set List	
	Table 3.2: Commands Set List	
	3.2.3 System Commands Set	
	Table 3.3: System Commands Set	
	3.2.4 Port Commands Set	
	Table 3.4: Port Commands Set	
	3.2.5 Trunk Commands Set	
	Table 3.5: Trunk Commands Set	
	3.2.6 VLAN Commands Set	
	Table 3.6: VLAN Commands Set	
	3.2.7 Spanning Tree Commands Set	
	Table 3.7: Spanning Tree Commands Set	
	3.2.8 QOS Commands Set	
	Table 3.8: QOS Commands Set	
	3.2.9 IGMP Commands Set	
	Table 3.9: QOS Commands Set	
	3.2.10 Mac/Filter Table Commands Set	
	Table 3.10: Mac/Filter Table Commands Set	
	3.2.11 SNMP Commands Set	
	Table 3.11: SNMP Commands Set	
	3.2.12 Port Mirroring Commands Set	
	Table 3.12: Port Mirroring Commands Set	
	3.2.13 802.1x Commands Set	
	Table 3.13: 802.1x Commands Set	
	3.2.14 TFTP Commands Set	40
	Table 3.14: TFTP Commands Set	
	3.2.15 SystemLog, SMTP and Event	40
	Table 3.15: SysLog,SMTP,Event Commands Set	40
	3.2.16 SNTP Commands Set	
	Table 3.16: SNTP Commands Set	
	3.2.17 X-ring Commands Set	41
	Table 3.17: X-ring Commands Set	
	3.2.18 PoE Commands Set	42
	Table 3.18: PoE Commands Set	
3.3	Web Browser	
	Figure 3.4-1: Type the address in the URL	
	Figure 3.4-2: Web Login Window	
	Figure 3.4-4: Main page	44
	3.3.1 System	45
	Figure 3.4.1-1: System Information	
	Figure 3.4.1-2: IP Configuration	46

Figure 3.4.1-3: DHCP Server - System Configuration	
Figure 3.4.1-4: DHCP Server – Client Entries	
Figure 3.4.1-5: DHCP Server – Port and IP Binding	
Figure 3.4.1-6: TFTP – Update Firmware	
Figure 3.4.1-7: TFTP – Restore Configuration	
Figure 3.4.1-8: TFTP – Backup Configuration	
Figure 3.4.1-9: Syslog Configuration	
Figure 3.4.1-10: SMTP Configuration	
Figure 3.4.1-11: Event Configuration	
Figure 3.4.1-12: Fault Relay Alarm	
Table 3.19: UTC Timezone	
Figure 3.4.1-13: SNTP Configuration	58
Figure 3.4.1-14: IP Security	
Figure 3.4.1-15: User Authentication	60
3.3.2 Port	61
Figure 3.4.2-1: Port Statistics	
Figure 3.4.2-2: Port Control	
Figure 3.4.2-3: Aggregator Setting	
Figure 3.4.2-4: Aggregator Information	
Figure 3.4.2-5: State Activity	
Figure 3.4.2-6: Port Mirroring	
Figure 3.4.2-7: Rate Limiting	
3.3.3 Protocol	
Figure 3.4.3-1: VLAN Configuration	
Figure 3.4.3-2: Port based mode	
Figure 3.4.3.3: Port based mode-Add interface	
Figure 3.4.3-4: 802.1Q VLAN Configuration	
Figure 3.4.3-5: 802.1Q Group Configuration	
Figure 3.4.3-6: 802.1Q Group Configuration-Edit	
Figure 3.4.3-7: RSTP System Configuration interface	
Figure 3.4.3-8: RSTP Port Configuration interface	
Figure 3.4.3-9: SNMP System Configuration interface	
Figure 3.4.3-10: Trap Configuration interface	
Figure 3.4.3-11: SNMP V3 configuration interface	
Figure 3.4.3-12: QoS Configuration interface	
Table 3.20: IGMP types	
Figure 3.4.3-13: IGMP Configuration interface	
• •	
Figure 3.4.3-14: X-ring interface	
3.3.4 Security	
Figure 3.4.4-1: 802.1x/Radius System Configuration	
Figure 3.4.4-2: 802.1x/Radius - Port Setting interface	
Figure 3.4.4-3: 802.1x/Radius - Misc Configuration	
Figure 3.4.4-4: Static MAC Addresses interface	
Figure 3.4.4-5: MAC Filtering interface	89
Figure 3.4.4-6: All MAC Address interface	90
Figure 3.4-5: PoE Status	
Figure 3.4-6: Factory Default interface	
Figure 3.4-7: Save Configuration interface	
Figure 3.4-8: System Reboot interface	95

Chapter 4	Troubleshooting	98	
-	Pin Assignments & Wiring		
	Figure A.1: RJ-45 Pin Assignments		
	Figure A.2: EIA/TIA-568B		
	Figure A.3: EIA/TIA-568A		
	Figure A.4: DB 9-pin female connector		
	Compatible SFP Transceive		

CHAPTER

Overview

Sections include:

- Introduction
- Features
- Specifications
- Packing List
- Safety Precaution

Chapter 1 Overview

1.1 Introduction

To create reliability in your network, the EKI-7659CPI comes equipped with a proprietary redundant network protocol—X-Ring that was developed by Advantech, which provides users with an easy way to establish a redundant Ethernet network with ultra high-speed recovery time less than 10 ms.

Aside from 8 x 10/100Base-TX fast Ethernet ports, the EKI-7659CPI comes equipped with 2 combo 10/100/1000 Mbps RJ-45 copper ports or mini-GBIC expansion ports. Traditional RJ-45 ports can be used for uplinking wide-band paths in short distance (< 100 m), or the appropriate replaceable SFP transceiver can be used for the application of wideband uploading and long distance transmissions to fit the field request flexibility. Also, the long MTBF (Mean Time Between Failures) ensures that the EKI-7659CPI will continue to operate until a Gigabit network infrastructure has been established, without requiring any extra upgrade costs. Besides, the equipment supports **48V DC power input** and provides the **PoE function w/ 48V DC output** for kinds of Powered Device to receive power as well as data over the RJ-45 cable.

1.1.1 The SFP Advantage

The EKI-7659CPI's two SFP fiber slots provide a lot of flexibility when planning and implementing a network. The slots can accept any SFP-type fiber transceivers and these transceivers are designed for transmitting over distances of either 500m (multi-mode), 10km, 30km, 50km, 70km or 110km (single-mode) – and the slots support SFP transceivers for WDM single-fiber transmissions. This means that you can easily change the transmission mode and distance of the switch by simply pulling out the SFP transceivers and plugging in a different one. The SFP transceivers are hot-swappable and plug-and-play! Also, the fact that the switch has two of these slots, means that the network manager can, for example, have one 10km transceiver in one slot and one 110km in the other.

1.1.2 Power-over-Ethernet (PoE)

PoE eliminates the need to run AC power to other devices on a wired LAN. While using Power-over-Ethernet system, installers need to run only a single Category 5 Ethernet cable that carries both power and data to each device. This allows greater flexibility in the locating of network devices and significantly decreasing installation costs in many cases.

1.1.3 High-Speed Transmissions

The EKI-7659CPI includes a switch controller that can automatically sense transmission speeds (10/100 Mbps). The RJ-45 interface can also be auto-detected, so MDI or MDI-X is automatically selected and a crossover cable is not required. All Ethernet ports have memory buffers that support the store-and-forward mechanism. This assures that data is properly transmitted.

1.1.4 Dual Power Inputs

EKI-7659CPI redundant power input design is with power reverse protection to prevent the switch device broken by wrong power wiring. When one of the power inputs fails, P-Fail LED will turn on and send an alarm through a relay output for the purpose of notification.

1.1.5 Flexible Mounting

EKI-7659CPI is compact and can be mounted on a DIN-rail or panel, so it is suitable for any space-constrained environments.

1.1.6 Wide Operating Temperature

The operating temperature of the EKI-7659CPI is between -10 ~ 60 $^\circ \rm C$. With such a wide range, you can use the EKI-7659CPI in some of the harshest industrial environments that exist.

1.1.7 Easy Troubleshooting

LED indicators make troubleshooting quick and easy. Each 10/100 Base-TX port has 2 LEDs that display the link status, transmission speed and collision status. Also the three power indicators P1, P2 and P-Fail help you diagnose immediately.

1.2 Features

- 2 Gigabit Copper/SFP combo ports, plus 8 Fast Ethernet ports
- SFP socket for Easy and Flexible Fiber Expansion
- Redundancy: Gigabit X-Ring (ultra high-speed recovery time<10ms), RSTP/STP (802.1w/1D)
- Management: Web, Telnet, Serial Console, Windows Utility and SNMP
- Control: VLAN/GVRP, QOS, IGMP Snooping, LACP, and Rate Limit
- Security: IP/MAC and port binding, DHCP Server, IP access list, 802.1x, SNMPv3
- Diagnostic: Port Statistic, Port Mirroring, RMON, Trap, SNMP Alert, and Syslog
- Supports 48 V_{DC} power input
- Robust mechanism and special heat spreader design

Communications

Standard LAN Transmission Distance Transmission Speed	IEEE 802.3, 802.3u, 802.3x, 802.3z, 802.1d IEEE 802.1w, 802.1p, 802.1Q, 802.1X, 802.3ad, 802.3af 10/100/1000Base-TX, Optional 100Base-FX, 1000Base-SX/LX/LHX/XD/ZX/EZX Ethernet: Up to 100m (4-wire Cat.5e, Cat.6 RJ-45 cable suggested for Gigabit port) SFP: Up to 110km (depends on SFP) Ethernet: 10/100Mbps, Auto-Negotiation Gigabit Copper: Up to 1000 Mbps Gigabit Fiber: Up to 1000Mbps
Interface	
Connectors LED Indicators	8 x RJ-45 (Ethernet) 2 x RJ-45/SFP (mini-GBIC) combo ports 6-pin removable screw terminal (power & Relay) System: PWR, PWR1, PWR2, R.M., P-Fail 10/100TX: Link/Activity, Duplex/Collision Gigabit Copper: Link/Activity, Speed (1000Mbps) SFP: Link/Activity
Console	RS-232 (RJ-45)
Power	
Power Consumption Power Input Fault Output	116 W 2 x Unregulated 48 V _{DC} 1 Relay Output
<u>Mechanism</u>	
Dimensions (WxHxD) Enclosure Mounting	79 x 152 x 105 mm IP30, metal shell with solid mounting kits DIN-rail, wall
Protection	

Reverse Polarity Overload

Present 3.5A@12VDC (Fuse)

Environment

Operating Temperature Operating Humidity Storage Temperature Storage Humidity MTBF	-10 ~ 60 °C (14 ~ 140 °F) EKI-7659CPI (Wide temp.): -40~75 °C (-40~167 °F) 5 ~ 95% (non-condensing) -40 ~ 85 °C (-40~185 °F) 5 ~ 95% (non-condensing) 190287 hours
Certifications	
Safety EMC	UL, 60950-1, CAN/CSA-C22.2 No.60950 EU: EN55011, EN61000-6-4 EN55022, Class A, EN61000-3-2/3 EN55024 IEC61000-4-2/3/4/5/6/8 EN61000-6-2
Freefall Shock Vibration	IEC60068-2-32 IEC60068-2-27 IEC60068-2-6

1.4 Packing List

- 1 x EKI-7659CPI Industrial Managed Gigabit Ethernet Switch
- 1 x eAutomation Industrial Communication CD-ROM with User manual
- 2 x Wall Mounting Bracket and Screws
- 1 x DIN-rail Mounting Bracket and Screws
- 1 x 8-pin RJ-45 to RS-232 serial cable
- 1 x DC Jack Cable φ 2.0/150mm
- 1 x EKI-7659CPI Startup Manual

1.5 Safety Precaution

Attention IF DC voltage is supplied by an external circuit, please use a protection device on the power supply input.

CHAPTER CHAPTER

Installation

Sections include:

- LED Indicators
- Dimensions
- Mounting
- Network Connection
- Connection to a Fiber Optic Network
- Power Connection

Chapter 2 Installation

In this chapter, you will be given an overview of the EKI-7659CPI hardware installation procedures.

2.1 LED Indicators

The LEDs located on the front panel display the power status and network status of the Ethernet switch. Each of them has its own specific meaning shown as below.

Table 2.1: EKI-7659CPI LED Definition			
LED	Color	Descriptio	n
PWR	Green	On	System power on
		Off	No power input
R.M.	Green	On	The industrial switch is the master of the X-ring group
IX.IVI.	Gleen	Off	The industrial switch is not the master of the X-ring group
PWR1	Green	On	Power input 1 is active
	Green	Off	Power input 1 is inactive
PWR2	0	On	Power input 2 is active
FVVRZ	Green	Off	Power input 2 is inactive
P-Fail	Red	On	Power input 1 or 2 is inactive or port link down (depends on Fault Relay Alarm configuration)
		Off	Power input 1 and 2 are both active, or no power input
	Green	On	SFP port is linking
Link/Active (for G9, G10 SFP)		Flashing	Data is transmitting or receiving
		Off	Not connected to network
	Green	On	The port is operating at speed of 1000M
	(Upper LED)	Off	The port is disconnected or not operating at speed of 1000M
G9, G10 (RJ-45)		On	Connected to network
	Green (Lower LED)	Flashing	Networking is active
		Off	Not connected to network
	Green	On	Connected to network
Link/Active (1~8)		Flashing	Networking is active
		Off	Not connected to network
	Orange	On	Ethernet port full duplex
Duplex/Collision (1~8)		Flashing	Collision of packets occurs
		Off	Ethernet port half duplex or not connected to network

PoE (P1 ~ P8)	Green	On	A powered device is connected utilizing Power over Ethernet on the port
		Off	No device is connected or power forwarding fails

2.2 Dimensions (unit: mm)

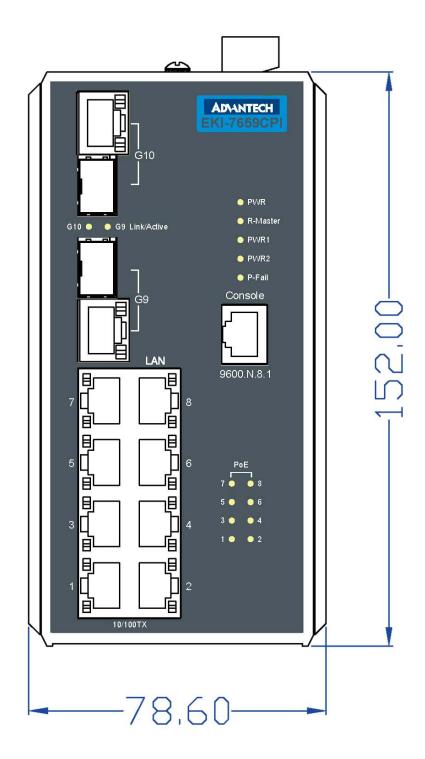


Figure 2.1: Front View of EKI-7659CPI

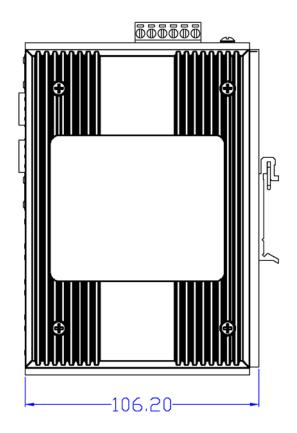


Figure 2.2: Side View of EKI-7659CPI

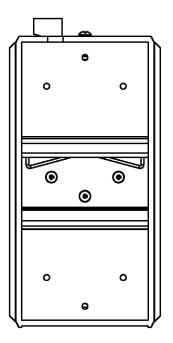


Figure 2.3: Rear View of EKI-7659CPI

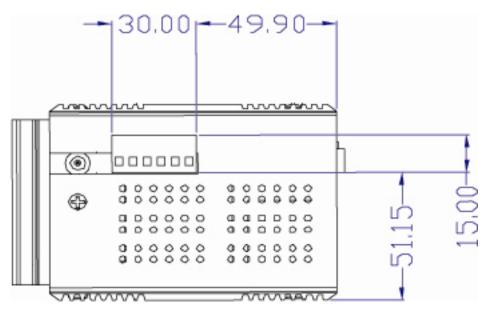


Figure 2.4: Top View of EKI-7659CPI

2.3 Mounting

The EKI-7659CPI supports two mounting methods: DIN-rail & Wall.

2.3.1 Wall mounting

EKI-7659CPI can be wall-mounted by using the included mounting kit. Then, hang on the EKI-7659CPI to the nails on the wall.

First, use the screws included in the package to combine the EKI-7659CPI and metal mounting kit. And then you can install the device firmly via the components, please see Figure 2.5 as below.



Figure 2.5: Combine the Metal Mounting Kit

2.3.2 DIN-rail Mounting

You can also mount EKI-7659CPI on a standard DIN-rail by steps below.

The DIN-rail kit is screwed on the industrial switch when out of factory. If the DIN-rail kit is not screwed on the industrial switch, please screw the DIN-rail kit on the switch first.

First, hang the EKI-7659CPI to the DIN-rail with angle of inclination. See Figure 2.6.



