General Description

The MAX1132 evaluation system (EV system) is a complete, single-channel data-acquisition system, consisting of the MAX1132 evaluation kit (EV kit), Maxim 68HC16MODULE-DIP microcontroller (μ C) module, and USBTO232. The MAX1132 is a high-speed, single-channel, 16-bit data acquisition system. Windows® 98/2000/XP-compatible software provides a handy user interface to exercise the MAX1132's features. Order the complete EV System (MAX1132EVC16) for comprehensive evaluation of the MAX1132 using a PC. Order the EV kit (MAX1132EVKIT) if the 68HC16MODULE-DIP module has already been purchased with a previous Maxim EV system, or for custom use in other μ C-based systems.

Complete Evaluation System

- Convenient Test Points Provided On-Board
- Data-Logging Software

Proven PCB Layout

- Fully Assembled and Tested
- EV Kit Software Supports Windows® 98/2000/XP with RS-232/COM Port

 EV Kit Software Supports Windows 2000/XP with USB Port

Ordering Information

Features

PART	TEMP RANGE	INTERFACE
MAX1132EVKIT	0°C to +70°C	User supplied
MAX1132EVC16	0°C to +70°C	Windows software

Note: The MAX1132 EV kit software is included with the MAX1132 EV kit, but is designed for use with the complete EV system. The EV system includes the Maxim 68HC16MODULE-DIP μ C module, a USBT0232+ USB-to-COM port adapter board, and the EV kit. If the Windows software will not be used, the MAX1132 EV kit board can be purchased by itself, without the μ C and adapter board.

СЗ 1 2.2µF 10V X7R ceramic capacitor C4 1 0.22µF X7R ceramic capacitor (1206) C5, C6, C8 3 0.1µF X7R ceramic capacitors (1206) C7 1 1µF X7R ceramic capacitor (1206) FB1. FB2 2 Ferrite beads 2 x 20 right-angle socket J1 1 SamTec SSW-120-02-S-D-RA JU1, JU5 2 3-pin headers JU2, JU3, JU4 2 2-pin headers R1 100kΩ ±1% 1206 resistor 1 TB1, TB2 2 0.200in screw terminal blocks TP1 1 9-pin header U1 1 MAX1132BCAP U2 1 74HC04 (14-pin SO) hex inverter _ 1 PCB: MAX1132EVKIT 1 3.5in software disk, MAX1132 EV kit MAX1132 EV kit data sheet (includes 68HC16MODULE-DIP 1 manual) 1 MAX1132 data sheet

MAX1132EVKIT Parts List

DESCRIPTION

10µF 10V B-size tantalum capacitors

MAX1132EVC16 System Component List

PART	QTY	DESCRIPTION
MAX1132EVKIT	1	MAX1132 EV kit
68HC16MODULE-DIP	1	68HC16 µC module
USBTO232+	1	USB-to-COM port adapter board

List of Files in MAX1132 EV Kit

FILE	DESCRIPTION
INSTALL.EXE	Installs the EV kit files on computer
MAX1132.EXE	Application program
KIT1132.C16	Software loaded into 68HC16 µC

Windows is a registered trademark of Microsoft Corp.

REFERENCE QTY

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C1. C2

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For pricing, delivery, and ordering information, please contact Maxim/Dallas Direct! at 1-888-629-4642, or visit Maxim's website at www.maxim-ic.com.

_MAX1132 Stand-Alone EV Kit

The MAX1132EVKIT provides a proven PCB layout to facilitate evaluation of the MAX1132. It must be interfaced to appropriate timing signals for proper operation. Connect +5V to AV_{DD} and connect ground return to AGND (Figure 1). Refer to the MAX1132 data sheet for timing requirements.

MAX1132 EV System

The MAX1132EVC16 EV system operates from a usersupplied +7VDC to +20VDC power supply. Windows 98/2000/XP-compatible software running PC interfaces to the EV system board through the computer's serial communications port (virtual COM port). See the *Quick Start* section for setup and operating instructions.

Quick Start

Recommended Equipment—USB Port PC Connection Option

Before you begin, the following equipment is needed:

- MAX1132EVC16 (contains MAX1132 EV kit board, 68HC16MODULE-DIP, and USBTO232)
- Small DC power supply, such as a 12VDC, 0.25A plug-in transformer, or a +9V battery
- PC-compatible computer running Windows 2000/XP with an available USB port to connect to the USBTO232 board
- USB cable included with the USBTO232

Procedure

Caution: Do not turn on the power until all the connections are completed.

