

# DEMO CIRCUIT 1147 QUICK START GUIDE

LTC6404-x, LTC6406,LTC6405 and LTC6403-1 16-Bit Differential ADC Drivers

# DESCRIPTION

Demonstration circuit 1147 features the LTC6404-x, LTC6406, LTC6403-1, and LTC6405 16-bit ADC Drivers. It incorporates a variety of passive components to support configurations for varied applications. Single-ended or differential input and output configurations are possible, and there is a calibration circuit to null out the effects of other circuit components.

The LTC640x are high-speed differential amplifiers with superior distortion and noise performance, perfect for demanding communications transceivers, cellular basestations, and other high-speed signal chain applications.

# **QUICK START PROCEDURE**

Table 1 shows the function of each SMA connector on the board. Refer to Figure 1 for the connection diagram and follow the procedure below:

- Connect the power supply as shown. The power labels of V+, VOCM, and GND directly correspond to the power supply and VOCM pins of the LTC640x ICs (U1). Jumper JP1 enables or shuts down the amplifier.
- 2. The power supplies available for each part are shown in Table 1. Do not exceed the maximum power supply voltage for the parts.
- **3.** Apply an input signal to J1. A low-distortion, low noise signal source with an external high-order filter will yield the best performance. DC1147's input is impedance-matched to  $50\Omega$ ; no external termination is necessary.
- **4.** Observe the output via J3. The output is impedancematched to  $50\Omega$ , suitable for the input of a network or spectrum analyzer.

These fully-differential amplifiers accept single-ended or differential inputs with almost no difference in distortion performance. Each part has the ability to independently adjust the output common-mode voltage without any additional components, and flexible input common-mode ranges which enable level-shifting of input signals for ADC driving applications.

Design files for this circuit board are available. Call the LTC factory.

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#### Table 1: DC1147 Board I/O Descriptions

CONNECTOR	FUNCTION		
J1 (IN+)	Differential Input. Use this connector to supply an input to the DC1147. Drive from a 500hm signal source, no external termination necessary.		
J2 (OUT-)	Differential Output. <b>Not connected by default.</b> Resistor R9 can installed and R10 removed to receive the output signal differentially.		
J3 (OUT+)	Output. Impedance-matched to 50 ohms, can be used to drive a 50ohm network/spectrum analyzer input.		
J4 (IN-)	Differential Input. <b>Not connected by default.</b> Resistor R24 can be installed and R27 removed for differential input drive. R4 and R7 should be matched or both re- moved to provide a balanced input impedance.		
JP1 (SHDN)	Shutdown jumper. The left (EN) position enables the part, while the right (DIS) puts it into shutdown mode.		
E3 (VOCM)	Output Common-Mode Adjust. <b>By default, this pin is self-biasing within U1.</b> Override this voltage with any DC voltage source.		
E5 (VTIP)	Corresponds to the VTIP pin in DC1147-D (LTC6405/6). Consult the datasheet for pin function. Leave floating if unused. This pin is not connected for all the other parts in the family.		



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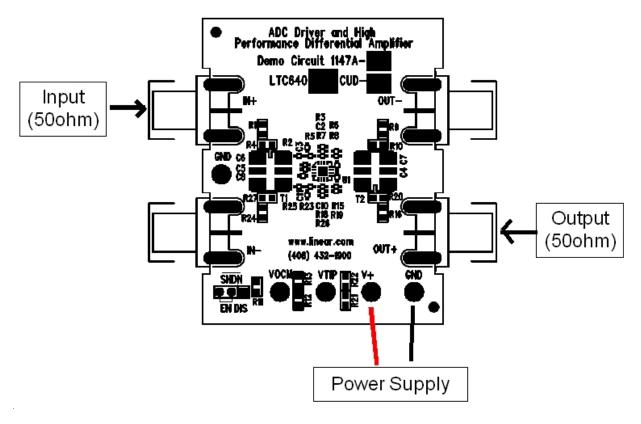


Figure 1: Proper Measurement Equipment Setup

# ADDITIONAL INFORMATION

Although the DC1147 demo board is ready to use out of the box, it has features that you can access by adding, removing or changing components on the board. These are described below.

#### **DEMO BOARD VERSIONS**

DC1147 has four versions to support all of the pincompatible parts in the LTC640x amplifier family. Table 1 contains a listing of the different amplifiers and their supply voltage ranges. See the schematic (on the last page of this guide) for component differences between the versions.

#### **DEMO BOARD SUPPLY VOLTAGES**

#### Table 2: DC1147 Supply Voltages

DEMO Board	U1	SUPPLY VOLTAGE RANGE
DC1147A-A	LTC6404-1	2.7-5.25V
DC1147A-B	LTC6404-2	2.7-5.25V

DC1147A-C	LTC6404-4	2.7-5.25V
DC1147A-D	LTC6406	2.7-3.5V
DC1147A-E	LTC6403-1	2.7-5.25V
DC1147A-F	LTC6405	2.7-5.25V

#### **DIFFERENTIAL INPUTS**

To drive the inputs differentially, remove resistor R27 and install R24. J1 and J4 can now be driven differentially from a 50 $\Omega$  signal source. R4 and R7 should be changed to differentially match the input to 50 $\Omega$  if necessary.