Figure 2.6: Installation to DIN-rail Step 1

Then, let the device down straight to slide over the rail smoothly. See Figure 2.7.



Figure 2.7: Installation to DIN-rail Step 2

2.4 Network Connection

The EKI-7659CPI has 8 x RJ-45 ports that support connection to 10 Mbps Ethernet, or 100 Mbps Fast Ethernet, and half or full duplex operation. EKI-7659CPI can be connected to other hubs or switches via a twisted-pair straight-through or crossover cable up to 100m long. The connection can be made from any TX port of the EKI-7659CPI (MDI-X) to another hub or switch either MDI-X or uplink MDI port.

The EKI-7659CPI supports auto-crossover to make networking more easy and flexible. You can connect any RJ-45 (MDI-X) station port on the switch to any device such as a switch, bridge or router.

2.5 Connection to a Fiber Optic Network

EKI-7659CPI has two SFP slots for connecting to the network segment with single or multi-mode fiber. You can choose the appropriate mini-GBIC transceiver to plug into the slot. Make sure the transceiver is aligned correctly and then slide it into the SFP slot until a click is heard. You can use proper multi-mode or single-mode fiber according to the connected SFP transceiver. With fiber optics, it transmits speed up to 1000 Mbps and you can prevent noise interference from the system and transmission distance up to 110 km, depending on the mini-GBIC transceiver.

The small form-factor pluggable (SFP) is a compact optical transceiver used in optical communications for both telecommunication and data communications applications.

Note The SFP/Copper Combo port can be used at one time either. The SFP port has the higher priority than copper port; if you insert the 1000M SFP transceiver into the SFP port which is connected to the remote device, the connection of the accompanying copper port will link down. If you insert the 100M SFP transceiver into the SFP slot even without a fiber connection to the remote, the connection of the accompanying copper port will link down immediately.

To connect the transceiver and LC cable, please follow the steps shown below:

First, insert the transceiver into the SFP slot. Notice that the triangle mark indicates the bottom of the slot.

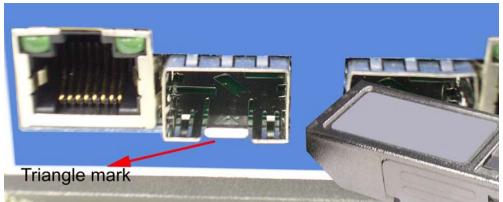


Figure 2.8: Transceiver to the SFP slot

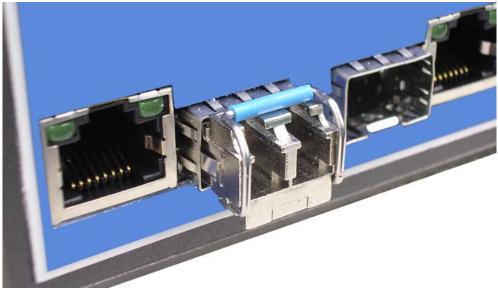


Figure 2.9: Transceiver Inserted

Second, insert the fiber cable of LC connector into the transceiver.

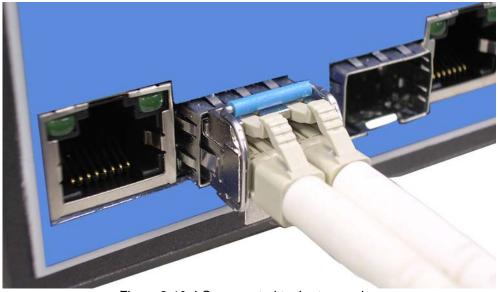


Figure 2.10: LC connected to the transceiver

To remove the LC connector from the transceiver, please follow the steps shown below:

First, press the upper side of the LC connector to release from the transceiver and pull it out.

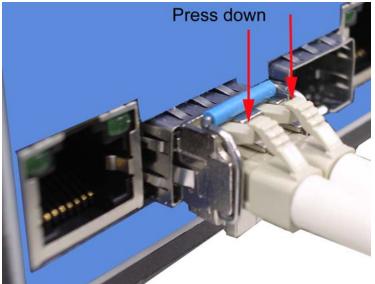


Figure 2.11: Remove LC connector

Second, push down the metal loop and pull the transceiver out by the plastic handle.

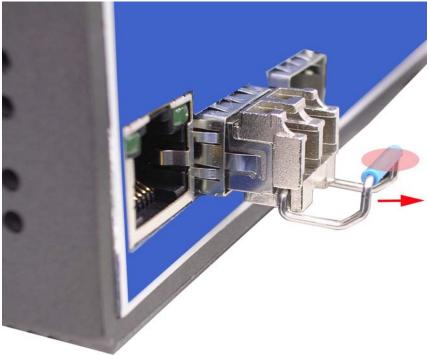


Figure 2.12: Pull out from the transceiver

2.6 Power Connection

The EKI-7659CPI supports dual +12 ~ 48 V_{DC} power inputs and power-fail relay output.

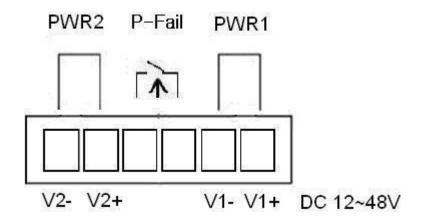
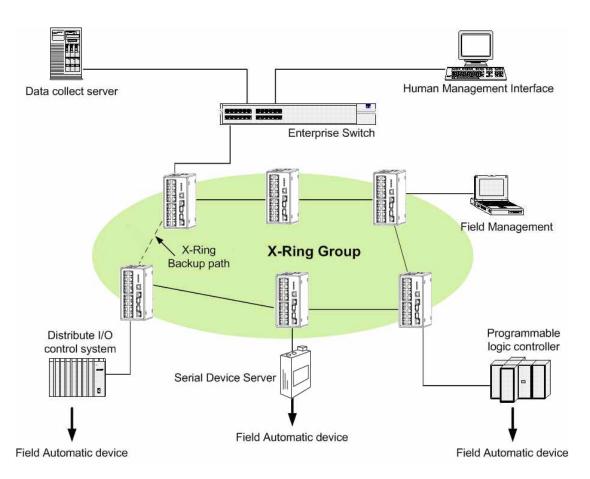


Figure 2.13: Pin Assignment of the Power Connector

You can connect an alarm indicator, buzzer or other signaling equipment through the relay output. The relay opens if power input 1, 2 fails or port link down/break ("Open" means if you connect relay output with an LED, the light would be off).

2.7 X-Ring Application

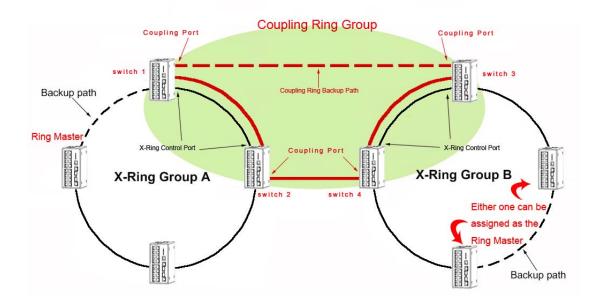
The industrial switch supports the X-Ring protocol that can help the network system recover from network connection failure within 10ms or less and make the network system more reliable. The X-Ring algorithm is similar to Spanning Tree Protocol (STP) and Rapid STP (RSTP) algorithm but its recovery time is less than STP/RSTP. The figure below is a sample of X-Ring application.



- Note The Ethernet switches with firmware version before v3.0 use the **X-Ring** function that has the limitation as follows. However, the one with firmware version after v3.0 (included) use the **X-Ring Pro** function that gets rid of the limitation.
 - 1. The X-Ring is supposed to recover from connection failure within 10ms when the amount of the connected devices of the X-Ring group is less than 50.

2.8 Coupling Ring Application

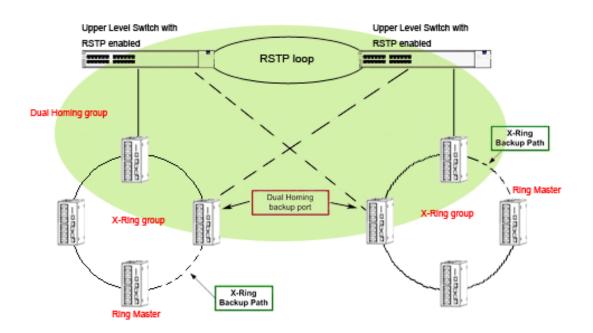
As the illustration shown below, users can use the X-Ring groups to form a coupling ring for redundant backup. It can ensure the transmissions between X-Ring groups not to fail. The following figure is a sample of coupling ring application.



- Note The Ethernet switches with firmware version before v3.0 use the **X-Ring** function that has the limitations as follows. However, the ones with firmware version after v3.0 (included) use the **X-Ring Pro** function that gets rid of the limitations.
 - 1. To ensure the coupling ring to work normally, the connection between control ports of each X-ring group, as the figure illustrated above, should always be active.
 - 2. The switches to be configured as members of the Coupling Ring group cannot be the X-Ring Master device of their X-ring group.
 - 3. As the figure illustrated above, Coupling Ring only supports two X-ring groups.

2.9 Dual Homing Application

The Dual Homing function is to prevent the connection loss between the particular X-Ring group and the upper level/core switch. Assign one port, and only one, to be the Dual Homing port that is the backup port in each single X-Ring group. The Dual Homing function only works when the X-Ring function is active.



- Note The Ethernet switches with firmware version before v3.0 use the **X-Ring** function that has the limitations as follows. However, the ones with firmware version after v3.0 (included) use the **X-Ring Pro** function that gets rid of the limitations.
 - 1. In Dual Homing application architecture, the upper level switches need to enable their Rapid Spanning Tree protocol.
 - 2. The switches to be configured as members of the Dual Homing group cannot be the X-Ring Master device of their X-ring group.
 - 3. As the figure illustrated above, Dual Homing only supports two X-ring groups.

CHAPTER

Configuration

Sections include:

- RS-232 Console
- Commands Set
- Web Browser

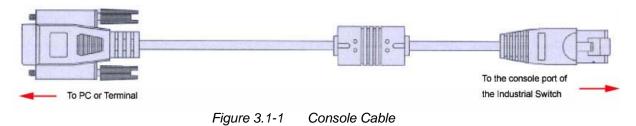
Chapter 3 Configuration

The EKI-7659CPI can be configured via RS-232 Console or a web browser.

3.1 RS-232 Console

EKI-7659CPI's RS-232 console is designed for rapidly configuring which provides the console management – CLI command.

Attach the supplied cable, which one end is RJ-45 and the other end is female DB9, to connect EKI-7659CPI and your host PC or terminal. The connected PC or terminal must support the terminal emulation program.



From the Windows desktop, click **Start/Programs/Accessories/Communications/HyperTerminal** to open the Hyper Terminal program.

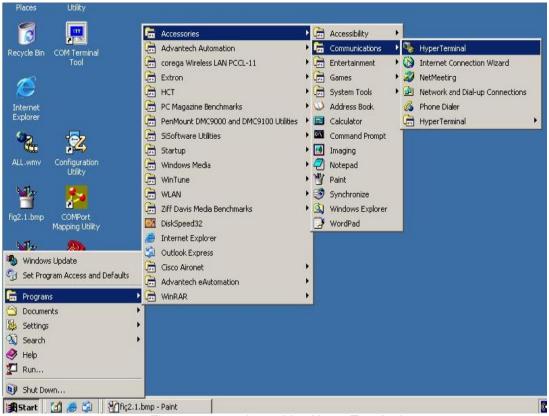


Figure 3.1-2 Launching Hyper Terminal

Select the appropriate COM port, and set the parameter as the figure shown below (9600 for Baud Rate, 8 for Data Bits, None for Parity, 1 for Stop Bits, and None for Flow Control).

COM6 Properties	<u>? ×</u>
Port Settings	
Bits per second: 9600	
Data bits: 8	
Parity: None	
Stop bits: 1	
Flow control: None	
Restore	Defaults
OK Cancel	Apply
Figure 3.1-3 COM Port Properties	Setting

Press **Enter** to bring the login screen (If you can not find the login screen, press **Enter** one more time). The default user name and password are both "**admin**". Key-in the user name and password to enter the command line interface.

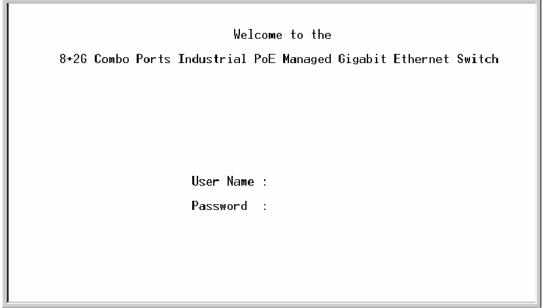
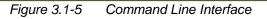


Figure 3.1-4 Login Screen: RS-232 Configuration

After you have logged in to the system, you will see a command prompt. To enter CLI management interface, type in "**enable**" command.

switch>enable switch#_



3.2 Commands Set

The following table lists the CLI commands and description.

3.2.1 Commands Level

Table 3.1: Command Level				
Modes	Access Method	Prompt	Exit Method	About This Model
User EXEC	Begin a session with your switch.	switch>	Enter logout or quit .	The user commands available at the user level are a subset of those available at the privileged level. Use this mode to • Perform basic tests. • Display system information.
Privileged EXEC	Enter the enable command while in user EXEC mode.	switch#	Enter disable to exit.	The privileged commands are the advanced mode. Use this mode to • Display advanced function status • Save configuration
Global Configuration	Enter the configure command while in privileged EXEC mode.	switch(config)#	To exit to the Privileged EXEC mode, enter exit or end	Use this mode to configure the parameters to be applied to your switch
VLAN database	Enter the vlan database command while in privileged EXEC mode.	switch(vlan)#	To return to the User EXEC mode, enter exit.	Use this mode to configure VLAN-specific parameters.
Interface configuration	Enter the interface command with a specific interface while in the Global Configuration mode	switch(config-if)#	To return to the previous mode, enter exit or end.	Use this mode to configure the parameters for the switch and Ethernet ports.

3.2.2 Commands Set List

Table 3.2: Commands Set List				
Command	Code Word			
User EXEC	E			
Privileged EXEC	Р			
Global configuration	G			
VLAN database	v			
Interface configuration	I			

3.2.3 System Commands Set

Table 3.3: System Commands Set

Example
how config
how terminal
vrite memory
-
onfig)# system name xxx
onfig)#system location xxx
onfig)#system description xxx
onfig)#system contact xxx
how system-info
onfig)# ip address 192.168.1.1
255.0 192.168.1.254
C \/// 11
onfig)# ip dhcp
how ip
onfig)#no ip dhcp
onfig)# reload
onfig)#default
onfig)#admin username xxxxxx
onfig)# admin password xxxxxx
h ann a daola
how admin
onfig) #dhcpserver enable
onfig)# no dhcpserver
onfig)#dhcpserver lowip 192.168.1.100
onfig)#dhcpserver highip 192.168.1.200
oning)#ancpserver nignip 192.168.1.200
onfig)# dhcpserver subnetmask
255.0
onfig)#dhcpserver gateway 192.168.1.254
onfig)#dhcpserver dnsip 192.168.1.1
onfig)#dhcpserver leasetime 1
onfig)#interface fastEthernet 2
onfig)#dhcpserver ipbinding 192.168.1.1 how dhcpserver configuration
how dhepserver clients
how dhcpserver ip-binding
onfig)#no dhcpserver
-
onfig)#security enable
onfig)#security http
s
onfig)#security telnet
Jimg)#Security temet
onfig)# security ip 1 192.168.1.55
2

show security	Ρ	Show the information of IP security	switch#show security
no security	G	Disable IP security function	switch(config)# no security
no security http	G	Disable IP security of HTTP server	switch(config)# no security http
no security telnet	G	Disable IP security of telnet server	switch(config)#no security telnet