- Visit the Maxim website (www.maxim-ic.com) to download the latest version of the USBTO232 User Guide. Follow the steps in the USBTO232 User Guide *Quick Start* section and return to step 2 of this *Quick Start* section when finished.
- 2) Carefully connect the boards by aligning the 40-pin connector of the MAX1132 EV kit with the 40-pin connector of the 68HC16MODULE-DIP module. Gently press them together. The two boards should be flush against one another.
- 3) Check the jumper settings (Table 1).
- 4) Connect a +7VDC to +20VDC power source to the μ C module at the terminal block located next to the ON/OFF switch, along the top edge of the μ C module. Observe the polarity marked on the board.
- 5) Connect the USBTO232 board to the 68HC16MOD-ULE-DIP module if you have not done so already.

- 6) The MAX1132 EV kit software should have already been downloaded and installed in the USBTO232 *Quick Start.*
- 7) Start the MAX1132 program by opening its icon in the **Start I Programs** menu.
- Turn on the power supply and slide SW1 to the ON position on the 68HC16MODULE-DIP module. Press the **OK** button to automatically connect and download the KIT1132.C16 file to the module.
- 9) Apply the input signal across the pins of JU2. Observe the readout on the screen.

Recommended Equipment—RS-232/COM Port PC Connection Option

Before you begin, the following equipment is needed:

- MAX1132EVC16 (contains MAX1132EVKIT board and 68HC16MODULE-DIP)
- Small DC power supply, such as a 12VDC, 0.25A plug-in transformer, or a +9V battery
- PC-compatible computer running Windows 98/2000/XP with an available serial communications port, preferably a 9-pin plug
- Serial cable to connect the computer's serial port to the 68HC16MODULE-DIP

Procedure

Caution: Do not turn on the power until all the connections are completed.

- Visit the Maxim website (www.maxim-ic.com/evkitsoftware) to download the latest version of the EV kit software. Save the EV kit software to a temporary folder and uncompress the file (if it is a .zip file).
- 2) Install the MAX1132 EV kit software on your computer by running the INSTALL.EXE program. The program files are copied and icons are created for them in the Windows <u>Start I Programs</u> menu.
- Carefully connect the boards by aligning the 40-pin connector of the MAX1132 EV kit with the 40-pin connector of the 68HC16MODULE-DIP module. Gently press them together. The two boards should be flush against one another.
- 4) Check the jumper settings (Table 1).
- 5) Connect a +7VDC to +20VDC power source to the 68HC16MODULE-DIP module at the terminal block J2 located next to the ON/OFF switch. Observe the polarity marked on the board.
- Connect a cable from the computer's serial port to the 68HC16MODULE-DIP module. If using a 9-pin serial port, use a straight-through, 9-pin female-to-



male cable. If the only available serial port uses a 25-pin connector, a standard 25-pin to 9-pin adapter is required. The EV kit software checks the modem status lines (CTS, DSR, DCD) to confirm that the correct port has been selected.

- Start the MAX1132 program by opening its icon in the <u>Start I Programs</u> menu.
- Turn on the power supply and slide SW1 to the ON position on the 68HC16MODULE-DIP module. Press the **OK** button to automatically connect and download the KIT1132.C16 file to the module.
- Apply the input signal across the pins of JU2. Observe the readout on the screen.

Detailed Description ______of Software

The evaluation software main window controls the active control word bits, serial clock speed, and sample rate. It displays the voltage and output code, as well as some statistics of the input signal. A separate graph window shows the data changing in real time. The update rate is limited to about 10 samples per second, due to COM port bandwidth limitations.

Controls

The control word is divided into several fields. To change the active control word, drop down the appropriate field's combo box and select the desired option. If the QSPI clock is set to STOP, the configuration data is not sent until the READ button is clicked.

Statistics

The minimum and maximum fields show the lowest and highest readings acquired. The average and RMS fields show the running mean and root-mean-square of the input signal. The Clear button resets the statistics. To remove offset errors, first apply zero volts to the active input channel, clear statistics, acquire some samples, and then check Tare. This offset is now subtracted from all subsequent voltage measurements.