#### **DRIVING THE INPUTS DC-COUPLED**

It is possible to drive the DC1147 inputs differentially with DC coupling. Transformer T1 should be replaced with  $0\Omega$  resistors. The inputs are now DC-coupled and can be driven single-ended or differentially (resistor values may be changed to balance the source impedances, et cetera. See



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the product datasheets for more information. Input bias currents will flow through the amplifier's input resistors if DC1147 is driven DC coupled.

#### **DIFFERENTIAL OUTPUTS**

To use the both outputs of the DC1147, remove resistor R10 and install R9. The output now appears differentially across J3 and J2. The output of the DC1147 will still be matched to  $50\Omega$  (differentially) when used in this manner.

#### CHANGING THE OUTPUT COMMON-MODE VOLTAGE

Turret E3 controls the output common-mode voltage of U1. This function can be used to level-shift the DC output voltage for optimum system performance. If used for this purpose, transformer T2 can be replaced by  $0\Omega$  resistors to allow the DC bias to reach the output. By default, the VOCM voltage is self-biased through resistors internal to the IC's (U1).

#### **OUTPUT DRIVE**

Since the output of the LTC6400/1 is a low-impedance operational amplifier output, performance will degrade when the output is directly driving low impedances such as  $50\Omega$ . On DC1147 there are series 100 ohms resistors at the output as well as a 4:1 transformer to increase the load impedance seen by the amplifier.

#### ENABLE (SHUTDOWN)

Jumper JP1 controls the enable function of DC1147. When set to the EN position, the part will be on and draw quiescent current. In the DIS position, the part will be in shutdown and draw a very small amount of quiescent current.

### **GROUND AND VCC CONNECTIONS**

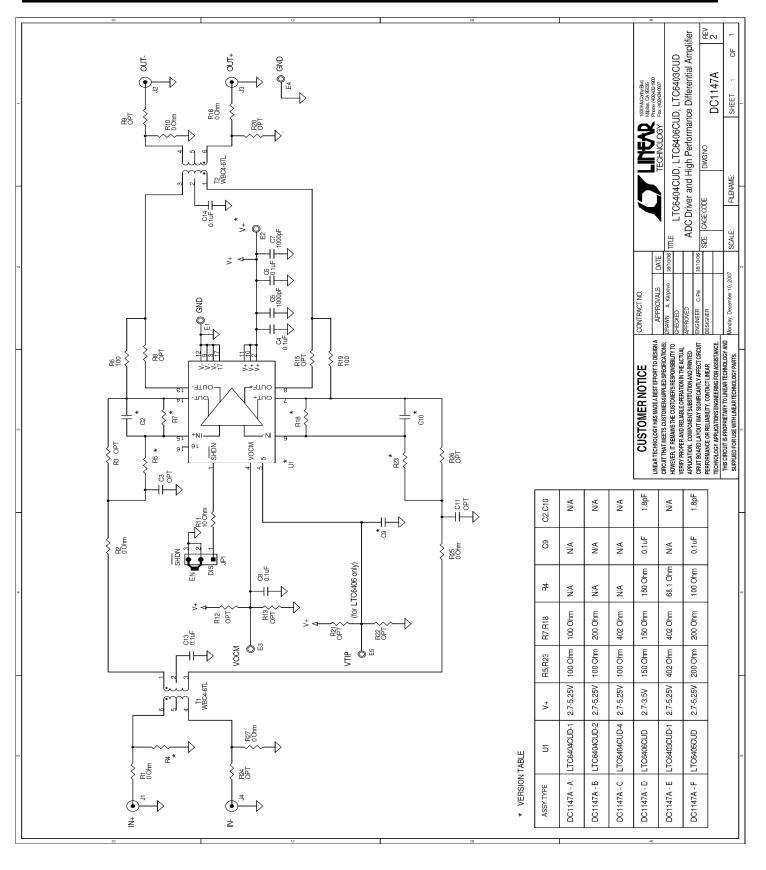
DC1147's GND connector is not only connected to V- of the LTC640x, it also serves as the board ground. For best performance, a low-impedance return path to the power supply from GND is crucial. Short, low impedance wires to the V+ and GND connectors of DC1147 will yield the best performance from the LTC6400/1.

### **SCHEMATIC NOTES**

Note that transformer T2 and the series resistors at the amplifier outputs create a 12.6dB attenuation (if the output has a  $50\Omega$  load) that will affect the measured gain of the demo board. This is done so that the output of DC1147 can plug directly into a  $50\Omega$  network/spectrum analyzer input, but the amplifier sees a higher  $400\Omega$  load impedance.



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