3.2.4 Port Commands Set

Table 3.4: Port Commands Set			
Commands	Level	Description	Example
nterface fastEthernet Portid]	G	Choose the port for modification.	switch(config)#interface fastEthernet 2
luplex full half]	I	Use the duplex configuration command to specify the duplex mode of operation for Fast Ethernet.	switch(config)#interface fastEthernet 2 switch(config-if)#duplex full
peed 10 100 1000 auto]	I	Use the speed configuration command to specify the speed mode of operation for Fast Ethernet., the speed can't be set to 1000 if the port isn't a giga port	switch(config)#interface fastEthernet 2 switch(config-if)#speed 100
no flowcontrol	I	Disable flow control of interface	switch(config-if)# no flowcontrol
ecurity enable	I	Enable security of interface	switch(config)#interface fastEthernet 2 switch(config-if)#security enable
o security	I	Disable security of interface	switch(config)#interface fastEthernet 2 switch(config-if)#no security
pandwidth type all	I	Set interface ingress limit frame type to "accept all frame"	switch(config)#interface fastEthernet 2 switch(config-if)#bandwidth type all
oandwidth type broadcast-multicast- looded-unicast	ı	Set interface ingress limit frame type to "accept broadcast, multicast, and flooded unicast frame"	switch(config)#interface fastEthernet 2 switch(config-if)#bandwidth type broadcast- multicast-flooded-unicast
pandwidth type broadcast-multicast	I	Set interface ingress limit frame type to "accept broadcast and multicast frame"	switch(config)#interface fastEthernet 2 switch(config-if)#bandwidth type broadcast- multicast
oandwidth type broadcast-only	I	Set interface ingress limit frame type to "only accept broadcast frame"	switch(config)#interface fastEthernet 2 switch(config-if)#bandwidth type broadcast-only
vandwidth in Value]	I	Set interface input bandwidth. Rate Range is from 100 kbps to 102400 kbps or to 256000 kbps for giga ports, and zero means no limit.	switch(config)#interface fastEthernet 2 switch(config-if)#bandwidth in 100
pandwidth out Value]		Set interface output bandwidth. Rate Range is from 100 kbps to 102400 kbps or to 256000 kbps for giga ports, and zero means no limit.	switch(config)#interface fastEthernet 2 switch(config-if)#bandwidth out 100
show bandwidth	I	Show interfaces bandwidth control	switch(config)#interface fastEthernet 2 switch(config-if)#show bandwidth
state Enable Disable]	1	Use the state interface configuration command to specify the state mode of operation for Ethernet ports. Use the disable	switch(config)#interface fastEthernet 2 switch(config-if)#state Disable

		form of this command to disable the port.	
show interface configuration	I		switch(config)#interface fastEthernet 2 switch(config-if)#show interface configuration
show interface status	I		switch(config)#interface fastEthernet 2 switch(config-if)#show interface status
show interface accounting	I		switch(config)#interface fastEthernet 2 switch(config-if)#show interface accounting
no accounting	I		switch(config)# interface fastEthernet 2 switch(config-if)# no accounting

3.2.5 Trunk Commands Set

Commands	Level	Description	Example
aggregator priority [1~65535]	G	Set port group system priority	switch(config)#aggregator priority 22
aggregator activityport [Group ID] [Port Numbers]	G	Set activity port	switch(config)#aggregator activityport 2
aggregator group [GroupID] [Port-list] lacp workp [Workport]	G	Assign a trunk group with LACP active. [GroupID] :1~3 [Port-list]:Member port list, This parameter could be a port range(ex.1-4) or a port list separate by a comma(ex.2, 3, 6) [Workport]: The amount of work ports, this value could not be less than zero or be large than the amount of member ports.	switch(config)#aggregator group 1 1-4 lacp workp 2 or switch(config)#aggregator group 2 1,4,3 lacp workp 3
aggregator group [GroupID] [Port-list] nolacp	G	Assign a static trunk group. [GroupID] :1~3 [Port-list]:Member port list, This parameter could be a port range(ex.1-4) or a port list separate by a comma(ex.2, 3, 6)	switch(config)#aggregator group 1 2-4 nolacp or switch(config)#aggregator group 1 3,1,2 nolacp
show aggregator	Р	Show the information of trunk group	switch#show aggregator 1 or switch#show aggregator 2 or switch#show aggregator 3
no aggregator lacp [GroupID]	G	Disable the LACP function of trunk group	switch(config)#no aggreator lacp 1
no aggregator group [GroupID]	G	Remove a trunk group	switch(config)#no aggreator group 2

3.2.6 VLAN Commands Set

Table 3.6: VLAN Commands Set				
Commands	Level	Description	Example	
vlan database	Ρ	Enter VLAN configure mode	switch#vlan database	
Vlanmode	V	To set switch VLAN mode.	switch(vlan)#vlanmode portbase	

[northogol 802 1al averal			or
[portbase 802.1q gvrp]			or switch(vlan)# vlanmode 802.1q
			or
no silen	V		switch(vlan)#vlanmode gvrp
no vlan	V	No VLAN	Switch(vlan)# no vlan
Ported based VLAN configuration			
vlan port-based grpname		Add new port based VALN	switch(vlan)#vlan port-based grpname test grpid
[Group Name]			2 port 2-4
grpid	v		or
[GroupID]			switch(vlan)#vlan port-based grpname test grpid 2 port 2,3,4
[PortNumbers]			2 port 2,3,4
show vlan [GroupID]		Show VLAN information	switch(vlan)#show vlan 23
or	v		
show vlan	•		
no vlan group [GroupID]	V	Delete port base group ID	switch(vlan) #no vlan group 2
IEEE 802.1Q VLAN			
vlan 8021q name		Change the name of VLAN group, if	switch(vlan)#vlan 8021q name test vid 22
[GroupName]	v	the group didn't exist, this command	
vid	•	can't be applied.	
vlan 8021q port [PortNumber]		Assign a access link for VLAN by port, if the port belong to a trunk	switch(vlan)#vlan 8021q port 3 access-link untag 33
access-link untag	V	group, this command can't be	33
[UntaggedVID]		applied.	
vlan 8021q port		Assign a trunk link for VLAN by port,	switch(vlan)#vlan 8021q port 3 trunk-link tag
[PortNumber]	v	if the port belong to a trunk group,	2,3,6,99
trunk-link tag [TaggedVID List]		this command can't be applied.	Or owitch(vlop)#vlop 8021g port 2 trunk link tog 2 20
vlan 8021q port		Assign a hybrid link for VLAN by	switch(vlan)#vlan 8021q port 3 trunk-link tag 3-20 switch(vlan)#vlan 8021q port 3 hybrid-link untag 4
[PortNumber]		port, if the port belong to a trunk	tag 3,6,8
hybrid-link untag	v	group, this command can't be	or
[UntaggedVID]	v	applied.	switch(vlan)#vlan 8021q port 3 hybrid-link untag 5
tag			tag 6-8
[TaggedVID List] vlan 8021q trunk		Assign a access link for VLAN by	switch(vlan)#vlan 8021q trunk 3 access-link untag
[PortNumber]		trunk group	33
access-link untag	V		
[UntaggedVID]			
vlan 8021q trunk			switch(vlan)#vlan 8021q trunk 3 trunk-link tag
[PortNumber] trunk-link tag	v	group	2,3,6,99 or
[TaggedVID List]	v		switch(vlan)#vlan 8021g trunk 3 trunk-link tag 3-
L. SSSOUTHE FIEL			20
vlan 8021q trunk		Assign a hybrid link for VLAN by	switch(vlan)#vlan 8021q trunk 3 hybrid-link untag
[PortNumber]		trunk group	4 tag 3,6,8
hybrid-link untag [UntaggedVID]	V		or switch(vlan)#vlan 8021q trunk 3 hybrid-link untag
tag			5 tag 6-8
[TaggedVID List]			
show vlan [GroupID]		Show VLAN information	switch(vlan)# show vlan 23
or	v		
show vlan	-		
no vlan group [GroupID]	V	Delete port base group ID	switch(vlan) #no vlan group 2

3.2.7 Spanning Tree Commands Set

Table 3.7: Spanning Tree Commands Set					
Commands Level Description Example					
spanning-tree enable	G	Enable spanning tree	switch(config)#spanning-tree enable		

spanning-tree priority [0~61440]	G	Configure spanning tree priority parameter	switch(config)#spanning-tree priority 32767
spanning-tree max-age [seconds]	G	Use the spanning-tree max-age global configuration command to change the interval between messages the spanning tree receives from the root switch. If a switch does not receive a bridge protocol data unit (BPDU) message from the root switch within this interval, it recomputed the Spanning Tree Protocol (STP) topology.	switch(config)# spanning-tree max-age 15
spanning-tree hello-time [seconds]	G	Use the spanning-tree hello-time global configuration command to specify the interval between hello bridge protocol data units (BPDUs).	switch(config)# spanning-tree hello-time 3
spanning-tree forward-time [seconds]	G	Use the spanning-tree forward- time global configuration command to set the forwarding-time for the specified spanning-tree instances. The forwarding time determines how long each of the listening and learning states last before the port begins forwarding.	switch(config)# spanning-tree forward-time 20
stp-path-cost [1~20000000]	I	Use the spanning-tree cost interface configuration command to set the path cost for Spanning Tree Protocol (STP) calculations. In the event of a loop, spanning tree considers the path cost when selecting an interface to place into the forwarding state.	switch(config)#interface fastEthernet 2 switch(config-if)#stp-path-cost 20
stp-path-priority [Port Priority]	I	Use the spanning-tree port-priority interface configuration command to configure a port priority that is used when two switches tie for position as the root switch.	switch(config)#interface fastEthernet 2 switch(config-if)#stp-path-priority 128
stp-admin-p2p [Auto True False]	I	Admin P2P of STP priority on this interface.	switch(config)#interface fastEthernet 2 switch(config-if)#stp-admin-p2p Auto
stp-admin-edge [True False]	I	Admin Edge of STP priority on this interface.	switch(config)#interface fastEthernet 2 switch(config)if)#stp-admin-edge True
stp-admin-non-stp	1	Admin NonSTP of STP priority on	switch(config)#interface fastEthernet 2
[True False] show spanning-tree	E	this interface. Displays a summary of the spanning-tree states.	switch(config-if) #stp-admin-non-stp False switch> show spanning-tree
no spanning-tree	G	Disable spanning-tree.	switch(config)#no spanning-tree

3.2.8 QOS Commands Set

Table 3.8: QOS Commands Set				
Commands	Level	Description	Example	
qos policy [weighted-fair strict]	G	Select QOS policy scheduling	switch(config)#qos policy weighted-fair	
qos prioritytype [port-based cos-only tos-only cos- first tos-first]	G	Setting of QOS priority type	switch(config)#qos prioritytype	
qos priority portbased [Port] [lowest low middle high]	G	Configure Port-based Priority	switch(config)#qos priority portbased 1 low	
qos priority cos [Priority][lowest low middle high]	G	Configure COS Priority	switch(config)#qos priority cos 0 middle	
<pre>qos priority tos [Priority][lowest low middle high]</pre>	G	Configure TOS Priority	switch(config)#qos priority tos 3 high	

show qos	D	Displays the information of QoS configuration	Switch#show qos
no qos	G	Disable QoS function	switch(config)# no qos

3.2.9 IGMP Commands Set

Table 3.9: QOS Commands Set				
Commands	Level	Description	Example	
igmp enable	G	Enable IGMP snooping function	switch(config)#igmp enable	
Igmp-query auto	G	Set IGMP query to auto mode	switch(config)#Igmp-query auto	
Igmp-query force	G	Set IGMP query to force mode	switch(config)#Igmp-query force	
show igmp configuration	Р	Displays the details of an IGMP configuration.	switch#show igmp configuration	
show igmp multi	Р	Displays the details of an IGMP snooping entries.	switch#show igmp multi	
no igmp	G	Disable IGMP snooping function	switch(config)#no igmp	
no igmp-query	G	Disable IGMP query	switch# no igmp-query	

3.2.10 Mac/Filter Table Commands Set

Table 3.10: Mac/Filter Table Commands Set				
Commands	Level	Description	Example	
mac-address-table static hwaddr [MAC]	I.	Configure MAC address table of interface (static).	switch(config)#interface fastEthernet 2 switch(config-if)#mac-address-table static hwaddr 000012345678	
mac-address-table filter hwaddr [MAC]	G	Configure MAC address table(filter)	switch(config)#mac-address-table filter hwaddr 000012348678	
show mac-address-table	Р	Show all MAC address table	switch#show mac-address-table	
show mac-address-table static	Р	Show static MAC address table	switch#show mac-address-table static	
show mac-address-table filter	Р	Show filter MAC address table.	switch#show mac-address-table filter	
no mac-address-table static hwaddr [MAC]	T	Remove an entry of MAC address table of interface (static)	switch(config)#interface fastEthernet 2 switch(config-if)#no mac-address-table static hwaddr 000012345678	
no mac-address-table filter hwaddr [MAC]	G	Remove an entry of MAC address table (filter)	switch(config)#no mac-address-table filter hwaddr 000012348678	
no mac-address-table	G	Remove dynamic entry of MAC address table	switch(config)#no mac-address-table	

3.2.11 SNMP Commands Set

Table 3.11: SNMP Commands Set					
Commands	Level	Description	Example		
snmp system-name [System Name]	G	Set SNMP agent system name	switch(config)#snmp system-name l2switch		

snmp system-location	G	Set SNMP agent system location	switch(config)#snmp system-location lab
[System Location]		Set SNMP agent system contact	switch(config)#snmp system-contact where
snmp system-contact [System Contact]	G	Set Siving agent system contact	switch(coning)#simp system-contact where
snmp agent-mode		Select the agent mode of SNMP	switch(config)#snmp agent-mode v1v2cv3
[v1v2c]v3]v1v2cv3]	G	Select the agent mode of Sinivir	switch(coning)#simp agent-mode vivzcvs
snmp community-strings [Community]		Add SNMP community string.	switch(config)#snmp community-strings public
right	G	Add Grain Community String.	right rw
[RO/RW]	Ŭ		ingin i w
snmp-server host		Configure SNMP server host	switch(config)#snmp-server host 192.168.1.50
[IP address]		information and community string	community public trap-version v1
community	G	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	(remove)
[Community-string]	G		Switch(config)#
trap-version			no snmp-server host
[v1 v2c]			192.168.1.50
snmpv3 context-name	G	Configure the context name	switch(config)#snmpv3 context-name Test
[Context Name]	· ·		
snmpv3 user		Configure the userprofile for	switch(config)#snmpv3 user test01 group G1
[User Name]		SNMPV3 agent. Privacy password	password AuthPW PrivPW
group	G	could be empty.	
[Group Name] password	G		
[Authentication Password] [Privacy			
Password]			
snmpv3 access context-name		Configure the access table of	switch(config)#snmpv3 access context-name Test
[Context Name]		SNMPV3 agent	group G1 security-level AuthPriv
group			match-rule Exact views V1 V1 V1
[Group Name]			
security-level			
[NoAuthNoPriv AuthNoPriv AuthPriv]	G		
match-rule			
[Exact Prifix]			
views			
[Read View Name] [Write View Name]			
[Notify View Name]		O and an and the method and table of	
snmpv3 mibview view [View Name]		Configure the mibview table of SNMPV3 agent	switch(config)#snmpv3 mibview view V1 type Excluded sub-oid 1.3.6.1
type		SINIVIE VS agent	
[Excluded]Included]	G		
sub-oid			
[OID]			
show snmp	Ρ	Show SNMP configuration	switch#show snmp
no snmp community-strings	~	Remove the specified community.	switch(config)#no snmp community-strings public
[Community]	G		
no snmp-server host	G	Remove the SNMP server host.	switch(config)#no snmp-server 192.168.1.50
[Host-address]	9		
no snmpv3 user	G	Remove specified user of SNMPv3	switch(config)#no snmpv3 user Test
[User Name]	Ŭ	agent.	
no snmpv3 access context-name			switch(config)#no snmpv3 access context-name
[Context Name]		SNMPv3 agent.	Test group G1 security-level AuthPr
group			iv match-rule Exact views V1 V1 V1
[Group Name]			
security-level [NoAuthNoPriv AuthNoPriv AuthPriv]	G		
match-rule	9		
[Exact Prifix]			
views			
[Read View Name] [Write View Name]			
[Notify View Name]			
no snmpv3 mibview view		Remove specified mibview table of	switch(config)#no snmpv3 mibview view V1 type
[View Name]		SNMPV3 agent.	Excluded sub-oid 1.3.6.1
type	G		
[Excluded Included]	9		
sub-oid			
[OID]			

3.2.12 Port Mirroring Commands Set

Table 3.12: Port Mirroring Commands Set

Commands	Level	Description	Example
monitor rx	G	Set RX destination port of monitor function	switch(config)#monitor rx
monitor tx	G	Set TX destination port of monitor function	switch(config)# monitor tx
show monitor	Р	Show port monitor information	switch#show monitor
monitor [RX TX Both]	I	Configure source port of monitor function	switch(config)#interface fastEthernet 2 switch(config-if)#monitor RX
show monitor	I	Show port monitor information	switch(config)#interface fastEthernet 2 switch(config-if)#show monitor
no monitor	1	Disable source port of monitor function	switch(config)#interface fastEthernet 2 switch(config-if)#no monitor

3.2.13 802.1x Commands Set

Table 3.13: 802.1x Commands Set			
Commands	Level	Description	Example
8021x enable	G	Use the 802.1x global configuration command to enable 802.1x protocols.	switch(config)# 8021x enable
8021x system radiousip [IP address]	G	Use the 802.1x system radious IP global configuration command to change the radious server IP.	switch(config)# 8021x system radiousip 192.168.1.1
8021x system serverport [port ID]	G	Use the 802.1x system server port global configuration command to change the radious server port	switch(config)# 8021x system serverport 1815
8021x system accountport [port ID]	G	Use the 802.1x system account port global configuration command to change the accounting port	switch(config)# 8021x system accountport 1816
8021x system sharekey [ID]	G	Use the 802.1x system share key global configuration command to change the shared key value.	switch(config)# 8021x system sharekey 123456
8021x system nasid [words]	G	Use the 802.1x system nasid global configuration command to change the NAS ID	switch(config)# 8021x system nasid test1
8021x misc quietperiod [sec.]	G	Use the 802.1x misc quiet period global configuration command to specify the quiet period value of the switch.	switch(config)# 8021x misc quietperiod 10
8021x misc txperiod [sec.]	G	Use the 802.1x misc TX period global configuration command to set the TX period.	switch(config)# 8021x misc txperiod 5
8021x misc supportimeout [sec.]	G	Use the 802.1x misc supp timeout global configuration command to set the supplicant timeout.	switch(config)# 8021x misc supportimeout 20
8021x misc servertimeout [sec.]	G	Use the 802.1x misc server timeout global configuration command to set the server timeout.	switch(config)#8021x misc servertimeout 20
8021x misc maxrequest [number]	G	Use the 802.1x misc max request global configuration command to set the MAX requests.	switch(config)# 8021x misc maxrequest 3
8021x misc reauthperiod [sec.]	G	Use the 802.1x misc reauth period global configuration command to set the reauth period.	switch(config)# 8021x misc reauthperiod 3000
8021x portstate [disable reject accept authorize]	I	Use the 802.1x port state interface configuration command to set the state of the selected port.	switch(config)#interface fastethernet 3 switch(config-if)#8021x portstate accept
show 8021x	Е	Displays a summary of the 802.1x properties and also the port sates.	switch> show 8021x

G

switch(config)#no 8021x

3.2.14 TFTP Commands Set

Table 3.14: TFTP Commands Set Commands Level Description **Defaults Example** backup flash:backup_cfg Save configuration to TFTP and need switch(config)#backup flash:backup_cfg to specify the IP of TFTP server and G the file name of image. Get configuration from TFTP server switch(config)#restore flash:restore_cfg restore flash:restore_cfg and need to specify the IP of TFTP G server and the file name of image. upgrade flash:upgrade_fw Upgrade firmware by TFTP and need switch(config)#upgrade lash:upgrade_fw to specify the IP of TFTP server and G the file name of image.

