# **PSI-MODEM-SHDSL/ETH**

Ethernet extender firmware 3.0 or later

Data sheet 104287\_en\_05

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## 1 Description

The Ethernet extender PSI-MODEM-SHDSL/ETH can be used to easily network Ethernet devices with one another. A distance of up to 20 km can lie between the two devices. Transmission speeds of up to 30 Mbps are possible.

Any cables, e.g., in-house phone lines, can be used for remote communication. Special Ethernet or fiberglass cables are not required.

Point-to-point connections and line structures can be established with the Ethernet extenders. Ring structures are also possible from firmware version 3.0.

It is not necessary to assign an IP address to start up the Ethernet extender. Like a media converter the Ethernet extender uses a transparent protocol. The DSL data rate is detected automatically. The transmit and receive cables in the Ethernet cable are crossed automatically.

For most applications, the Ethernet extender does not need to be configured (plug and play). In all other cases, the PSI-CONF configuration software is available free of charge. To configure the Ethernet extender, it only needs to be supplied with current via the USB interface.

For quick local path diagnostics, the Ethernet extender provides LEDs on the device front, an integrated diagnostic function, and a log book.

The extender can transmit additional status messages to, for example, a controller using two digital outputs.

#### 1.1 Areas of application

The Ethernet extender is designed to retrofit systems that have been removed with Ethernet via the existing cable infrastructure.

For example in the sectors:

- Water and wastewater
- Process engineering
- Large-area industrial systems
- Traffic technology
- Railway companies
- Power engineering
- Photovoltaics
- Wind energy
- Building technology
- Mining

In addition, it can be used to enable Ethernet communication via a slip ring. On page 8 we show an example of rotating applications where communication is built-up redundantly by means of fiber optics and copper.

**INSPIRING INNOVATIONS** 

For example in the sectors:

- Wind energy
- Water and wastewater

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Make sure you always use the latest documentation. It can be downloaded at <u>phoenixcontact.net/products</u>.



This data sheet is valid for all products listed on the following page:

#### 2 Features

#### Data transmission

- Plug and play \_
- \_ Distances of up to 20 km between two devices
- Data rates of up to 30 Mbps (4-wire) \_
- Data rates of up to 15.3 Mbps (2-wire)
- Robust modulation method (SHDSL) for large distanc-\_ es
- Via in-house cables, not via the public telephone net-\_ work

#### **Topologies (see page 7)**

- Point-to-point \_
- Line structure
- Ring structure (firmware 3.0 or later; from firmware 2.1 with RSTP-capable switch) For older devices, the latest firmware can be downloaded free at phoenixcontact.net/products.
- Redundancy operation

#### 3 **Ordering data**

#### **Ethernet extender**

#### Order No. Description Туре Pcs. / Pkt. Industrial Ethernet extender, for point-to-point connections, line and ring PSI-MODEM-SHDSL/ETH 2313643 1 structures. Data rates of up to 30 Mbps on the in-house copper cables, integrated diagnostic function, two configurable alarm outputs Accessories

Description		Туре	Order No.	Pcs. / Pkt.
Input voltage range Nominal output voltage	45 Hz 65 Hz 85 V AC 264 V AC 24 V DC ±1 %, 1.5 A	MINI-SYS-PS-100-240 AC/24 DC/1.5	2866983	1
DIN rail connector (2x required)		ME 17.5 TBUS 1.5/ 5-ST-3.81 GN	2709561	1
Attachment plug with surge protection for two analog or digital SHDSL telecommunications interfaces. Connection: RJ45 (RJ12/RJ11) and screw terminal block (COMBICON). Can alternatively be snapped onto DIN rails		DT-TELE-SHDSL	2801593	1
USB cable, USB type A/mini-USB type B, 5-pos., 3 m long		CABLE-USB/MINI-USB-3.0M	2986135	1

#### **Ethernet interface**

- Plug and play \_
- No IP configuration required
- Transparent protocol (IPv4 and IPv6)
- RSTP (Rapid Spanning Tree Protocol) support
- **PROFINET** (strict priority) \_

#### **Additional features**

- Two digital outputs for status transmission
- Configuration software for extended functionality
- **Online diagnostics**
- Log book function including event description and sug-\_ gested solution
- Saving and printing of project and device configurations \_