Sampling

To sample data at rates up to 125ksps, select the Sample menu item, make your selections, and click the Begin Sampling button. Sample size is restricted to a power of two to permit FFT processing once the data is saved to a file. After the samples have been collected, the data is automatically uploaded to the host and is

JUMPER	POSITION	FUNCTION
—	1-2	Operate
JU1	Open	SHDN is controlled by 68HC16 module
—	2-3	Shutdown
JU2	Closed	Measure short circuit (zero volts)
—	Open	Apply input signal at JU2
JU3	Closed	Illegal
—	Open*	Enable internal reference, or apply an external reference
JU4	Closed	Disable internal reference
—	Open*	Enable internal reference
—	1	User-programmable output pin P2
JU5	2	User-programmable output pin P1
_	3	User-programmable output pin P0

Table 1. Jumper Functions

*Default configuration.

graphed. Once displayed, the data can optionally be saved to a file.

Saving Graphs to Disk

Data in the real-time graph and in sampled data graphs may be saved to a file. Only the raw output codes are saved, but voltages may be inferred based on the reference voltage and the maximum code value.

Evaluating Shutdown

The evaluation software configures the 68HC16's QSPI submodule to continuously read data from the MAX1132 into the 68HC16. The sample rate is controlled by the QSPI clock. To evaluate power-saving modes, these automatic updates must be stopped. First, set the QSPI clock control to STOP. This reconfigures the 68HC16's QSPI submodule to stop driving the serial clock. Second, in the evaluation software's main window, uncheck the Read Every checkbox. Next, choose the desired software power-down control word, and click the Read button to send the new configuration to the MAX1132. If evaluating the hardware shutdown, move JU2 to the 2-3 position.

Reference Voltage

The evaluation software assumes a +4.096V reference voltage and a +12V full-scale voltage, unless otherwise specified. Refer to the MAX1132 data sheet for more information. To override these values, type the new values.

ues into the appropriate edit box and click the Set $\mathsf{V}_{\mathsf{REF}}$ button.

Detailed Description of Hardware

The MAX1132 (U1) is a high-speed, single-channel, 16bit data-acquisition system. There is no antialiasing filter provided. The input signal may be applied directly to JU2. High-impedance signal sources may require an input buffer, which may be installed in the prototype area. C4 bypasses the bandgap reference, and C3 bypasses the A/D converter's voltage reference. When plugged into the 68HC16MODULE, the AV_{DD} and DV_{DD} circuits are both powered by +5V. (Figure 1). Refer to the MAX1132 data sheet.

Evaluating the MAX1133

To change the evaluation software's full-scale voltage for use with the MAX1133, type 4.096 into the full-scale edit box and click the Set V_{REF} button.

Troubleshooting

Problem: No output measurement. System seems to report zero voltage, or fails to make a measurement.

Check VDD and VLOGIC supply voltages. Check the +4.096V reference voltage using a digital voltmeter.

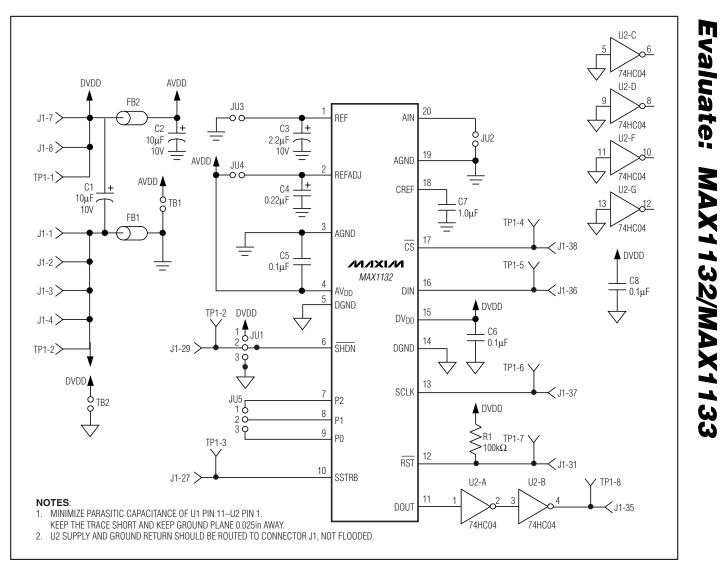


Figure 1. MAX1132 EV Kit Schematic Diagram

Use an oscilloscope to verify that the conversion-start signal is being strobed. Verify that SHDN is being driven high.

Problem: Unacceptable errors when measuring a transducer.

Although most signal sources can be connected directly to the MAX1132's analog input, some high-impedance signal sources may require an input buffer. Check for settling errors by increasing the acquisition time: operate the evaluation kit in external clock mode, 32 clocks per conversion, with the QSPI clock at its slowest setting.

Problem: Measurements are erratic, unstable; poor accuracy.