3.2.15 SystemLog, SMTP and Event

Commands	Level	Description	Example
systemlog ip [IP address]	G	Set System log server IP address.	switch(config)# systemlog ip 192.168.1.100
systemlog mode [client server both]	G	Specified the log mode	switch(config)# systemlog mode both
show systemlog	E	Displays system log.	Switch>show systemlog
show systemlog	Ρ	Show system log client & server information	switch#show systemlog
no systemlog	G	Disable systemlog functon	switch(config)#no systemlog
smtp enable	G	Enable SMTP function	switch(config)#smtp enable
smtp serverip [IP address]	G	Configure SMTP server IP	switch(config)#smtp serverip 192.168.1.5
smtp authentication	G	Enable SMTP authentication	switch(config)#smtp authentication
smtp account [account]	G	Configure authentication account	switch(config)#smtp account User
smtp password [password]	G	Configure authentication password	switch(config)#smtp password
smtp rcptemail [Index] [Email address]	G	Configure Rcpt e-mail Address	switch(config)#smtp rcptemail 1 <u>Alert@test.com</u>
show smtp	Р	Show the information of SMTP	switch#show smtp
no smtp	G	Disable SMTP function	switch(config)#no smtp
event device-cold-start [Systemlog SMTP Both]	G	Set cold start event type	switch(config)#event device-cold-start both
event authentication-failure [Systemlog SMTP Both]	G	Set Authentication failure event type	switch(config)#event authentication-failure both
event X-ring-topology-change [Systemlog SMTP Both]	G	Set X - ring topology changed event type	switch(config)#event X-ring-topology-change both
event systemlog [Link-UP Link-Down Both]	I.	Set port event for system log	switch(config)#interface fastethernet 3 switch(config-if)#event systemlog both
event smtp [Link-UP Link-Down Both]	I	Set port event for SMTP	switch(config)#interface fastethernet 3 switch(config-if)#event smtp both
show event	Р	Show event selection	switch#show event
no event device-cold-start	G	Disable cold start event type	switch(config)#no event device-cold-start
no event authentication-failure	G	Disable Authentication failure event type	switch(config)#no event authentication-failure
no event X-ring-topology-change	G	Disable X - ring topology changed event type	switch(config)#no event X-ring-topology-change
no event systemlog		Disable port event for system log	switch(config)#interface fastethernet 3

			switch(config-if)#no event systemlog
no event smpt	I		switch(config)#interface fastethernet 3 switch(config-if)#no event smtp
show systemlog	Ρ	Show system log client & server information	switch#show systemlog

3.2.16 SNTP Commands Set

Table 3.16: SNTP Commands Set				
Commands	Level	Description	Example	
sntp enable	G	Enable SNTP function	switch(config)#sntp enable	
sntp daylight	G	Enable daylight saving time, if SNTP function is inactive, this command can't be applied.	switch(config)#sntp daylight	
sntp daylight-period [Start time] [End time]	G	Set period of daylight saving time, if SNTP function is inactive, this command can't be applied. Parameter format: [yyyymmdd-hh:mm]	switch(config)# sntp daylight-period 20060101- 01:01 20060202-01-01	
sntp daylight-offset [Minute]	G	Set offset of daylight saving time, if SNTP function is inactive, this command can't be applied.	switch(config)#sntp daylight-offset 3	
sntp ip [IP]	G	Set SNTP server IP, if SNTP function is inactive, this command can't be applied.	switch(config)#sntp ip 192.169.1.1	
sntp timezone [Timezone]	G	Set timezone index, use "show sntp timzezone" command to get more information of index number	switch(config)#sntp timezone 22	
show sntp	Р	Show SNTP information	switch#show sntp	
show sntp timezone	Р	Show index number of time zone list	switch#show sntp timezone	
no sntp	G	Disable SNTP function	switch(config)#no sntp	
no sntp daylight	G	Disable daylight saving time	switch(config)#no sntp daylight	

3.2.17 X-ring Commands Set

Table 3.17: X-ring Commands Set				
Commands	Level	Description	Example	
ring enable	G	Enable X-ring	switch(config)#ring enable	
ring master	G	Enable ring master	switch(config)#ring master	
ring couplering	G	Enable couple ring	switch(config)#ring couplering	
ring dualhoming	G	Enable dual homing	switch(config)#ring dualhoming	
ring ringport [1st Ring Port] [2nd Ring Port]	G	Configure 1st/2nd Ring Port	switch(config)#ring ringport 7 8	
ring couplingport [Coupling Port]	G	Configure Coupling Port	switch(config)#ring couplingport 1	
ring controlport [Control Port]	G	Configure Control Port	switch(config)#ring controlport 2	
ring homingport [Dual Homing Port]	G	Configure Dual Homing Port	switch(config)#ring homingport 3	
show ring	Р	Show the information of X - Ring	switch#show ring	
no ring	G	Disable X-ring	switch(config)#no ring	
no ring master	G	Disable ring master	switch(config)# no ring master	

no ring couplering	G	Disable couple ring	switch(config)# no ring couplering
no ring dualhoming	G	Disable dual homing	switch(config)# no ring dualhoming

3.2.18 PoE Commands Set

Table 3.18: PoE Commands Set			
Commands	Level	Description	Example
poe	Р	Enter POE configure mode	switch#poe
system knockoff-disabled [Enable Disable]	Р	Set PoE system Port Knockoff Disabled	switch(poe)# system knockoff-disabled disable
system ac-disconnect [Enable Disable]	Р	Set PoE system AC Disconnect	switch(poe)# system ac-disconnect disable
system capacitive-detect [Enable Disable]	Р	Set PoE system Capacitive Detection	switch(poe)# system capacitive-detect enable
system power-limit [Value]	Р	Set Poe system Power Limit	switch(poe)# system power-limit 90
port [PortNumbers] state [Enable Disable]	Р	Set PoE port State	switch(poe)# port 1 state disable
port [PortNumbers] plfc [Enable Disable]	Р	Set PoE port Power Limit from Classification	switch(poe)# port 1 plfc enable
port [PortNumbers] legacy [Enable Disable]	Р	Set PoE port Legacy	switch(poe)# port 1 legacy enable
port [PortNumbers] priority [Low High Critical]	Р	Set PoE port Priority	switch(poe)# port 1 priority high
port [PortNumbers] powerlimit [Value]	Р	Set PoE port Power Limit Value	switch(poe)# port 1 powerlimit 15300
show poe	Р	Show setting of PoE function	switch#show poe

3.3 Web Browser

EKI-7659CPI provides a convenient configuring way via web browser. You can follow the steps below to access EKI-7659CPI.

EKI-7659CPI's default IP is 192.168.1.1. Make sure your host PC and EKI-7659 are on the same logical sub-network.

Warning Your host PC should be in the same VLAN setting with EKI-7659CPI, or the management will not be configured.

Connect EKI-7659CPI to the Ethernet then your host PC could be configured via Ethernet. Or you can directly connect EKI-7659CPI to your host PC with a straight-through or cross over Ethernet cable.

Before to use web management, install the industrial switch on the network and make sure that any one of PCs on the network can connect with the industrial switch through the web browser. The industrial switch default value of IP, subnet mask, username and password are as below:

- IP Address: 192.168.1.1
- Subnet Mask: 255.255.255.0
- Default Gateway: 192.168.1.254
- User Name: admin
- Password: admin

Open Internet Explorer and type EKI-7659CPI's IP in the Address field then press Enter to open the web login page.

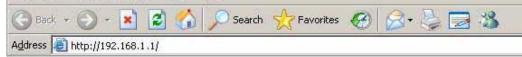


Figure 3.4-1: Type the address in the URL



Figure 3.4-2: Web Login Window

The default user name and password are both **admin**. Fill in the user name and password and then press **OK** to enter the configuration. You can change the password in the User Authentication section.

In the main page, you can find the tree menu structure of the Ethernet switch in the left side. Click the "+" symbol to unroll the hiding hyperlink, and click any one of the hyperlinks to open its function page.

AD\ANTECH	Industrial Switch
Open all Main Page Post Port Security Factory Default Save Configuration System Reboot	Welcome to the EKI-7659CPI 8+2G Combo Ports Industrial PoE Managed Gigabit Ethernet Switch
	Copyright © 2009 Advantech Co., Ltd., all rights reserved.

Figure 3.4-4: Main page

3.3.1 System

System Information

Here you can view the system information and assign the system name and location to make this switch more easily to be identified on your network.

- System Name: Assign the name of the switch. The maximum length is 64 bytes.
- System Description: Displays the description of switch. Read only cannot be modified.
- System Location: Assign the switch physical location. The maximum length is 64 bytes.
- System Contact: Enter the name of contact person or organization.
- Firmware Version: Displays the switch's firmware version.
- Kernel Version: Displays the kernel software version.
- MAC Address: Displays the unique hardware address assigned by manufacturer (default).

Warning Don't set "0" for the first segment of the subnet mask and default gateway (000.xxx.xxx.xxx). Refresh the web screen if the web could not be displayed while you change the setting.

AD\ANTECH	
	Industrial Switch
Open all Main Page □ <u></u> System	System Information
System Information	System Name EKI-7659CPI
IP Configuration DHCP Server	System Description 8+2G Combo Ports Industrial PoE Managed Gigabit Ethernet Sw
TFTP Transaction	System Location
System Event Log Fault Relay Alarm	System Contact
Port Protocol Security	ApplyHelpFirmware Versionv1.00Kernel Versionv2.33MAC Address000F38032413

Figure 3.4.1-1: System Information

IP Configuration

The interface allows users to configure the switch to receive an IP address from DHCP server or manually fill in **IP Address**, **Subnet Mask**, **Gateway**, IP addresses of the primary and the secondary DNS servers.

- **DHCP Client**: Enable or disable the DHCP client function. When DHCP client function is enabled, the industrial switch will be assigned an IP address from the network DHCP server. The default IP address will be replaced by the assigned IP address on DHCP server. After users click **Apply**, a popup dialog shows up. It is to inform the user that when the DHCP client is enabled, the current IP will lose and user should find the new IP on the DHCP server.
- **IP Address**: Assign the IP address that the network is using. If DHCP client function is enabled, and then the user doesn't need to assign the IP address. And, the network DHCP server will assign the IP address displaying in this column for the industrial switch. The default IP is 192.168.1.1.
- **Subnet Mask**: Assign the subnet mask to the IP address. If DHCP client function is enabled, and then the user does not need to assign the subnet mask.
- Gateway: Assign the network gateway for the industrial switch. The default gateway is 192.168.1.254.
- **DNS1**: The abbreviation of Domain Name Server—an Internet service that translate domain name into IP addresses. Domain name are alphabetic which are easy to be remembered. Because the Internet is based on IP address; every time you use a domain name, therefore, a DNS service must translate the name into the corresponding IP address. For example, the domain name **www.net.com** might translate to 192.168.1.1
- DNS2: The backup for DNS1. When DNS1 cannot function, DNS2 will then replace DNS1 immediately.
- And then, click Apply .

AD\ANTECH					
				Industrial	Switch
Open all 📓 Main Page	IP	Conf	iguratio	on	
 System System Information IP Configuration 		DHCP Clier	nt : Disable 💌		
 DHCP Server TFTP Transaction 		IP Address			
🚊 System Event Log			255.255.255.0 192.168.1.254	-	
 Fault Relay Alarm SNTP 			0.0.0.0		
 IP Security User Authentication 		DNS2	0.0.0.0		
		Appl	y Help		
			uration		
	Figure 3.4.1-2: II	r coniig	นเลแบท		

DHCP Server – System configuration

DHCP is the abbreviation of Dynamic Host Configuration Protocol that is a protocol for assigning dynamic IP addresses to devices on a network. With dynamic addressing, a device can have a different IP address every time it connects to the network. In some systems, the device's IP address can even change while it is still connected. DHCP also supports a mix of static and dynamic IP addresses. Dynamic addressing simplifies network administration because the software keeps track of IP addresses rather than requiring an administrator to manage the task. This means that a new computer can be added to a network without the hassle of manually assigning it a unique IP address.

The system provides the DHCP server function. Enable the DHCP server function, the switch system will be a DHCP server.

- DHCP Server: Enable or Disable the DHCP Server function. Enable the switch will be the DHCP server on your local network.
- Low IP Address: the dynamic IP assign range. Low IP address is the beginning of the dynamic IP assigns range. For example: dynamic IP assign range is from 192.168.1.100 ~ 192.168.1.200. 192.168.1.100 will be the Low IP address.
- **High IP Address:** the dynamic IP assign range. High IP address is the end of the dynamic IP assigns range. For example: dynamic IP assign range is from 192.168.1.100 ~ 192.168.1.200. 192.168.1.200 will be the High IP address.
- Subnet Mask: the dynamic IP assign range subnet mask.
- Gateway: the gateway in your network.
- DNS: Domain Name Server IP Address in your network.
- Lease Time (sec): It is the time period that system will reset the dynamic IP assignment to ensure the dynamic IP will not been occupied for a long time or the server doesn't know that the dynamic IP is idle.
- And then, click Apply

AD\ANTECH			
			Industrial Sv
Open all Main Page	DHCP Server - Sy	stem Co	nfiguration
 Main Fage System System Information 	System Configuration Client	Entries	Port and IP Binding
 IP Configuration DHCP Server 	DHCP Serv	er : Disable 💌	
 TFTP Transaction System Event Log 	Low IP Addres	s 192.168.16.100	
Fault Relay Alarm SNTP		s 192.168.16.200	
IP Security	Subnet Mask	255.255.255.0	
 User Authentication Port 	Gateway	192.168.16.254	-
Protocol	DNS	0.0.0.0	
E Security	Lease Time (se	c) 86400	
 Power over Ethernet Factory Default Save Configuration 	Appl	y Help	
Save Configuration			

Figure 3.4.1-3: DHCP Server - System Configuration

DHCP Client – System Configuration

When the DHCP server function is active, the system will collect the DHCP client information and displays them here.

AD\ANTECH		
	Industria	Sv
Open all 🖹 Main Page	DHCP Server - Client Entries	
System System Information	System Configuration Client Entries Port and IP Binding	
 IP Configuration DHCP Server TFTP Transaction System Event Log Fault Relay Alarm SNTP IP Security User Authentication Port Protocol 	IP addr Client ID Type Status Lease	
E Security	Figure 3.4.1-4: DHCP Server – Client Entries	

DHCP Server - Port and IP Bindings

You can assign a specific IP address, which is the IP in dynamic IP assign range, to the specific port. When a device is connecting to the port and asks for dynamic IP assigning, the system will assign the IP address to the connected device.

AD\ANTECH			
			Industrial Sv
Open all) Main Page	DHCP S	Server - Port an	
 System System Information 	System Configuratio	n Client Entries	Port and IP Binding
IP Configuration DHCP Server		Port IP	
TFTP Transaction		Port.01 0.0.0.0	
System Event Log		Port.02 0.0.0.0	
Fault Relay Alarm		Port.03 0.0.0.0	
SNTP		Port.04 0.0.0.0	
User Authentication		Port.05 0.0.0.0	
🗉 🚊 Port		Port.06 0.0.0.0	
		Port.07 0.0.0.0	
Power over Ethernet			
📓 Factory Default		Port.08 0.0.0.0	
Save Configuration		Port.09 0.0.0.0	
System Reboot		Port.10 0.0.0.0	
		Apply Help	

Figure 3.4.1-5: DHCP Server – Port and IP Binding

TFTP - Update Firmware

Trivial File Transfer Protocol (TFTP) is a very simple file transfer protocol, with the functionality of a very basic form of FTP. It provides the functions to allow the user to update the switch firmware. Before updating, make sure you have your TFTP server ready and the firmware image is on the TFTP server.