# 4 Technical data

Supply	
Supply voltage	18 V DC 30 V DC via plug-in COMBICON screw terminal block
	24 V DC $\pm 5$ % (alternative or redundant, via DIN rail connector and system power supply)
	5 V DC (configuration only, via mini-USB type B)
Nominal current consumption	< 180 mA (at 24 V)
LED indicator	VCC (green LED)
	Steady light: operation
	Flashing at 1 Hz: supply via USB (for configuration)
Switching outputs	$2xU_{Nom}^{}/$ 150 mA (the digital outputs cannot be used for power supply via the DIN rail connector), short-circuit-proof
	The digital switching outputs can be connected to a load between 100 kOhm and 0.2 kOhm.
SHDSL interface	
Connection method	2 x 2-pos. COMBICON plug-in screw terminal block
Туре	SHDSL interface according to ITU-T G.991.2.bis
Serial transmission speed	
4-wire operation	64 kbps 30 Mbps (manual selection of the data rate)
	384 kbps 11.39 Mbps (automatic detection of the data rate)
2-wire operation	32 kbps 15.3 Mbps (manual selection of the data rate)
	192 kbps 5.696 Mbps (automatic detection of the data rate)
Transmission length	Over 20 km possible at lower data rates and with good cable quality
Connection data (conductor cross section)	0.2 mm <sup>2</sup> 2.5 mm <sup>2</sup> (24 - 14 AWG)
Status and diagnostic indicators	2 x LINK, 2 x STAT (DSL data traffic port A and port B)
	DIAG (yellow LED), diagnostic messages
	ERR (red LED), errors
Ethernet interface	
Connection method	RJ45 socket, 8-pos, shielded
Туре	10/100 BASE-T(X) according to IEEE 802.3u
Transmission speed	10/100 Mbps, auto negotiation
Transmission length	Maximum 100 m (twisted pair, shielded)
Supported protocols	Transparent protocol for IPv4 and IPv6
Status and diagnostic indicators	ACT (yellow LED), Ethernet data transmission
	LINK (green LED), Ethernet link established
	ERR (red LED), errors
	DIAG (yellow LED), diagnostic messages
USB interface (configuration/diagnostics)	
Connection method	Mini-USB type B, 5-pos.
Туре	USB 2.0
Transmission length	Maximum 5 m, only for configuration and diagnostics

## **General data**

Ambient temperature range	
Operation (no other modules supplied via the device):	
<ul> <li>Freestanding (40 mm spacing)</li> </ul>	-20°C +60 °C
- Connected in series (low power dissipation of modules connected in se-	-20°C +55 °C
ries)	-20°C +50 °C
<ul> <li>Connected in series (without restrictions)</li> </ul>	-20°C +45 °C
Operation (other modules supplied via the device (1.5 A, maximum))	-40°C +85 °C
Storage/transport	
Housing	ME 35 with 5-pos. bus contact and ground contact
Material	PA 6.6-FR, V0, green
Dimensions (H x W x D)	114.5 x 35 x 99 mm
Device weight	185 g
MTBF according to Telcordia standard	
Ambient temperature of 25°C	1017 years
Ambient temperature of 40°C	205 years
Functional earth ground	Housing contact to DIN rail
Degree of protection	IP20
Electrical isolation	Supply voltage //Ethernet // DSL port A // DSL port B // FE
Test voltage	1.5 kV AC, 50 Hz
Vibration resistance	According to IEC 60068-2-6: 5g, 150 Hz
Noise immunity	EN 61000-6-2
Electromagnetic compatibility	Conformance with EMC Directive 2004/108/EC
Manufacturer's declaration	EN 50121-4 (Railway applications - Electromagnetic compatibility, Part 4: Emission and Immunity of the Signaling and Telecommunications Apparatus)
	Exceptions include installations within the 3 m area and safety-related devices. For these devices, there are further requirements according to EN 50121-4 Table 1, Note 1.
	Section 1, Paragraph 3 of EN 50121-4 applies. Phoenix Contact QUINT power supply units are to be used directly on the device.
UL, USA/Canada	
	INDUSTRIAL CONTROL EQUIPMENT 11AE
	LISTED Torque: 5-7 (Lbs-Ins)
	Environmental designation: "Open Type Device"
	"Pollution Degree 2 Installation Environment"
Conformity assessment according to directive 94/9/EC	🐵 II 3 G Ex nA nC IIC T4 Gc X

# 5 Supply voltage

There are different voltage supply options. In addition to voltage supply via the plug-in screw terminal blocks, the device can also be supplied via the DIN rail connectors. This increases the reliability and reduces the wiring effort.