Check the reference voltage and input using a digital voltmeter. Use an oscilloscope to check for noise. When probing for noise, keep the oscilloscope ground

Init: LDAA #\$08 ; CS high, clock low by default STAA QPDR LDAA #\$0F STAA QPAR ; pins that are assigned to the QSPI LDAA #\$0E STAA QDDR ; QSM pins that are outputs LDAA #\$80 ; CRCONT STAA CRO ; send eight-bit control word, and continue... STAA CR2 STAA CR4 STAA CRE LDAA #\$40 ; (CRBITSE) STAA CR1 ; receive sixteen-bit data field STAA CR3 STAA CR5 ... STAA CRF CLRD ; send zero when receiving data STD TR1 STD TR3 STD TR5 STD TRF LDAB #%10001111 ; channel 0, unipolar, single-ended, pd=11 ; channel 0 command ; channel 1 bit mask std TRO ldab #\$40 ord TRO ; channel 1 command ; channel 2 bit mask std TR2 ldab #\$10 ord TRO std TR4 ; channel 2 command ldab #\$70 ; channel 7 bit mask ord TR0 std TRE ; channel 7 command CLR SPCR3 ; disable QSPI halt mode interrupt LDD #\$8008 ; BITS=16, SPBR=8 (1.049 MHz), CPOL=0, CPHA=0 STD SPCR0 ; DSCK, DTL not used LDD #\$0204 STD SPCR1 ; newqp=0, endqp=15, wrap to zero ; run QSPI continuously on all channels LDD #\$4F00 STD SPCR2 BSETW SPCR1,#\$8000 ; start the QSPI BCLR SPSR,#\$80 ; clear SPIF bit ReadLoop: LDD RR1 Process_Channel_0 jsr LDD RR3 jsr Process_Channel_1 LDD RR5 jsr Process_Channel_2 LDD RRF jsr Process_Channel_7 jmp ReadLoop

Listing 1. Reading All Channels with QSPI

Init: LDAA #\$08 ; CS high, clock low by default STAA OPDR LDAA #\$0F STAA QPAR ; pins that are assigned to the QSPI LDAA #\$0E STAA QDDR ; QSM pins that are outputs LDAA #\$80 ; CRCONT STAA CRO ; send eight-bit control word, and continue... ; (CRBITSE) LDAA #\$40 STAA CR1 ; receive sixteen-bit data field CLRD ; send zero when receiving data STD TR1 LDAB #%10001111 ; channel 0, unipolar, single-ended, pd=11 ; channel 0 command ; disable QSPI halt mode interrupt 8 ; BITS=16, SPBR=8 (1.049 MHz), CPOL=0, CPHA=0 std TRO CLR SPCR3 LDD #\$8008 STD SPCR0 LDD #\$0204 ; DSCK, DTL not used STD SPCR1 ; newqp=0, endqp=1, no wrap LDD #\$0100 STD SPCR2 ReadLoop: BSETW SPCR1, #\$8000 ; start the QSPI BCLR SPSR,#\$80 ; clear SPIF bit Idle: BRCLR SPSR, #\$80, Idle ; wait util SPIF bit is set LDD RR1 ROLD ROLD ROLD jsr Process_Channel_0 jmp ReadLoop

Listing 2. Reading a Single Channel with QSPI

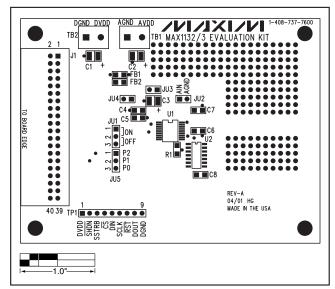


Figure 2. MAX1132 EV Kit Component Placement Guide — Component Side

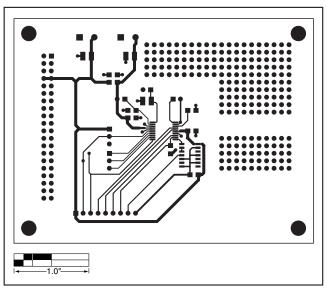


Figure 3. MAX1132 EV Kit PCB Layout—Component Side

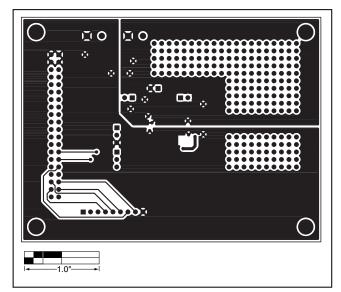


Figure 4. MAX1132 EV Kit PCB Layout—Solder Side

Revision History

Pages changed at Rev 1: 1, 2, 3, 7, 8

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