

# Surge arrester

3-electrode arrester

T23-C350XS

Series/Type: Ordering code: B88069X8160B502

Version/Date: Issue 04 / 2007-10-18

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B88069X8160B502 Surge arrester

T23-C350XS 3-electrode arrester

Features	Applications
<ul> <li>Standard size</li> </ul>	<ul><li>Branch exchange (MDF)</li></ul>
<ul> <li>Extremely fast response time</li> </ul>	<ul><li>Line protection</li></ul>
<ul> <li>Very high current rating</li> </ul>	Station protection
<ul> <li>Stable performance over life</li> </ul>	
<ul> <li>Very low capacitance</li> </ul>	
<ul> <li>High insulation resistance</li> </ul>	
<ul> <li>RoHS-compatible</li> </ul>	

## **Electrical specifications**

DC spark-over voltage 1) 2) 4)	300 500	V
Impulse spark-over voltage 4)	050	.,
at 100 V/µs - for 99 % of measured values - typical values of distribution	< 650 < 550	V
at 1 kV/µs - for 99 % of measured values - typical values of distribution	< 800 < 750	V
Insulation resistance at 100 V <sub>dc</sub> <sup>4)</sup>	> 10	$G\Omega$
Capacitance at 1 MHz <sup>4)</sup>	< 1.5	pF
Transverse delay time 3)	< 1	ms
DC hold-over voltage <sup>3)</sup> at 150V <sub>dc</sub> / 200 mA	< 150	ms
Service life		
10 operations 50 Hz; 1 s <sup>5)</sup> 1 operation 50 Hz; 0.18 s (9 cycles) <sup>3) 5)</sup> 10 operations 8/20 μs <sup>5)</sup>	10 130 20	$\begin{matrix} A_{rms} \\ A_{rms} \\ kA \end{matrix}$
1 operation 8/20 μs <sup>5)</sup> 400 operations 10/1000 μs <sup>3) 5)</sup>	25 1000	kA A
Weight	~ 2	g
Storage temperature	-40 +90	°C
Climatic category (IEC 60068-1)	40/ 90/ 21	
Marking, blue negative	EPCOS 350 YY O 350 - Nominal voltage YY - Year of production O - Non radioactive	

At delivery AQL 0.65 level II, DIN ISO 2859

KB AB E / KB AB PM Issue 04 / 2007-10-18

In ionized mode

Test according to RUS PE80

Tip or ring electrode to center electrode

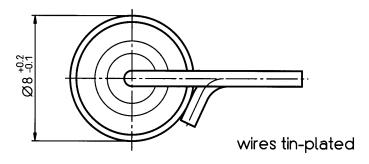
Total current through center electrode, half value through tip respectively ring electrode.
Terms in accordance with RUS PE80

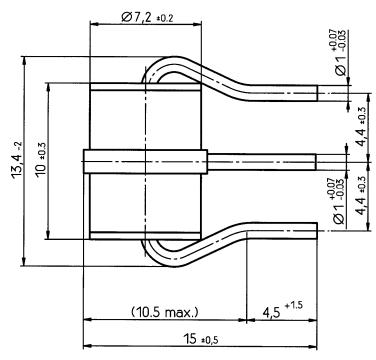


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## **Dimensional drawing**





Not to scale

Dimensions in mm

Non controlled document

### **Cautions and warnings**

- Surge arresters must not be operated directly in power supply networks.
- Surge arresters may become hot in case of longer periods of current stress (danger of burning).
- Surge arresters may be used only within their specified values. In case of overload, the head contacts may fail or the component may be destroyed.
- Damaged surge arresters must not be re-used.

KB AB E / KB AB PM Issue 04 / 2007-10-18

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