- TFTP Server IP Address: fill in your TFTP server IP.
- Firmware File Name: the name of firmware image.
- And then, click Apply

AD\ANTECH	
	industrial Sv
Open all	TFTP - Update Firmware
 Main Page System System Information 	Update Firmware Restore Configuration Backup Configuration
 IP Configuration DHCP Server 	TFTP Server IP Address 192.168.1.2
 TFTP Transaction System Event Log 	Firmware File Name image.bin
 Fault Relay Alarm SNTP IP Security 	Apply Help
 User Authentication Port 	
 ■ Protocol ■ Security 	

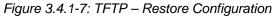
Figure 3.4.1-6: TFTP – Update Firmware

TFTP – Restore Configuration

You can restore Flash ROM value from TFTP server, but you must put the image file on TFTP server first, switch will download back flash image.

- TFTP Server IP Address: fill in the TFTP server IP.
- Restore File Name: fill in the correct restore file name.
- Click Apply

ADVANTECH	industrial Sw
Open all 📓 Main Page	TFTP - Restore Configuration
🗆 🔄 System	Update Firmware Restore Configuration Backup Configuration
System Information	
IP Configuration DHCP Server	TFTP Server IP Address 192.168.1.2
TFTP Transaction	Restore File Name data.bin
System Event Log	
Fault Relay Alarm	Apply Help
SNTP	
IP Security	
User Authentication	
🗉 🛄 Port	
Protocol	
🗉 📄 Security	



TFTP - Backup Configuration

You can save current Flash ROM value from the switch to TFTP server, then go to the TFTP restore configuration page to restore the Flash ROM value.

- TFTP Server IP Address: fill in the TFTP server IP
- Backup File Name: fill the file name
- Click Apply

AD\ANTECH	
	industrial Sv
Open all Main Page	TFTP - Backup Configuration
🗆 🤄 System	Update Firmware Restore Configuration Backup Configuration
System Information	
IP Configuration	
DHCP Server	TFTP Server IP Address 192.168.1.2
TFTP Transaction	Backup File Name data.bin
🖼 System Event Log	
🗎 Fault Relay Alarm	Apply Help
SNTP	
IP Security	
User Authentication	
🗉 🧰 Port	
🗉 🧰 Protocol	
🗉 🧰 Security	
	Figure 3.4.1-8: TFTP – Backup Configuration

System Event Log – Syslog Configuration

Configure the system event mode and system log server IP which you want to collect.

- Syslog Client Mode: select the system log mode client only, server only, or both S/C.
- System Log Server IP Address: assign the system log server IP.
- Click Reload to refresh the events log.
- Click Clear to clear all current events log.
- After configuring, Click Apply

AD\ANTECH	
	Industrial Sv
Open all Main Page System System DHCP Server TFTP Transaction System Event Log Fault Relay Alarm SNTP File Security User Authentication Port Port Port Power over Ethernet Factory Default Save Configuration System Reboot	Image: Descent and an analysis of the second and any of the second and any of the second
	Page.1 V

Figure 3.4.1-9: Syslog Configuration

System Event Log - SMTP Configuration

You can set up the mail server IP, mail account, account password, and forwarded email account for receiving the event alert.

- Email Alert: enable or disable the email alert function.
- **SMTP Server IP:** set up the mail server IP address (when Email Alert enabled, this function will then be available).
- Sender: key in a complete email address, e.g. <u>switch101@123.com</u>, to identify where the event log comes from.
- Authentication: mark the check box to enable and configure the email account and password for authentication (when Email Alert enabled, this function will then be available).
- Mail Account: set up the email account, e.g. johnadmin@123.com, to receive the alert. It must be an existing email account on the mail server, which you had set up in SMTP Server IP Address column.

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- Password: The email account password.
- Confirm Password: reconfirm the password.
- Rcpt e-mail Address 1 ~ 6: you can assign up to 6 e-mail accounts also to receive the alert.
- Click Apply

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	แน่นอน	I al OI
Open all	System Event Log - SMTP Configura	ation
Main Page	, 5 5	
🗆 🔄 System	Syslog Configuration SMTP Configuration Event Configura	ation
System Information		
IP Configuration	E-mail Alert: Disable 💙	
DHCP Server	E-midil Alert: Disable V	
TFTP Transaction	SMTP Server IP Address : 0.0.0.0	
System Event Log		
Fault Relay Alarm	Sender :	
SNTP	Authentication	
IP Security User Authentication	Rcpt e-mail Address 1 :	
Protocol	Rcpt e-mail Address 2 :	
E D Security	Rcpt e-mail Address 3 :	
Power over Ethernet	Rcpt e-mail Address 4 :	
Factory Default	Rcpt e-mail Address 5 :	
Save Configuration	Rcpt e-mail Address 6 :	
System Reboot		
	Apply Help	

Figure 3.4.1-10: SMTP Configuration

System Event Log - Event Configuration

You can select the 'Syslog' and 'SMTP' events for each port. When selected events occur, the system will send out the log information to the system log server. After configuring, Click Apply.

- System event selection: 4 selections Device cold start, Device warm start, SNMP Authentication Failure, and X-ring topology change. Mark the checkbox to select the event. When selected events occur, the system will issue the logs.
 - > **Device cold start:** when the device executes cold start action, the system will issue a log event.
 - > Device warm start: when the device executes warm start, the system will issue a log event.
 - > Authentication Failure: when the SNMP authentication fails, the system will issue a log event.
 - X-ring topology change: when the X-ring topology has changed, the system will issue a log event.
- Port event selection: select the syslog and SMTP events for each port. It has 3 selections—Link Up, Link Down, and Link UP & Link Down. Disable means no event is selected.
 - > Link UP: the system will issue a log message when port connection links up only.
 - > Link Down: the system will issue a log message when port connection links down only.
 - Link UP & Link Down: the system will issue a log message when port connection is up and down.

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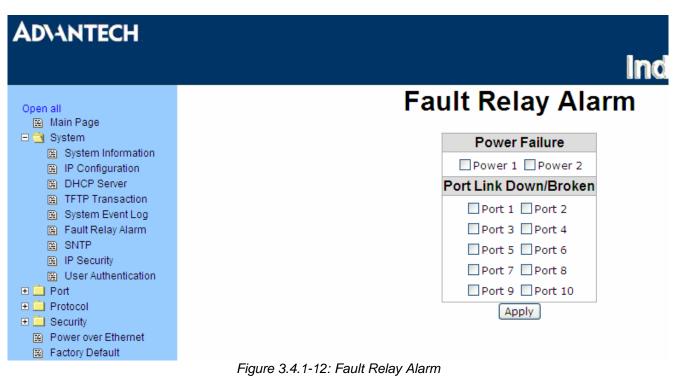
System System Information	Syslog Configura	tion	SMTP Configuration	ר Ever	t Configuration
IP Configuration DHCP Server			System event selec	tion	
TFTP Transaction		Event	Туре	Syslog	SMTP
System Event Log Fault Relay Alarm	Device cold	start			
SNTP	Device warr	n start		Г	
IP Security	Authenticati	on Failure		Г	
User Authentication	X-Ring topo	logy change		Г	
Protocol Security Power over Ethernet	Port	ion SMTP			
E Factory Default	Port.01	Disable	yslog	Disable	v
 Save Configuration System Reboot 	Port.02	Disable		Disable	
	Port.03	Disable	_	Disable	V
	Port.04	Disable	V	Disable	7
	Port.05	Disable	V	Disable	V
	Port.06	Disable	7	Disable	V
	Port.07	Disable	v	Disable	V
	Port.08	Disable	Y	Disable	7
	Port.09	Disable	Y	Disable	7
	Port.10	Disable	~	Disable	~

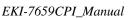
Figure 3.4.1-11: Event Configuration

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Fault Relay Alarm

- **Power Failure:** Tick the checkbox to enable the function of lighting up the **FAULT** LED on the panel when power fails.
- Port Link Down/Broken: Tick the checkbox to enable the function of lighting up FAULT LED on the panel when ports' states are link-down or broken.





SNTP Configuration

You can configure the SNTP (Simple Network Time Protocol) settings. The SNTP allows you to synchronize switch clocks on the Internet.

- **SNTP Client:** enable or disable SNTP function to get the time from the SNTP server.
- **Daylight Saving Time:** enable or disable daylight saving time function. When daylight saving time is enabled, you need to configure the daylight saving time period.
- **UTC Timezone:** set the switch location time zone. The following table lists the different location time zone for your reference.

Table 3.19: UTC Timezone								
Local Time Zone	Conversion from UTC	Time at 12:00 UTC						
November Time Zone	- 1 hour	11am						
Oscar Time Zone	-2 hours	10 am						
ADT - Atlantic Daylight	-3 hours	9 am						
AST - Atlantic Standard EDT - Eastern Daylight	-4 hours	8 am						
EST - Eastern Standard CDT - Central Daylight	-5 hours	7 am						
CST - Central Standard MDT - Mountain Daylight	-6 hours	6 am						
MST - Mountain Standard PDT - Pacific Daylight	-7 hours	5 am						
PST - Pacific Standard ADT - Alaskan Daylight	-8 hours	4 am						
ALA - Alaskan Standard	-9 hours	3 am						
HAW - Hawaiian Standard	-10 hours	2 am						
Nome, Alaska	-11 hours	1 am						
CET - Central European FWT - French Winter MET - Middle European MEWT - Middle European Winter SWT - Swedish Winter	+1 hour	1 pm						
EET - Eastern European, USSR Zone 1	+2 hours	2 pm						
BT - Baghdad, USSR Zone 2	+3 hours	3 pm						
ZP4 - USSR Zone 3	+4 hours	4 pm						

ZP5 - USSR Zone 4	+5 hours	5 pm
ZP6 - USSR Zone 5	+6 hours	6 pm
WAST - West Australian Standard	+7 hours	7 pm
CCT - China Coast, USSR Zone 7	+8 hours	8 pm
JST - Japan Standard, USSR Zone 8	+9 hours	9 pm
EAST - East Australian Standard GST Guam Standard, USSR Zone 9	+10 hours	10 pm
IDLE - International Date Line NZST - New Zealand Standard NZT - New Zealand	+12 hours	Midnight

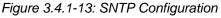
- SNTP Sever URL: Set the SNTP server IP address.
- Switch Timer: Displays the current time of the switch.
- **Daylight Saving Period:** Set up the Daylight Saving beginning time and Daylight Saving ending time. Both will be different in every year.
- Daylight Saving Offset (mins): For non-US and European countries, specify the amount of time for day light savings.
- Synchronization Interval (secs): The Synchronization Interval is used for sending synchronizing packets periodically. Users can assign the time ranging from 64 to 1024 seconds. The "0" value displaying by default means that you disable the auto-synchronized feature in the SNTP client mode. You can enable the feature by filling the interval range from 64 ~ 1024 seconds.

Industrial Switch

Click Apply

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Open all	SNTP Configuration
📓 Main Page 🗖 🔄 System	SNTP Client : Enable 🔽
System Information IP Configuration	Daylight Saving Time : Enable 💌
DHCP Server	
🖼 TFTP Transaction	UTC Timezone (GMT)Greenwich Mean Time: Dublin, Edinburgh, Lisbon, London 🔽
😰 System Event Log	SNTP Server URL 0.0.0.0
SNTP	Switch Timer
IP Security	Daylight Saving Period 20040101 00:0 20040101 00:0
User Authentication Dert	Daylight Saving Offset(mins)
🗉 🛄 Protocol	Synchronization Interval(secs)
Security Security Sectory Default	
Factory Default Save Configuration	Apply Help
🖺 System Reboot	
	Figure 2.4.1.12; SNTD Configuration



IP Security

IP security function allows the user to assign 10 specific IP addresses that have permission to access the switch through the web browser for the securing switch management.

- **IP Security Mode:** when this option is in Enable mode, the Enable HTTP Server and Enable Telnet Server check boxes will then be available.
- Enable HTTP Server: when this check box is checked, the IP addresses among Security IP1 ~ IP10 will be allowed to access via HTTP service.
- Enable Telnet Server: when checked, the IP addresses among Security IP1 ~ IP10 will be allowed to
 access via telnet service.
- Security IP 1 ~ 10: Assign up to 10 specific IP address. Only these 10 IP address can access and manage the switch through the Web browser
- And then, click Apply to apply the configuration.

Remember to execute the "Save Configuration" action, otherwise the new configuration will lose when switch power off.

AD\ANTECH		
Open all 😰 Main Page	IP Se	ecurity
 System System Information 	IP Security I	Mode: Disable 💌
IP Configuration DHCP Server	Enable HTT	
TFTP Transaction	Enable Teln	et Server
🖹 System Event Log 🖺 Fault Relay Alarm	Security IP1	0.0.0
SNTP	Security IP2	0.0.0
IP Security User Authentication	Security IP3	0.0.0
	Security IP4	0.0.0
Protocol	Security IP5	0.0.0
Security Power over Ethernet	Security IP6	0.0.0
🚊 Factory Default	Security IP7	0.0.0
Save Configuration System Reboot	Security IP8	0.0.0
E oystenn teboot	Security IP9	0.0.0
	Security IP10	0.0.0
	Арр	ly Help

Figure 3.4.1-14: IP Security

Note

User Authentication

You can change login user name and password for the management security issue.

- User name: Key in the new user name (The default is "admin")
- Password: Key in the new password (The default is "admin")
- Confirm password: Re-type the new password
- And then, click Apply to apply the configuration.

AD\ANTECH Indus **User Authentication** Open all 🚊 Main Page 🖃 🔄 System User Name : admin System Information New Password : IP Configuration DHCP Server Confirm Password : TFTP Transaction 🚊 System Event Log Apply Help 🚊 Fault Relay Alarm B SNTP IP Security User Authentication 🕀 🛄 Port Figure 3.4.1-15: User Authentication

3.3.2 Port

Port setting includes Port Statistics, Port Control, Port Trunk, Port Mirroring, and Rate Limiting. User can use this interface to set the parameters and control the packet flow among the ports.

Port Statistics

The following information provides the current port statistic information.

- **Port:** The port number.
- **Type:** Displays the current speed of connection to the port.
- Link: The status of linking—'Up' or 'Down'.
- State: It's set by Port Control. When the state is disabled, the port will not transmit or receive any packet.
- Tx Good Packet: The counts of transmitting good packets via this port.
- **Tx Bad Packet:** The counts of transmitting bad packets (including undersize [less than 64 bytes], oversize, CRC Align errors, fragments and jabbers packets) via this port.
- Rx Good Packet: The counts of receiving good packets via this port.
- **Rx Bad Packet:** The counts of receiving bad packets (including undersize [less than 64 bytes], oversize, CRC error, fragments and jabbers) via this port.
- Tx Abort Packet: The aborted packet while transmitting.
- Packet Collision: The counts of collision packet.
- Packet Dropped: The counts of dropped packet.
- Rx Bcast Packet: The counts of broadcast packet.
- Rx Mcast Packet: The counts of multicast packet.
- click Apply to apply the configuration.

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Open all						UIL	Jua	131	103				
🚊 Main Page													
🗉 🚞 System	Deat	T	1.1.1.	Charles	Tx Good	Tx Bad	Rx Good	Rx Bad	Tx Abort	Packet	Packet	RX Bcast	RX Mcast
🗆 🔁 Port	Port	Туре	LINK	State	Packet	Packet	Packet	Packet	Packet	Collision	Dropped	Packet	Packet
Port Statistics	Port.01	100TX	Down	Enable	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Port Control	Port.02	100TX	Down	Enable	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Port Trunk	Port.03	100TX	Down	Enable	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Port Mirroring	Port.04	100TX	Down	Enable	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Rate Limiting	Port.05	100TX	Down	Enable	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Protocol	Port.06	100TX	Down	Enable	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Security	Port.07	100TX	Up	Enable	36098	0	169335	0	0	0	0	76028	17687
Power over Ethernet	Port.08	100TX	Down	Enable	72910	0	108640	0	0	0	0	41	0
 Factory Default 	Port.09	1GTX/mGBIC	Down	Enable	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
<u> </u>	Port.10	1GTX/mGBIC	Down	Enable	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Save Configuration													
System Reboot							Clear	Help					

Port Statistics

Figure 3.4.2-1: Port Statistics

Port Control

In Port Control, you can pull down the selection items to set the parameters of each port to control the transmitting/receiving packets.

- **Port:** select the port that you want to configure.
- State: current port status. The port can be set to disable or enable mode. If the port setting is disable then will not receive or transmit any packet.
- Negotiation: set auto negotiation status of port.
- Speed: set the port link speed.
- Duplex: set full-duplex or half-duplex mode of the port.
- Flow Control: set flow control function as Enable or Disable in Full Duplex mode. The default value is Enable.
- Security: when its state is "On" that means this port accepts only one MAC address.
- Click Apply to apply the configuration.