For more information, please refer to the UM EN PSI-MODEM-SHDSL/ETH user manual.



Figure 1 Voltage supply via plug-in screw terminal blocks



Figure 2 Voltage supply via DIN rail connectors

#### 6 Range

#### 6.1 DSL technology

In contrast to an analog permanent line modem, DSL (Digital Subscriber Line) uses a greater frequency range, which enables a many times higher data rate.

With DSL, the modulation process is used on different carrier frequencies, in this way enabling robust modulation that is significantly less sensitive against external electro-magnetic sources of disturbance.

The DSL technology used here is the SHDSL variant. A greater range can be realized with SHDSL than with other DSL technologies. In addition, the bandwidth for the up and down stream is equally large (symmetrical data transmission). For this reason, SHDSL is very suited to industrial applications.

SHDSL is standardized in the ITU-T G.991.2. Further technical information can be found there.

Ethernet extenders with SHDSL technology are suited for retrofitting systems because wires that have already been laid may continue to be used.

#### 6.2 Determination of data rate

A precise prediction of the maximum possible data rate is difficult in practice as many parameters play a role.

These include the type of cable (structure, diameter, capacity, shielding) and how it is installed (number of crossovers. influence of cables laid parallel, EMC influences of neighboring devices on the communication line).

During a new installation, we recommend using shielded twisted pair cables.

An initial estimation of the possible data rate is possible using the (Figure 3) diagram or via the SHDSL calculator software. The software can be downloaded for free at phoenixcontact.net/products.

The actual data rate can be determined with a practical test. Phoenix Contact provides test kits with two Ethernet extenders, with which the path can be tested under realistic conditions.



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The maximum possible data rate is dependent on several parameters. Two important parameters are the cable length and cable cross section.



Figure 3 Data rate (Mbps) depending on the line length in a 2-wire connection.

Figure 3 illustrates the dependency of the maximum data rate on the line length with three cable types. Longer distances can be achieved using high-quality cables with larger diameters.

The industrial Ethernet extenders from Phoenix Contact support data rates of 32 kbps to 15.3 Mbps in 2-wire operation and data rates of up to 30 Mbps in 4-wire operation.

The Ethernet extenders are suitable for in-house cables, not for public telephone networks.

Establishing the connection between the Ethernet extenders usually takes around one minute.

## 7 Application examples

#### 7.1 Point-to-point connection





There can be a maximum distance of 20 km between two devices.

As of firmware 2.1, the Ethernet extender automatically recognizes if the path is constructed on a 2- or 4-wire path.

After a 4-wire connection has been detected, the transmission speed is increased automatically depending on the line quality. It is usually doubled. If one of the connections fails, the data is transmitted via the remaining wires at single transmission speed. In this way, a reliable redundancy operation is supported.

For more information, please refer to the UM EN PSI-MODEM-SHDSL/ETH user manual.

7.2 Line structure





There can be a maximum distance of 20 km between two devices. In one line, up to 255 devices can be connected in series.



# For more information, please refer to the UM EN PSI-MODEM-SHDSL/ETH user manual.

#### 7.3 Star structure





Only three devices are required instead of four because of the two SHDSL ports on each device.

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#### 7.4 Ring structure (firmware 3.0 or later)

As of firmware 3.0, a ring structure can be created without using a switch. With firmware 2.1, a managed switch was still necessary.



There can be a maximum distance of 20 km between two devices.

Up to 50 devices can be integrated into one ring structure.

If there is a ring interruption, Ethernet communication is possible again after the following response time:

 $t_{Recovery} = 600 \text{ ms} + \frac{\text{Number of}}{\text{devices}} \times 100 \text{ ms}$ 

The paths of the SHDSL ring should show a very high connection quality during normal operation. Otherwise the  $t_{Recovery}$  can deviated from the value calculated above.

# 7.5 Redundant data communication in rotating applications

The example shows a slip ring communication.



Figure 4 Slip ring communication

The Ethernet extenders are connected in this application via a 4-wire path. The connection is therefore redundantly established.

With the two digital outputs of the Ethernet extender, communication can be monitored via the slip ring.





Figure 5 Slip ring

The example shows the structure of a wind-powered system, with which the data communication between hub and nacelle should be ensured via a redundant network.