AD\ANTECH										
								In	dustr	ial S
Open all Main Page ❶ System				Ρ	ort	Cont	rol			
E 🔄 Port		Port	State	Ne	gotiati	on Speed	Duplex F	low Co	ntrol Security	
Port Statistics Port Control Port Trunk Port Mirroring Port Mirroring		Port.02 Port.02 Port.03 Port.04	Enable	✓ A	uto 💌	100 🗸	Full 🗡	Enable	V Off V	
 ■ Rate Limiting ● Protocol ● Security 	(Apply) (Help)									
 Power over Ethernet Factory Default 	Port	Group ID	Type	Link	State	Negotiatio	Speed [•	Flow Control	
Save Configuration		•				-	Config		Config Actua	
System Reboot	Port.01				Enable Enable		100 Full		Enable N/A	OFF
	Port.02 Port.03				Enable		100 Full 100 Full		Enable N/A Enable N/A	OFF
	Port.03 Port.04				Enable		100 Full		Enable N/A	OFF
	Port.05				Enable		100 Full		Enable N/A	OFF
	Port.06				Enable		100 Full		Enable N/A	OFF
	Port.07			Up	Enable				Enable ON	OFF
	Port.08		100TX	Down	Enable	Auto	100 Full	N/A	Enable N/A	OFF
	Port.09	N/A	1GTX/mGBIC	Down	Enable	Auto	1G Full	N/A	Enable N/A	OFF
	Port.10	N/A	1GTX/mGBIC	Down	Enable	Auto	1G Full	N/A	Enable N/A	OFF
	Port.10		3.4.2-2: P				IG Full	N/A	Enable N/A	UFF

Port Trunk

The Link Aggregation Control Protocol (LACP) provides a standardized means for exchanging information between Partner Systems on a link to allow their Link Aggregation Control instances to reach agreement on the identity of the Link Aggregation Group to which the link belongs, move the link to that Link Aggregation Group, and enable its transmission and reception functions in an orderly manner. Link aggregation lets you group up to 4 ports into one dedicated connections. This feature can expand bandwidth to a device on the network. LACP operation requires full-duplex mode; for more detail information please refers to IEEE 802.3ad.

Aggregator setting

- **System Priority:** a value used to identify the active LACP. The switch with the lowest value has the highest priority and is selected as the active LACP.
- Group ID: There are four trunk groups to provide configure. Choose the "Group ID" and click Select
- **LACP:** If enable, the group is LACP dynamic trunk group. If disable, the group is static trunk group. All ports support LACP dynamic trunk group. If connecting to the device that also supports LACP, the LACP dynamic trunk group will be created automatically.
- Work ports: allows max four ports to be aggregated at the same time. With LACP dynamic trunk group, the exceed ports are standby and can be aggregated if work ports fail. If it is static trunk group, the number of ports must be the same as the group member ports.
- Select the ports to join the trunk group. Allows max four ports to be aggregated at the same time. Click Add to add the port. To remove unwanted ports, select the port and click Remov.
- If LACP enable, you can configure LACP Active/Passive status in each ports on State Activity page.
- Click Apply
- Use Apply to delete Trunk Group. Select the Group ID and click Delete

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				In	dustrial	S
Open all 🗎 Main Page	Port	Trunk	k - Aggrega	tor S	etting	
⊞ 🛄 System ⊟ 😋 Port	Aggregator Set	tting	Aggregator Information		State Activity	
Port Statistics Port Control Port Trunk Port Mirroring			System Priority			
Rate Limiting		Group ID	Trunk.1 💌	Select		
Protocol Security		Lacp	Enable 💌			
Power over Ethernet		Work Ports	2			
 Factory Default Save Configuration System Reboot 		Port.01 Port.08	< <add Remove>></add 	Port.02 Port.03 Port.04 Port.05 Port.06 Port.07 Port.09 Port.10		
		l	Apply Delete Help			
	Figure 3.4.2-3	3: Aggrega	tor Setting			

Aggregator Information

When you have set up the aggregator setting with LACP disabled, you will see the local static trunk group information here.

AD\ANTECH						Ind	ustrial
Open all Main Page	Port Tru	ık -	Aggr	ega	tor	Inform	nation
Gystem System Ort Port Port Statistics Port Control	Aggregator Setting		Aggregator	Informa	tion	Stat	e Activity
Port Trunk				Group1			
🖹 Port Mirroring		Actor			Partner	•	
Rate Limiting		Priority	1		1		
🕀 🧰 Protocol		MAC	00FF383746		001122		
🗉 🧰 Security			Key Priority			Key Priority	
🚊 Power over Ethernet			513 1		PORT4		
Factory Default		PORT1	513 1	selected	PORT2	513 1	
Save Configuration							
	Figure 3.4.2-4: Aggre	egator	Informatio	n			

State Activity

When you had set up the LACP aggregator, you can configure port state activity. You can mark or unmark the port. When you mark the port and click Apply the port state activity will change to Active. Opposite is Passive.

- Active: The port automatically sends LACP protocol packets.
- **Passive:** The port does not automatically send LACP protocol packets, and responds only if it receives LACP protocol packets from the opposite device.

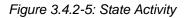
Note

A link having either two active LACP ports or one active port can perform dynamic LACP trunk.

A link has two passive LACP ports will not perform dynamic LACP trunk because both ports are waiting for an LACP protocol packet from the opposite device.

If you are the active LACP's actor, after you have selected trunk port, the active status will be activated automatically.

AD\ANTECH	industrial S
Open all Main Page	Port Trunk - State Activity
System	Aggregator Setting Aggregator Information State Activity
 Port Port Statistics Port Control Port Trunk Port Mirroring Rate Limiting Protocol Security 	Port LACP State Activity1Image: Active2N/A3N/A4N/A5N/A6N/A7N/A8Image: Active9N/A10N/A
 Factory Default Save Configuration System Reboot 	Apply Help



Port Mirroring

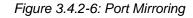
The Port mirroring is a method for monitoring traffic in switched networks. Traffic through ports can be monitored by one specific port. That means traffic which goes in or out the monitored (source) ports will be duplicated into the mirror (destination) port.

- **Destination Port:** There is only one port can be selected to be destination (mirror) port for monitoring both RX and TX traffic which come from source port. Or, use one of two ports for monitoring RX traffic only and the other one for TX traffic only. User can connect mirror port to LAN analyzer or Netxray
- Source Port: The ports that user wants to monitor. All monitored port traffic will be copied to mirror (destination) port. User can select multiple source ports by checking the RX or TX check boxes to be monitored.
- And then, click Apply .

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) Page			Port	Mirro	oring	J
	Г		Destina	tion Port	Sourc	e Port
			RX	ТХ	RX	ТХ
	1	Port.01	۲	•		
	-	Port.02	0	0		
	1	Port.03	0	0		
	1	Port.04	0	0		
	1	Port.05	0	0		
	1	Port.06	0	0		
	1	Port.07	0	0		
	1	Port.08	0	0		
	1	Port.09	0	0		
	1	Port.10	0	0		



Rate Limiting

You can set up the bandwidth rate and frame limitation type for each port.

- Ingress Limit Frame type: select the frame type that wants to filter. The frame types have 4 options for selecting: All, Broadcast/Multicast/Flooded Unicast, Broadcast/Multicast and Broadcast only. Broadcast/Multicast/Flooded Unicast, Broadcast/Multicast and Bbroadcast only types are only for ingress frames. The egress rate only supports All type.
- All the ports support port ingress and egress rate control. For example, assume port 1 is 10Mbps, users can set it's effective egress rate is 1Mbps, ingress rate is 500Kbps. The switch performs the ingress rate by packet counter to meet the specified rate
- Ingress: Enter the port effective ingress rate (The default value is "0")
- Egress: Enter the port effective egress rate (The default value is "0")
- And then, click Apply to apply the settings

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all Main Page		Rate Limiti		dustri
System		Ingress Limit Frame Type	Ingress	Egress
Port Device Test	Port.01	All 👻	0 kbps	s 0 kbps
 Port Statistics Port Control 	Port.02	All	0 kbps	
Port Trunk	Port.03	All	0 kbps	
Port Mirroring	Port.04	All	0 kbp	
Rate Limiting rotocol	Port.05		0 kbp	
ecurity	Port.06		0 kbps	
wer over Ethernet	Port.07		0 kbp	
ctory Default we Configuration	Port.08		0 kbp	
/stem Reboot	Port.09		0 kbp	
	Port.10	All	0 kbp	

Figure 3.4.2-7: Rate Limiting

3.3.3 Protocol

User can set the layer 2 protocol setting via this interface.

VLAN configuration

A Virtual LAN (VLAN) is a logical network grouping that limits the broadcast domain, which would allow you to isolate network traffic, so only the members of the VLAN will receive traffic from the same members of VLAN. Basically, creating a VLAN from a switch is logically equivalent of reconnecting a group of network devices to another Layer 2 switch. However, all the network devices are still plugged into the same switch physically.

The industrial switch supports port-based and 802.1Q (tagged-based) VLAN. The default configuration of VLAN operation mode is "**Disable**".

AD\ANTECH	
	Indus
Open all Main Page System Port Protocol MLAN RSTP SNMP SNMP QoS IGMP X-Ring	VLAN Operation Mode : Disable Disable Enable GVRP Protocol Management Vlan ID : 0 Apply
	Figure 3.4.3-1: VLAN Configuration

VLAN configuration - Port-based VLAN

Packets can go among only members of the same VLAN group. Note all unselected ports are treated as belonging to another single VLAN. If the port-based VLAN enabled, the VLAN-tagging is ignored.

In order for an end station to send packets to different VLAN groups, it itself has to be either capable of tagging packets it sends with VLAN tags or attached to a VLAN-aware bridge that is capable of classifying and tagging the packet with different VLAN ID based on not only default PVID but also other information about the packet, such as the protocol.

ADVANTECH	Indus
Open all Main Page System Port Protocol VLAN RSTP SNMP QOS IGMP X-Ring Security Power over Ethernet Factory Default Save Configuration System Reboot	VLAN Operation Mode : Port Based Enable GVRP Protocol Management Vlan ID : Apply Add Edit Delete Help

Figure 3.4.3-2: Port based mode

- Pull down the select item menu of VLAN Operation Mode, and select Port Based mode.
- Click Add to add a new VLAN group(The maximum VLAN group is up to 256 VLAN groups)
- Entering the VLAN name, group ID and grouping the members of VLAN group
- And then, click Apply

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Indus

Open all Main Page ⊕	VLAN Configuration
	VLAN Operation Mode : Port Based Enable GVRP Protocol Management Vlan ID : Apply
 X-Ring Security Power over Ethernet Factory Default Save Configuration System Reboot 	Group NameVLAN ID1Port.01 Port.02 Port.03 Port.04 Port.05 Port.05 Port.06
	Apply Help Figure 3.4.3.3: Port based mode-Add interface

- You will see the VLAN displays.
- Use Delete to delete unwanted VLAN.
- Use Edit to modify existing VLAN group.

Note

Remember to execute the "**Save Configuration**" action, otherwise the new configuration will lose when switch power off.

802.1Q VLAN

Tagged-based VLAN is an IEEE 802.1Q specification standard. Therefore, it is possible to create a VLAN across devices from different switch venders. IEEE 802.1Q VLAN uses a technique to insert a "tag" into the Ethernet frames. Tag contains a VLAN Identifier (VID) that indicates the VLAN numbers. You can create Tag-based VLAN, and enable or disable GVRP protocol. There are 256 VLAN groups to provide configure. Enable 802.1Q VLAN, the all ports on the switch belong to default VLAN, VID is 1. The default VLAN can't be deleting.

GVRP allows automatic VLAN configuration between the switch and nodes. If the switch is connected to a device with GVRP enabled, you can send a GVRP request using the VID of a VLAN defined on the switch; the switch will automatically add that device to the existing VLAN.

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Open all Main Page		VLAN Op		roup Configuration
 Factory Default Save Configuration System Reboot 			Link Apply Help	
Save Configuration	Port		Link 🔽 🚺	Tagged Vid
Save Configuration	Port Port.01	Port.01	Link 🗾 1	
Save Configuration		Port.01 💌 Access	Link I Apply Help Untagged Vid	
Save Configuration	Port.01 Port.02 Port.03	Port.01 Access Link Type Access Link	Link I Apply Help Untagged Vid 1	
Save Configuration	Port.01 Port.02 Port.03 Port.04	Port.01 💌 Access Link Type Access Link Access Link Access Link Access Link Access Link	Link I Apply Help Untagged Vid 1 1	
Save Configuration	Port.01 Port.02 Port.03 Port.04 Port.05	Port.01 💌 Access Link Type Access Link Access Link Access Link Access Link Access Link Access Link	Link I Apply Help Untagged Vid I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I	
Save Configuration	Port.01 Port.02 Port.03 Port.04 Port.05 Port.06	Port.01 Access Access Link Access Link Access Link Access Link Access Link Access Link Access Link Access Link	Link I Apply Help Untagged Vid I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I	
Save Configuration	Port.01 Port.02 Port.03 Port.04 Port.05 Port.06 Port.07	Port.01 💌 Access Access Link Access Link Access Link Access Link Access Link Access Link Access Link Access Link Access Link	Link I Apply Help Untagged Vid I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I	
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Save Configuration	Port.01 Port.02 Port.03 Port.04 Port.05 Port.06 Port.07	Port.01 💌 Access Access Link Access Link Access Link Access Link Access Link Access Link Access Link Access Link Access Link	Link I Apply Help Untagged Vid I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I	

Figure 3.4.3-4: 802.1Q VLAN Configuration

802.1Q Configuration

- Pull down the select item menu of VLAN Operation Mode, and select Port Based mode.
- Enable GVRP Protocol: mark the check box to enable GVRP protocol that allows network devices to dynamically exchange VLAN configuration information with other devices. If GVRP protocol is not enabled, user has to set the tagging information manually.
- Select the port that you want to configure.
- Link Type: there are 3 types of link type.
 - > Access Link: single switch only, allow user to group ports by setting the same VID.
 - Trunk Link: the extended application of Access Link. While the ports are set in this type, they can forward the packets with specified tag among the switches which are included in the same VLAN group.
 - > Hybrid Link: Both Access Link and Trunk Link are available.
- Untagged VID: assign the untagged frame VID.
- Tagged VID: assign the tagged frame VID.
- Click Apply

Group Configuration

Edit the existing VLAN Group.

• Select the VLAN group in the table list.

Click Apply

AD\ANTECH		industrial S
Open all Main Page → System → Port → Protocol WLAN WRSTP SNMP SNMP QoS IGMP X-Ring	VLAN Operation Mode : 802.1 Enable GVRP Protocol Management Vlan ID : 0	
 Security Power over Ethernet Factory Default Save Configuration System Reboot 	802.1Q Configuration Default 1 Edit Delete	Group Configuration
	Figure 3.4.3-5: 802.1Q Group Configuration	

• You can Change the VLAN group name and VLAN ID.



AD\ANTECH	industrial Sv
Open all Main Page System Port Port VLAN RSTP SNMP COS IGMP X-Ring Security Power over Ethernet Factory Default Save Configuration System Reboot	VLAN Operation Mode : 802.1Q <pre>C Enable GVRP Protocol</pre> Management Vlan ID : Management Vlan ID : O Apply S02.1Q Configuration <pre>Group Name Default</pre> VLAN ID 1 Apply

Figure 3.4.3-6: 802.1Q Group Configuration-Edit

Rapid Spanning Tree

The Rapid Spanning Tree Protocol (RSTP) is an evolution of the Spanning Tree Protocol and provides for faster spanning tree convergence after a topology change. The system also supports STP and the system will auto detect the connected device that is running STP or RSTP protocol.

RSTP - System Configuration

- User can view spanning tree information about the Root Bridge
- User can modify RSTP state. After modification, click Apply
 - RSTP mode: user must enable or disable RSTP function before configure the related parameters
 - Priority (0-61440): a value used to identify the root bridge. The bridge with the lowest value has the highest priority and is selected as the root. If the value changes, user must reboot the switch. The value must be multiple of 4096 according to the protocol standard rule
 - Max Age (6-40): the number of seconds a bridge waits without receiving Spanning-tree Protocol configuration messages before attempting a reconfiguration. Enter a value between 6 through 40
 - Hello Time (1-10): the time that controls switch sends out the BPDU packet to check RSTP current status. Enter a value between 1 through 10
 - Forward Delay Time (4-30): the number of seconds a port waits before changing from its Rapid Spanning-Tree Protocol learning and listening STP states to the forwarding state. Enter a value between 4 through 30

Note

Follow the rule to configure the MAX Age, Hello Time, and Forward Delay Time.

2 x (Forward Delay Time value -1) > = Max Age value >= 2 x (Hello Time value +1)

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Open all Main Page	RS	TP - Syste	em Con	figurat	ion	
🗉 🧰 System	System	Configuration		Port Configur	ration	
					7	
VLAN		RSTP M	ode	Enable 💌	_	
RSTP		Priority (0-6	61440)	32768		
SNMP		Max Age (6-40)	20		
🗎 QoS 🖼 IGMP		Hello Time	(1-10)	2	-	
🚊 X-Ring		Forward Delay T		15	-	
E 📄 Security		Forward Delay I	lille (4-30)	15		
🚊 Power over Ethernet			t be a multiple o			
🚊 Factory Default		rd Delay Time-1) shou Ix Age should be great				
Save Configuration	The Ho		pply Help		iie · 1).	
System Reboot		_				
			dge Informa		7	
		Bridge ID	008000FF3837	465C	-	
		Root Priority Root Port	32768 Root		-	
		Root Path Cost	0		-	
		Max Age	20			
		Hello Time	2		_	
	Fiaure 3.4.3-7: RSTP	Forward Delay	15			

Figure 3.4.3-7: RSTP System Configuration interface

RSTP - Port Configuration

You can configure the path cost and priority of each port.

- Select the port in Port column.
- **Path Cost:** The cost of the path to the other bridge from this transmitting bridge at the specified port. Enter a number 1 through 200000000.
- **Priority:** Decide which port should be blocked by priority in LAN. Enter a number 0 through 240. The value of priority must be the multiple of 16.
- **P2P:** Some of the rapid state transactions that are possible within RSTP are dependent upon whether the port concerned can only be connected to exactly one other bridge (i.e. it is served by a point-to-point LAN segment), or can be connected to two or more bridges (i.e. it is served by a shared medium LAN segment). This function allows the P2P status of the link to be manipulated administratively. True is P2P enabling. False is P2P disabling.
- Edge: The port directly connected to end stations cannot create bridging loop in the network. To configure the port as an edge port, set the port to "True" status.
- Non Stp: The state of whether the port includes the STP mathematic calculation. True is not including STP mathematic calculation. False is including the STP mathematic calculation.
- Click Apply

AD\ANTECH

Open all (B) Main Page	RSTP - Port Configuration					
E System	System Configuration Port Configuration					
🗄 🚊 Port	System conliguiation Port conliguiation					
🖃 🔄 Protocol						
🖼 VLAN	Port Path Cost Priority (1-20000000) (0-240) Admin P2P Admin Edge Admin Non Stp					
RSTP						
SNMP	Port.01 Port.02					
QoS	Port.02 Port.03 20000(128 Auto V true V false V					
IGMP	Port.04					
X-Ring	Port.05					
🕀 🚊 Security						
🚊 Power over Ethernet	priority must be a multiple of 16					
	Apply Help					
Factory Default	Apply Help					
Factory Default Save Configuration	Apply Help					
<u> </u>	Apply Help					
Save Configuration	Apply Help RSTP Port Status					
Save Configuration	RSTP Port Status					
Save Configuration	RSTP Port Status Port Oper Oper Stp Port Cost Priority P2P Edge Neighbor State Role					
Save Configuration	Port Port Colspan="5">Oper Oper Status Port Path Cost Priority Oper Oper Stp State Role Port.01 200000 128 True True False Disabled Disabled					
Save Configuration	PortPortStatusPortPath CostPort PriorityOper P2POper EdgeStateRolePort.01200000128TrueTrueFalseDisabledDisabledPort.02200000128TrueTrueFalseDisabledDisabled					
Save Configuration	Port <th colsp<="" td=""></th>					
Save Configuration	Port <th colsp<="" td=""></th>					
Save Configuration	Port <th colsp<="" td=""></th>					
Save Configuration	Port <th colsp<="" td=""></th>					
Save Configuration	PortPortPortColspan="6">Colspan="6">StpStateRolePortPortPortOperOperStpStateRolePort.01200000128TrueTrueFalseDisabledDisabledPort.02200000128TrueTrueFalseDisabledDisabledPort.03200000128TrueTrueFalseDisabledDisabledPort.04200000128TrueTrueFalseForwarding DesignatedPort.05200000128TrueTrueFalseDisabledDisabledPort.06200000128TrueTrueFalseDisabledDisabled					

Chapter3

Inductrial C

SNMP Configuration

Simple Network Management Protocol (SNMP) is the protocol developed to manage nodes (servers, workstations, routers, switches and hubs etc.) on an IP network. SNMP enables network administrators to manage network performance, find and solve network problems, and plan for network growth. Network management systems learn of problems by receiving traps or change notices from network devices implementing SNMP.

System Configuration

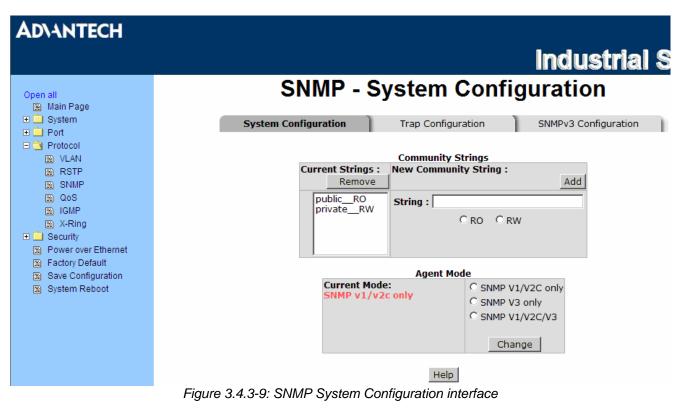
Community Strings

You can define new community string set and remove unwanted community string.

- String: Fill the name string.
- RO: Read only. Enables requests accompanied by this string to display MIB-object information.
- RW: Read write. Enables requests accompanied by this string to display MIB-object information and to set MIB objects.
- Click Add
- To remove the community string, select the community string that you have defined and click Remove. You cannot edit the name of the default community string set.

Agent Mode

Select the SNMP version that you want to use it. And then click Change to switch to the selected SNMP version mode.



Trap Configuration

A trap manager is a management station that receives traps, the system alerts generated by the switch. If no trap manager is defined, no traps will issue. Create a trap manager by entering the IP address of the station and a community string. To define management stations as trap manager and enter SNMP community strings and selects the SNMP version.

- IP Address: Enter the IP address of trap manager.
- **Community:** Enter the community string.
- Trap Version: Select the SNMP trap version type v1 or v2c.
- Click Add .
- To remove the community string, select the community string that you have defined and click Remove. You cannot edit the name of the default community string set.

AD\ANTECH		
	lin in the second s	dustrial St
Open all Main Page	SNMP - Trap Configurat	tion
. E 🛄 System E 🗐 Port	System Configuration Trap Configuration SNM	MPv3 Configuration
Protocol VLAN	Trap Managers	
RSTP	Current Managers : New Manager :	
SNMP	(none) TB Addrocs -	Add
IGMP		
🗎 X-Ring	Community :	
 Security Power over Ethernet 	Trap version: • v1 • v2c	
 Factory Default Save Configuration System Reboot 	Help	

Figure 3.4.3-10: Trap Configuration interface

SNMPV3 Configuration

Configure the SNMP V3 function.

Context Table

Configure SNMP v3 context table. Assign the context name of context table. Click Apply to add context name.

User Table

Configure SNMP v3 user table..

- User ID: Set up the user name.
- Authentication Password: Set up the authentication password.
- Privacy Password: Set up the private password.
- Click Add to add context name.
- Click Remove to remove unwanted context name.

Group Table

Configure SNMP v3 group table.

- Security Name (User ID): Assign the user name that you have set up in user table.
- Group Name: Set up the group name.
- Click Add to add context name.
- Click Remove to remove the unwanted context name.

Access Table

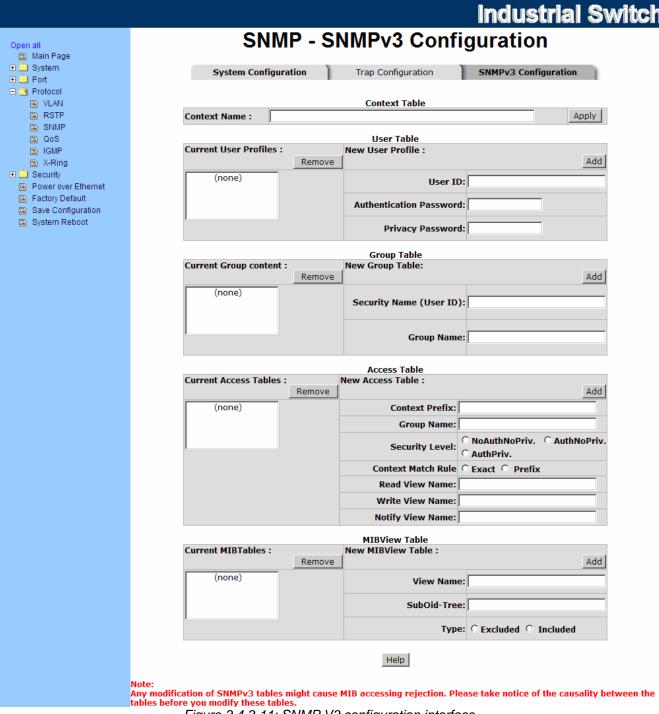
Configure SNMP v3 access table.

- Context Prefix: Set up the context name.
- Group Name: Set up the group.
- Security Level: Set up the access level.
- Context Match Rule: Select the context match rule.
- Read View Name: Set up the read view.
- Write View Name: Set up the write view.
- Notify View Name: Set up the notify view.
- Click Add to add context name.
- Click Remove to remove unwanted context name.

MIBview Table

Configure MIB view table.

- ViewName: Set up the name.
- Sub-Oid Tree: Fill the Sub OID.
- Type: Select the type—excluded or included.
- Click Add to add context name.
- Click Remove to remove unwanted context name.



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Figure 3.4.3-11: SNMP V3 configuration interface

QoS Configuration

You can configure Qos policy and priority setting, per port priority setting, COS and TOS setting.

QoS Policy and Priority Type

- **Qos Policy:** select the Qos policy rule.
 - Use an 8,4,2,1 weighted fair queuing scheme: The switch will follow 8:4:2:1 rate to process priority queue from High to Lowest queue. For example, as the system processes, 1 frame of the lowest queue, 2 frames of the low queue, 4 frames of the middle queue, and 8 frames of the high queue will be processed at the same time in accordance with the 8,4,2,1 policy rule.
 - Use a strict priority scheme: Always higher queue will be processed first, except higher queue is empty.
- Priority Type: there are 5 priority type selections available. Disable means no priority type is selected.
- **Port-base:** the port priority will follow the Port-base that you have assigned High, middle, low, or lowest.
 - > **COS only:** the port priority will only follow the COS priority that you have assigned.
 - > **TOS only:** the port priority will only follow the TOS priority that you have assigned.
 - > COS first: the port priority will follow the COS priority first, and then other priority rule.
 - **TOS first:** the port priority will follow the TOS priority first, and the other priority rule.
- Click Apply

Port Base Priority

Configure per port priority level.

- Port 1 ~ Port 10: each port has 4 priority levels High, Middle, Low, and Lowest.
- Click Apply

COS Configuration

Set up the COS priority level.

- COS priority: Set up the COS priority level 0~7 –High, Middle, Low, Lowest.
- Click Apply

TOS Configuration

Set up the TOS priority. With the drop-down selection item of **Priority Type** above being selected as TOS only/TOS first, this control item will then be available to set the queuing policy for each port.

- **TOS priority:** The system provides 0~63 TOS priority level. Each level has 4 types of priority—High, Middle, Low, and Lowest. The default value is 'Lowest' priority for each level. When the IP packet is received, the system will check the TOS level value in the IP packet that has received. For example, the user sets the TOS level 25 as high, the system will check the TOS value of the received IP packet. If the TOS value of received IP packet is 25 (priority = high), and then the packet priority will have highest priority.
- Click Apply to have the settings take effect.

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Open all
🚊 Main Page
🗉 🚊 System
🕀 🚊 Port
🖃 🔁 Protocol
🖹 VLAN
RSTP
SNMP
🕮 QoS
🚊 IGMP
X-Ring
🗉 🚊 Security
🚊 Power over Etherne
Factory Default
Save Configuration
System Reboot

Industrial Switch

QoS Configuration

Qos Policy:

F

Use an 8,4,2,1 weighted fair queuing scheme	
C Use a strict priority scheme	
Priority Type: Disable 💌	

Apply Help

Port-based Priority:

I OIC Du	Jea I III	Juney.							
						Port.07			
Lowest 💌	Lowest 💌	Lowest 💌	Lowest 💌	Lowest 💌	Lowest 💌	Lowest 💌	Lowest 💌	Lowest 💌	Lowest 💌
				Apply	Help				

COS:								
Priority	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7
	Lowest 💌							
				Apply	Help			

Priority	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7
	Lowest 💌	Lowest 💌	Lowest 💌	Lowest -	Lowest 💌	Lowest 💌	Lowest 💌	Lowest 💌
Priority	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15
	Lowest 💌	Lowest 💌	Lowest 💌	Lowest 💌	Lowest 💌	Lowest 💌	Lowest 💌	Lowest 💌
Priority	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23
	Lowest 💌	Lowest 💌	Lowest 💌	Lowest 💌	Lowest 💌	Lowest 💌	Lowest 💌	Lowest 💌
Priority	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31
	Lowest 💌	Lowest 💌	Lowest 💌	Lowest 💌	Lowest 💌	Lowest 💌	Lowest 💌	Lowest 💌
Priority	32	33	34	35	36	37	38	39
	Lowest 💌	Lowest 💌	Lowest 💌	Lowest 💌	Lowest 💌	Lowest 💌	Lowest 💌	Lowest 💌
Priority	40	41	42	43	44	45	46	47
	Lowest 💌	Lowest 💌	Lowest 💌	Lowest 💌	Lowest 💌	Lowest 💌	Lowest 💌	Lowest 💌
Priority	48	49	50	51	52	53	54	55
	Lowest 💌	Lowest 💌	Lowest 💌	Lowest 💌	Lowest 💌	Lowest 💌	Lowest 💌	Lowest 💌
Priority	56	57	58	59	60	61	62	63
	Lowest 💌	Lowest 💌	Lowest 💌	Lowest 💌	Lowest 💌	Lowest 💌	Lowest 💌	Lowest 💌
				Apply	Help			
1								
	Type: C Excluded C Included					uded		

Note: Any modification of SNMPv3 tables might cause MIB accessing rejection. Please take notice of the causality between the tables before you modify these tables. Figure 3.4.3-12: QoS Configuration interface

IGMP Configuration

The Internet Group Management Protocol (IGMP) is a communications protocol used to manage the membership of Internet Protocol multicast groups. IGMP is used by IP hosts and adjacent multicast routers to establish multicast group memberships. It is an integral part of the IP multicast specification, like ICMP for unicast connections. IGMP can be used for online video and gaming, and allows more efficient use of resources when supporting these uses.

IGMP have three fundamental types of message as follows:

Table 3.20: IGMP types						
Message	Description					
Query	A message sent from the querier (IGMP router or switch) asking for a response from each host belonging to the multicast group.					
Report	A message sent by a host to the querier to indicate that the host wants to be or is a member of a given group indicated in the report message.					
Leave Group	A message sent by a host to the querier to indicate that the host has quit being a member of a specific multicast group.					

The switch support IP multicast, you can enable IGMP protocol on web management's switch setting advanced page, then displays the IGMP snooping information. IP multicast addresses range are from 224.0.0.0 through 239.255.255.255.

- IGMP Protocol: Enable or disable the IGMP protocol.
- **IGMP Query:** Select the IGMP query function as Enable or Auto to set the switch as a querier for IGMP version 2 multicast network.
- Click Apply

AD\ANTECH **Industrial** S IGMP Configuration Open all 🚊 Main Page 🗉 📋 System IP Address _____ VLAN ID Member Port 🕀 📄 Port 🖃 🚖 Protocol 🗎 VLAN 🗎 RSTP B SNMP 🗎 QoS 🗎 IGMP 🚊 X-Ring 🗉 📋 Security IGMP Snooping: Disable 💌 🚊 Power over Ethernet 🚊 Factory Default IGMP Query: Disable 💌 Save Configuration System Reboot Apply Help

X-Ring

X-Ring provides a faster redundant recovery than Spanning Tree topology. The action is similar to STP or RSTP, but the algorithms between them are not the same.

In the X-Ring topology, each switch should be enabled with the X-Ring function and two ports of each switch should be configured as the member ports in the ring. Only one switch in the X-Ring group would be set as the master switch that one of its two member ports, known as backup port, would be blocked and the other port is called working port. Other switches in the X-Ring group are called working switches and their two member ports are called working ports. When the failure of network connection occurs, the backup port (blocked) of the master switch (Ring Master) will automatically become a working port to help the entire group recover from the failure.

The switch supports the function and interface to configure the switch being a ring master. The ring master can negotiate and place commands to other switches in the X-Ring group. If there are two or more switches in master mode, the software will configure the switch with lowest MAC address number as the ring master. The ring master mode can be enabled via the X-Ring configuration interface. Also, the user can identify whether the switch is the ring master by checking the corresponding LED indicator on the panel of the switch.

The system also supports the **Couple Ring** topology that can connect two X-Ring groups for the redundant backup function. Besides, the **Dual Homing** topology can prevent connection lose between the X-Ring group and the upper level/core switch.