Independent transmission paths are used for data communication.

Standard Ethernet data transmission is based on two WDM media converters in fiber optic technology (e.g. via FL MC EF WDM-SET SC, 2902660). For fiber optic transmission, an optical rotary transformer with a single fiber is used, which is integrated in the axis of the existing copper slip ring.

The redundant path is constructed with the aid of Ethernet extenders. The existing copper slip ring is used for the SHDSL connection and redundancy management is ensured via managed switches (e.g. via the switches FL SWITCH LM 8TX, 2832632 or FL SWITCH SMCS 8TX, 2989226; Phoenix Contact has additional RSTP capable switches on offer).

## 8 Functions in firmware 3.0

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When using the current firmware version 3.0 and the PSI-CONF 2.03 configuration software, these functions are additionally available.

The firmware and configuration software can be downloaded free at phoenixcontact.net/products.

#### 8.1 Ring structure without managed switch

To establish a ring structure, just connect the devices as a ring. It is not necessary to assign an IP address to start up the Ethernet extender. It uses a transparent protocol like a simple media converter.

In the ring, the path with the worst transmission features is not used. It serves as alternative path in the case of error.

### 8.2 Remote diagnostics and remote configuration

With the configuration software, you can also access removed Ethernet devices and configure or diagnose these.

If connection establishment is at first no longer possible because of a defective remote configuration, after a while switch the corresponding devices automatically into a special emergency mode. In this mode, the devices establish the connection again automatically so that they can continue to access the removed devices.

#### 8.3 Firmware update

With the configuration software you can up-date all reachable Ethernet extenders at once with a firmware update.

#### 8.4 Informing Ethernet device about aborted SHDSL (transparent link)

With a point-to-point connection, you can switch on the function "transparent link" via the configuration software.

Link settings	
Link mode:	
Transparent link	
Local (default)	
Transparent link	

Figure 6 Transparent link in PSI-CONF

This function ensures that during an interruption of the SHDSL connection, the Ethernet connection on the network side is also aborted. This process takes around 600 ms.

If however the Ethernet connection aborts on the network side instead of on the SHDSL path, then this information is not transmitted via the SHDSL path to the other network. This behavior is advantageous if the devices are used within redundant structures.





Without this function the Ethernet connection remains unchanged on the network side when the SHDSL connection is interrupted.

### 8.5 Preferred forwarding of high-priority data

When forwarding Ethernet telegrams, it is ensured that highpriority data (e.g. process data) will not be affected by a bandwidth bottleneck for as long as possible. This means that telegrams are forwarded according to the strict priority method in a PROFINET-compliant manner.

### 8.6 Increasing noise immunity

Noise immunity can be increased when you reduce the data rate.

There are two options in the configuration software.

- Switch the data rate detection to "manual" and reduce the data rate.
- Leave the data rate detection set to "automatic" and change the noise immunity with the slider.

Control with the slider is especially suitable for longer paths. With slip rings, manual setting is better.



Figure 8 Slider in PSI-CONF

### 8.7 Improved diagnostics

Both the local diagnostic data as well as the diagnostic data of the removed device are available to you.



Figure 9 Path status in PSI-CONF

In the case of an event message, possible reasons and solutions are displayed when you double-click the corresponding symbol in diagnostics.



Figure 10 Diagnostic function in PSI-CONF

## 9 Use in potentially explosive areas

The **category 3** device is designed for installation in the potentially explosive area of zone 2. It meets the requirements of EN 60079-0 and EN 60079-15.

### **Special conditions**

Observe the specified conditions for use in potentially explosive areas.



### WARNING: Explosion hazard

Install the device in suitable **housing with IP54 protection, minimum**, that meets the requirements of EN 60079-15.



#### WARNING: Explosion hazard

Disconnect the block **power supply before** you:

- -
- Snap it on or disconnect it. Connect or disconnect cables.



## WARNING: Explosion hazard

The **mini-USB configuration interface** may only be used if it has been ensured that there is no explosive atmosphere.



## WARNING: Explosion hazard

For reliable operation, the **RJ45 connector** needs to have a fully functioning locking clip. Repair any damaged plug connectors immediately.



### WARNING: Explosion hazard

Only devices which are designed for operation in zone 2 potentially explosive areas and are suitable for the conditions at the installation location may be connected to the signal circuits in zone 2.