- Enable X-Ring: To enable the X-Ring function, tick the check box beside the Enable Ring string label. If this check box is not ticked, all the ring functions are unavailable.
 - > Enable Ring Master: Tick the check box to enable this switch to be the ring master.
 - Ist & 2nd Ring Ports: Pull down the selection menu to assign the ports as the member ports. 1_{st} Ring Port is the working port and 2_{nd} Ring Port is the backup port. When 1_{st} Ring Port fails, the system will automatically upgrade the 2_{nd} Ring Port to be the working port.
- Enable Couple Ring: To enable the coupe ring function, tick the check box beside the Enable Couple Ring string label.
 - > **Coupling Port**: Assign the member port which is connected to the other ring group.
 - Control Port: When the Enable Couple Ring check box is ticked, you have to assign the control port to form a couple-ring group between the two X-rings.
- Enable Dual Homing: Having ticked this check box, click the pull-down menu to select one port to be the Dual Homing port which is the only one on the switch. Dual Homing function works only when the X-Ring function is enabled.
- And then, click Apply to have the configuration take effect.

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Open all Main Page		X-Ring	Config	uration
E 📄 System		Enable Ring		
		✓ Enable Ring Ma	aster	
VLAN		1st Ring Port	Port.01 💌	LINK DOWN
🚊 RSTP		2nd Ring Port	Port.02 💌	LINK DOWN
SNMP QoS		Enable Couple Rin	g	
IGMP		Coupling Port	Port.03 💌	LINK DOWN
X-Ring		Control Port	Port.04 💌	FORWARDING
ELLDP		Enable Dual Homi	ng	
 E Security Factory Default 		Homing Port	Port.05 💌	LINK DOWN
 Save Configuration System Reboot 	This switch is Ring Master.			
Figure 3.4.3-14: X-ring interface				

Note

To enable the X-Ring function, users must disable the RSTP first. The X-Ring function and RSTP function cannot both be activated on a single switch. Remember to execute the "Save Configuration" action, otherwise the new configuration will lose when switch powers off.

3.3.4 Security

In this section, you can configure 802.1x and MAC address table.

802.1X/Radius Configuration

802.1x is an IEEE authentication specification that allows a client to connect to a wireless access point or wired switch but prevents the client from gaining access to the Internet until it provides authority, like a user name and password that are verified by a separate server.

802.1X/Radius - System Configuration

After enabling the IEEE 802.1X function, you can configure the parameters of this function.

- IEEE 802.1x Protocol: .enable or disable 802.1x protocol.
- Radius Server IP: set the Radius Server IP address.
- Server Port: set the UDP destination port for authentication requests to the specified Radius Server.
- Accounting Port: set the UDP destination port for accounting requests to the specified Radius Server.
- **Shared Key:** set an encryption key for using during authentication sessions with the specified radius server. This key must match the encryption key used on the Radius Server.
- NAS, Identifier: set the identifier for the radius client.
- Click Apply

ADVANTECH	industrial	SI
Open all Main Page	802.1x/Radius - System Configuration	
⊞ 🛄 System	System Configuration Port Configuration Misc Configuration	1
E VLAN	802.1x Protocol Enable 💌	
🗮 RSTP	Radius Server IP 0.0.0.0	
SNMP	Server Port 1812	
🖺 QoS		
IGMP	Accounting Port 1813	
🗮 X-Ring	Shared Key 12345678	
 E Security Power over Ethernet 	NAS, Identifier NAS_L2_SWITCH	
Power over Ethernet Factory Default		
Save Configuration	Apply Help	
System Reboot		
	Figure 3.4.4-1: 802.1x/Radius System Configuration	

802.1x/Radius - Port Configuration

You can configure 802.1x authentication state for each port. The State provides Disable, Accept, Reject and Authorize. Use "Space" key change the state value.

- **Reject:** the specified port is required to be held in the unauthorized state.
- Accept: the specified port is required to be held in the Authorized state.
- Authorized: the specified port is set to the Authorized or Unauthorized state in accordance with the outcome of an authentication exchange between the Supplicant and the authentication server.
- Disable: The specified port is required to be held in the Authorized state
- Click Apply

AD\ANTECH				industrial
Open all	802.1x/Ra	dius - P	ort Con	figuration
🗎 Main Page				
🗉 🧰 System	System Configuration	Port Confi	guration	Misc Configuration
🕀 🦲 Port				
🖃 🤙 Protocol		Port	State	
🗎 VLAN		rt.01 🔺		
🖹 RSTP		rt.02		_
SNMP		rt.03	Authorize	•
🗎 QoS		rt.04 rt.05 🔻	Reject	
IGMP	JP0	10.05	Accept Authorize	
🗎 X-Ring		America	Help	
🕀 🦲 Security		Apply	нер	
Power over Ethernet		Dout Auth		
Factory Default		Port Auth		
Save Configuration		Port Port.01	State Disable	
System Reboot		Port.01 Port.02	Disable	·
		Port.02 Port.03	Disable	
		Port.04	Disable	·
		Port.05	Disable	
		Port.06	Disable	-
		Port.07	Disable	-
		Port.08	Disable	2
		Port.09	Disable	2
		Port.10	Disable	1

Figure 3.4.4-2: 802.1x/Radius - Port Setting interface

802.1X/Radius - Misc Configuration

- Quiet Period: set the period during which the port doesn't try to acquire a supplicant.
- **TX Period:** set the period the port wait for retransmit next EAPOL PDU during an authentication session.
- **Supplicant Timeout:** set the period of time the switch waits for a supplicant response to an EAP request.
- Server Timeout: set the period of time the switch waits for a server response to an authentication request.
- Max Requests: set the number of authentication that must time-out before authentication fails and the authentication session ends.
- Reauth period: set the period of time after which clients connected must be re-authenticated.
- Click Apply

802.1x/Radius - Misc Configuration

System Configu	ration Port Configuration	Misc Configuration
	Quiet Period	60
	Tx Period	30
	Supplicant Timeout	30
	Server Timeout	30
	Max Requests	2
	Reauth Period	3600
	Apply Help	

Figure 3.4.4-3: 802.1x/Radius - Misc Configuration

MAC Address Table

Use the MAC address table to ensure the port security.

You can add a static MAC address; it remains in the switch's address table, regardless of whether the device is physically connected to the switch. This saves the switch from having to re-learn a device's MAC address when the disconnected or powered-off device is active on the network again. You can add / modify / delete a static MAC address.

MAC Address Table - Static MAC Address

You can add static MAC address in the switch MAC table here.

- MAC Address: Enter the MAC address of the port that should permanently forward traffic, regardless of the device network activity.
- Port No.: pull down the selection menu to select the port number.
- Click Add
- If you want to delete the MAC address from filtering table, select the MAC address and click Delete

AD\ANTECH	
	Industrial Sw
Open all Main Page	MAC Address Table - Static MAC Addresses
Given age Given age	Static MAC Addresses MAC Filtering All Mac Addresses
🗆 🔄 Protocol 📓 VLAN	00FF3837465FPort.01
E RSTP E SNMP E QoS	
Security Security Soc.1x/Radius MAC Address Table	
 Power over Ethernet Factory Default 	MAC Address00FF3837465EPort No.Port.01
 Save Configuration System Reboot 	Add Delete Help

Figure 3.4.4-4: Static MAC Addresses interface

MAC Address Table - MAC Filtering

By filtering MAC address, the switch can easily filter pre-configure MAC address and reduce the unsafety. You can add and delete filtering MAC address.

AD\ANTECH	
	Industrial Sv
Open all Main Page	MAC Address Table - Static MAC Addresses
	Static MAC Addresses MAC Filtering All Mac Addresses
Protocol KVLAN RSTP	00FF3837465FPort.01
E SNMP E QoS	
 IGMP X-Ring Security 	
 B 802.1x/Radius MAC Address Table 	
 Power over Ethernet Factory Default 	MAC Address00FF3837465EPort No.Port.01
 Save Configuration System Reboot 	Add Delete Help

Figure 3.4.4-5: MAC Filtering interface

- MAC Address: Enter the MAC address that you want to filter.
- Click Add
- If you want to delete the MAC address from filtering table, select the MAC address and click Delete

MAC Address Table - All MAC Addresses

You can view the port of the connected device's MAC address and related devices' MAC address.

- Select the port.
- The selected port of static MAC address information will be displayed here.
- Click Clear MAC Table to clear the current port static MAC address information on screen.

AD\ANTECH			
			Industrial S
Open all	MAC Address	Table - All M	ac Addresses
 B Main Page 	Static MAC Addresses	MAC Filtering	All Mac Addresses
Protocol K		Port No: Port.01	
B RSTP	C	00FF3837465FSTATIC	
🖺 QoS 😫 IGMP 🖹 X-Ring			
 Security 802.1x/Radius 			
MAC Address Table			
 Factory Default Save Configuration System Reboot 		ynamic Address Count:0 tatic Address Count:1	
		Clear MAC Table	

Figure 3.4.4-6: All MAC Address interface

Power over Ethernet

This segment provides the control interface for the Power over Ethernet mechanism.

AD\ANTECH									Ind	ustr	ial S	Sw
Open all Main Page ■ System	Power over Ethernet											
				Power A er Sour			0 W Actual Pow			0 W 480 dV		
🗉 🛄 Protocol				ci boar		bett	Fight Fight St		onage	400 01		
E												
Power over Ethernet Factory Default					-			.04				
Save Configuration					Por							
🚊 System Reboot												
					Ca	paci						
	Start 🗸											
	Apply											
	Port	Enable state	Power Limit From Classification	Legacy	Priorit	y (Power Limit <15400) (mW)	Mode	Current (mA)	Voltage (V)	Power (mW)	Dete C
	1	~			Low	*	15400	Null	0	0.0	0	0::
	2	~			Low	*	15400	Null	0	0.0	0	0::
	3	~			Low	*	15400	Null	0	0.0	0	0::
	4	~			Low	~	15400	Null	0	0.0	0	0::
	5	~			Low	~	15400	Null	0	0.0	0	0::
	6	~			Low	~	15400	Null	0	0.0	0	0::
								-				

Figure 3.4-5: PoE Status

- Maximum Power Available: Displays the maximum power supply in watts.
- Actual Power Consumption: This field shows the real-time total power consumption.
- **Main Supply Voltage**: This column shows the output voltage of the system for PoE ports. d means 1/10, and supply 48V when work on PoE situation.
- Firmware Version: This column shows the PoE chip's firmware version.

• **Port Knockoff Disabled**: Power Management state where one or more PDs have been powered down so that a higher priority PD may be powered up and yet not exceed the maximum total power available for PDs.

• **AC Disconnect**: Tick this checkbox to monitor the AC impedance on the port terminals and removes power when the impedance rises above a certain value, for a certain period (for details, see the IEEE 802.3af specification).

• **Capacitive Detection**: If the port and capacitive detection are enabled, the capacitances state reads in the voltage result from the constant current. This is then subtracted from the pre-capacitance voltage to get a charge rate. If this charge rate is within the window of the PD signatures, the device is considered to be discovered.

• **Start**: Showing with a tick symbol, the system initializes and resets successfully. And then, click Apply to carry into effect.

http:// to carry into cheot.

- **Port**: The index of PoE ports.
- Enable State: Check it to enable the PoE function to the port.

• **Power Limit From Classification**: Check it to decide the power limit method. When this check box is ticked, the system will limit the power supply to the powered device in accordance with the related class.

- Legacy: Check it to support the legacy power devices.
- Priority: Pull down the selection menu item to choose the priority of power supplying.
- Port Limit (<15400) mW: User can key in the power limit value which is under 15.4 Watts.
- Mode: Displays the operating mode of the port.
- Current (mA): Displays the operating current of the port.

- Voltage (V): Displays the operating voltage of the port.
 Power (mW): Displays the power consumption of the port.
- to carry into effect. • Determined Class: Displays the PD's class. And then, click Apply

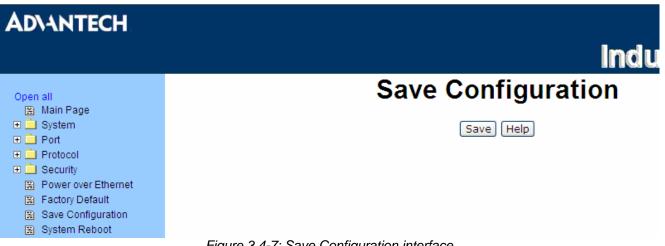
Factory Default

Reset switch to default configuration. Tick the check boxes to keep the current IP address, user name and password before reset. Click Reset to reset all configurations to the default value.



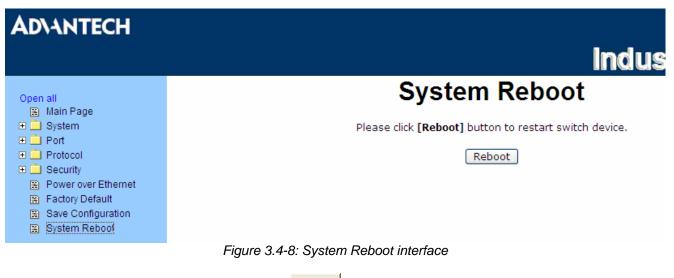
Save Configuration

Save all configurations that you have made in the system. To ensure the all configuration will be saved. Click Save to save the all configuration to the flash memory.





System Reboot



Reboot the switch in software reset. Click **Reboot** to reboot the system.



Troubleshooting

Chapter 4 Troubleshooting

Verify that is using the included or appropriate power cord/adapter. Don't use the power adaptor with DC output voltage higher than the power rating of the device. Otherwise, the device will burn down.

Select the proper UTP cable to construct user network. Please check that is using the right cable. Use Unshielded Twisted-Pair (UTP) or Shielded Twisted-Pair (STP) cable for RJ-45 connections: 100 Category 3, 4 or 5 cable for 10 Mbps connections or 100 Category 5 cable for 100 Mbps connections. Also, be sure that the length of any twisted-pair connection does not exceed 100 meters (328 feet).

Diagnosing LED Indicators

To assist in identifying problems, the switch can be easily monitored through panel indicators, which describe common problems the user may encounter and where the user can find possible solutions.

If the power indicator does not light on when the power cord is plugged in, you may have a problem with power cord. Then check for loose power connections, power losses or surges at power outlet. If you still cannot resolve the problem, contact the local dealer for assistance.

If the LED indicators are normal and the connected cables are correct but the packets still cannot be transmitted, please check the Ethernet devices' configuration or status of the system.

APPENDIX

Pin Assignments & Wiring

Appendix A Pin Assignments & Wiring

It is suggested to adopt ELA/TIA as the wiring of the RJ-45.

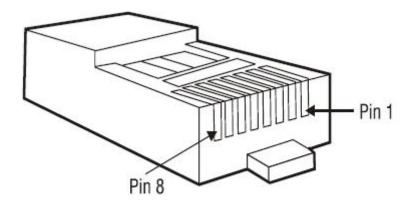
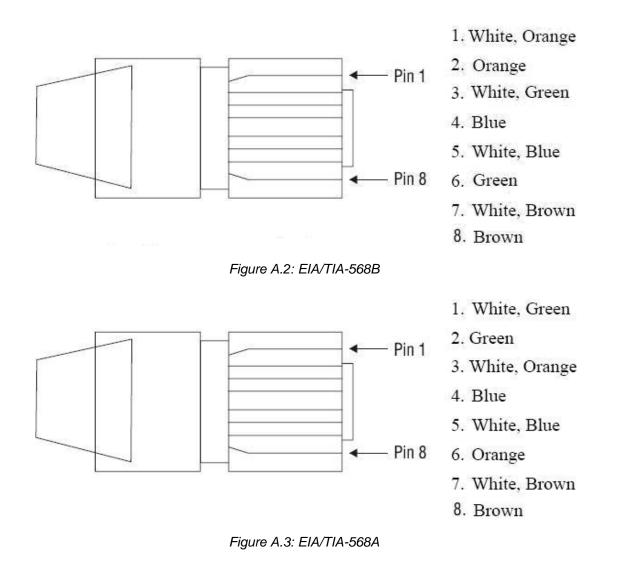
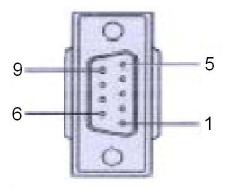


Figure A.1: RJ-45 Pin Assignments





DB 9-pin Female Figure A.4: DB 9-pin female connector

DB9 Connector	RJ-45 Connector
NC	1 Orange/White
2	2 Orange
3	3 Green/White
NC	4 Blue
5	5 Blue/White
NC	6 Green
NC	7 Brown/White
NC	8 Brown

Compatible SFP Transceivers

Appendix B Compatible SFP Transceivers

The table below shows compatible SFP transceivers for EKI-7659CPI.

ltem	Brand	Part Number	Mode	Transmission Distance
1	AVAGO	AFBR-5710PZ		550m
2	APAC	LM28-C3S-TC-N	Multi-mode	550m
3	HOATECH	HTI8512-X5ATO	Mulli-mode	550m
4	SPACE SHUTTLE	S56L-S85-6L-N		550m
		SP-GB-LX	B-LX	10km
5	LuminentOIC	SP-GB-ELX		20km
		SP-GB-XD	Single mode	50km
6	AVAGO	AFCT-5710PZ	Single-mode	10km
7	APAC	LS38-C3M-TC-N		20km
8	SPACE SHUTTLE	S56L-L13-6L-N		10km